

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 45.061, 142.624)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 45.061, 142.624)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 45.061, 142.624)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(59, 45.061, 142.624)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	589D5C
RGB	88, 157, 92
RGB Percent	35%, 62%, 36%
CMY	0.6543, 0.3837, 0.6386
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.41, 0.38
HSL	123°, 28%, 48%
HSV	123°, 44%, 62%
XYZ	18.0632, 27.0277, 14.4249
YIQ	128.9590, -20.2590, -34.8430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

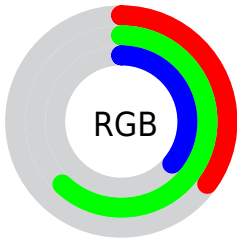
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 153, 157
Decimal	5807452
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -35.81, 27.35
CIE _{LCh}	59, 45.061, 142.624
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3035, 0.4541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283997532 (0xFF589D5C)
YUV	128.9590, -18.2208, -35.9210
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -28.9601, 19.9408

Details

The CIELCh color $59, 45.061, 142.624$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $48, 44.928, 328.426$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 45.106, 142.770$, and $39, 44.887, 142.821$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 54.497, 141.521$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 35.077, 143.606$.

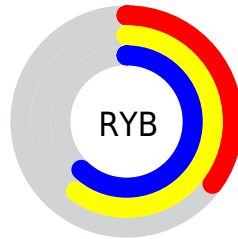
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (62%)

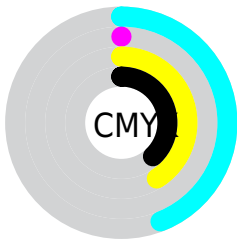
Blue (36%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (62%)

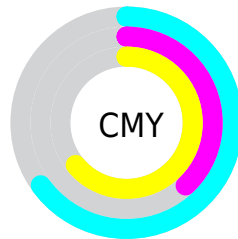


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 45.061, 142.624 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 45.061, 142.624 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 45.061,
142.624


 59, 45.061,
142.624


 100, 45.061,
142.624

 49, 45.061,
142.624


 79, 45.061,
142.624

 39, 45.061,
142.624

 89, 45.061,
142.624

 29, 45.061,
142.624

 99, 45.061,
142.624

 19, 45.061,
142.624

 9, 45.061, 142.624

 0, 45.061, 142.624

■ 59, 45.061,
142.624

■ 59, 45.061,
142.624

■ 58, 54.497,
141.521

■ 60, 35.077,
143.606

■ 57, 63.097,
140.322

■ 61, 24.783,
144.461

■ 57, 70.538,
139.087

■ 63, 14.377,
145.201

■ 57, 76.477,
137.917

■ 64, 4.007, 145.869

■ 56, 80.613,
136.942

■ 66, 6.214, 326.310

■ 56, 82.290,
136.583

■ 68, 16.211,
326.789

■ 70, 25.935,
327.184

■ 72, 35.358,
327.521

■ 74, 44.467,
327.812

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 45.061, 142.624



48, 44.928, 328.426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 45.061, 142.624



59, 45.061, 192.624



59, 45.061, 322.624



59, 45.061, 12.624

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 45.062, 142.624



80, 16.616, 145.246



63, 37.455, 108.364



41, 11.612, 145.103



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 45.062, 142.624



74, 66.251, 141.508



60, 30.794, 162.008



33, 5.858, 145.513



51, 76.591, 136.651



3, 7.651, 145.948

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 44.928, 328.426



57, 65.711, 328.933



46, 32.876, 351.102



31, 5.868, 326.516



33, 71.785, 330.622



1, 7.567, 326.405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 45.061, 142.624 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 45.061, 142.624 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 45.061, 142.624

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 45.061, 142.624.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 45.061, 142.624.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 45.061, 142.624

Protanopia
59, 31.199, 95.858

Deuteranopia
59, 26.499, 72.967



Tritanopia
59, 17.043, 221.815

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 45.061, 142.624

Protanomaly
58, 33.430, 119.058

Deuteranomaly
58, 26.811, 109.804

Tritanomaly
59, 22.080, 173.036

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 45.061, 142.624

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 16.588, 145.560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 45.061, 142.624 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 157, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 157, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 157, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 157, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 45.061, 142.624 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 157, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 157, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 157, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 157, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 157, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 157,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 45.061, 142.624 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 157, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 157,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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