

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 41.466, 354.823)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(59, 41.466, 354.823)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(59, 41.646, 354.487)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(59, 41.646, 354.487)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CE7096
RGB	206, 112, 150
RGB Percent	81%, 44%, 59%
CMY	0.1909, 0.5597, 0.4107
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.27, 0.19
HSL	336°, 49%, 62%
HSV	336°, 46%, 81%
XYZ	36.8927, 27.0277, 32.2457
YIQ	144.4380, 43.8260, 31.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

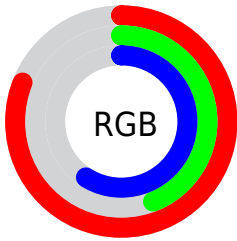
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	206, 112, 150
Decimal	13529238
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.00, 41.45, -4.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 41.646, 354.487
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3836, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291719318 (0xFFCE7096)
YUV	144.4380, 2.7421, 53.9899
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 35.6905, -0.3828

# Details

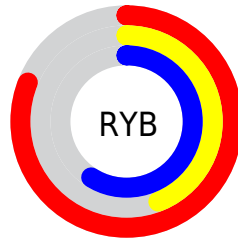
The CIELCh color  $59, 41.646, 354.487$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC6699`. A complement of this color would be  $76, 38.200, 164.335$ , and the grayscale version is  $60, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $78, 38.324, 351.482$ , and  $39, 41.721, 354.489$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $55, 50.234, 356.311$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $64, 32.523, 352.981$ .

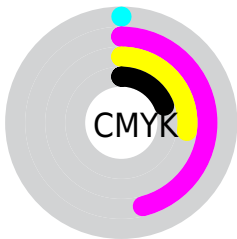
# Distribution



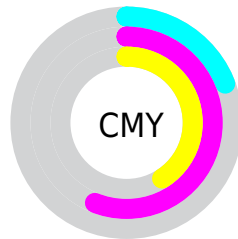
- Red (81%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 41.646, 354.487 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 41.646, 354.487 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 59, 41.646,  
354.487

 59, 41.646,  
354.487

 100, 41.646,  
354.487


 49, 41.646,  
354.487


 79, 41.646,  
354.487

 39, 41.646,  
354.487

 89, 41.646,  
354.487

 29, 41.646,  
354.487

 99, 41.646,  
354.487

 19, 41.646,  
354.487

 9, 41.646, 354.487

 0, 41.646, 354.487

59, 41.646,  
354.487

59, 41.646,  
354.487

55, 50.234,  
356.311

64, 32.523,  
352.981

51, 57.860,  
358.565

69, 23.218,  
351.703

48, 64.067, 1.409

74, 13.968,  
350.590

46, 68.536, 5.018

80, 4.925, 349.565

44, 71.287, 9.537


85, 3.830, 168.913

44, 72.293, 11.700

91, 12.258,  
168.056

96, 19.405,  
168.672

97, 16.746,  
187.109

 97, 16.155,  
198.432

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 41.646, 354.487



76, 38.200, 164.335

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 41.646, 354.487



59, 41.646, 44.487



59, 41.646, 174.487



59, 41.646, 224.487

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 41.643, 354.489



91, 14.883, 350.444



56, 56.257, 313.989



47, 10.307, 350.673



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 41.643, 354.489



67, 59.033, 356.331



60, 37.832, 30.016



40, 4.995, 349.957



35, 61.344, 10.806



4, 19.118, 359.297



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 41.643, 354.489



67, 59.033, 356.331



75, 26.816, 206.666



40, 4.995, 349.957



35, 61.344, 10.806



4, 19.118, 359.297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 41.646, 354.487 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

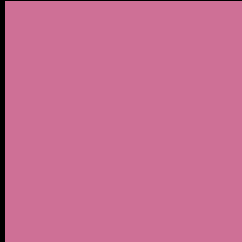
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 41.646, 354.487 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

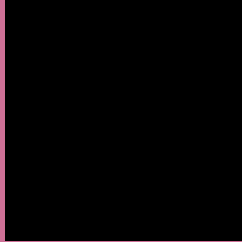
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 59, 41.646, 354.487**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 41.646, 354.487.

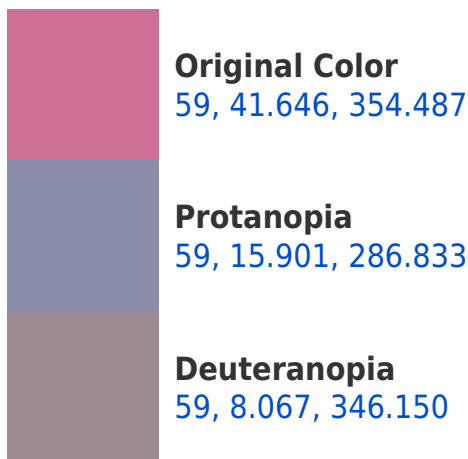


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 41.646, 354.487.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
59, 36.509, 16.884

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
59, 41.646, 354.487



**Protanomaly**  
59, 21.157, 325.459



**Deuteranomaly**  
59, 20.642, 350.565



**Tritanomaly**  
59, 37.817, 8.078

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
59, 41.646, 354.487



**Achromatopsia**  
60, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
59, 15.532, 350.594

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 41.646, 354.487 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 112, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 112, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 112, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 112, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 41.646, 354.487 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 112, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 112, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 112, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 112, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 112, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 112,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 41.646, 354.487 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 112, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
112, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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