

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 46.166, 290.163)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 46.166, 290.163)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 45.873, 290.063)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(59, 45.873, 290.063)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B89DA
RGB	123, 137, 218
RGB Percent	48%, 54%, 85%
CMY	0.5190, 0.4640, 0.1465
CMYK	0.44, 0.37, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	231°, 56%, 67%
HSV	231°, 44%, 85%
XYZ	29.6262, 27.0277, 69.7395
YIQ	142.0480, -34.3450, 22.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

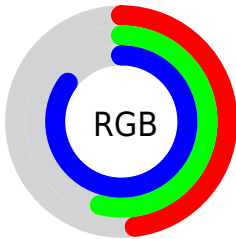
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 135, 218
Decimal	8096218
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, 15.74, -43.09
CIE _{LCh}	59, 45.873, 290.063
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2344, 0.2138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286286298 (0xFF7B89DA)
YUV	142.0480, 37.4443, -16.7051
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 10.7414, -43.1427

Details

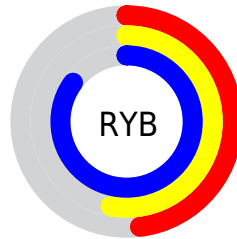
The CIELCh color **59, 45.873, 290.063** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **81, 42.464, 98.465**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 34.875, 287.626**, and **39, 46.438, 290.292** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 57.450, 292.316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 34.722, 288.109**.

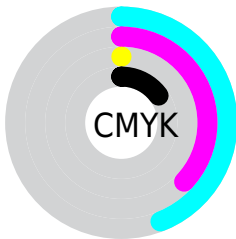
Distribution



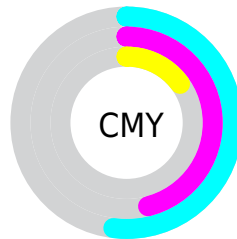
- Red (48%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 45.873, 290.063 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 45.873, 290.063 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 45.873,
290.063

■ 59, 45.873,
290.063

■ 100, 45.873,
290.063

■ 49, 45.873,
290.063

■ 79, 45.873,
290.063

■ 39, 45.873,
290.063

■ 89, 45.873,
290.063

■ 29, 45.873,
290.063

■ 99, 45.873,
290.063

■ 19, 45.873,
290.063

■ 9, 45.873, 290.063

■ 0, 45.873, 290.063

■ 59, 45.873,
290.063

■ 59, 45.873,
290.063

■ 53, 57.450,
292.316

■ 65, 34.722,
288.109

■ 47, 69.432,
294.852

■ 72, 23.979,
286.435

■ 41, 81.650,
297.591

■ 78, 13.610,
285.008

■ 36, 93.634,
300.354

■ 85, 3.583, 283.814

■ 91, 6.126, 102.707

■ 32, 104.424,
302.871

■ 97, 15.538,
101.819

■ 30, 110.081,
304.162

■ 99, 18.887,
108.749

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 45.873, 290.063



81, 42.464, 98.465

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 45.873, 290.063



59, 45.873, 340.063



59, 45.873, 110.063



59, 45.873, 160.063

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 45.872, 290.063



91, 14.733, 284.939



81, 31.592, 183.223



47, 10.347, 285.234



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 45.872, 290.063



62, 63.187, 292.035



58, 54.979, 306.568



43, 5.660, 284.475



23, 91.897, 303.843



3, 26.591, 291.525

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 39.338, 12.879



67, 53.974, 14.796



83, 50.406, 121.335



43, 4.719, 8.101



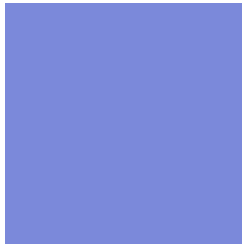
36, 71.869, 32.848



5, 23.721, 13.888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 45.873, 290.063 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

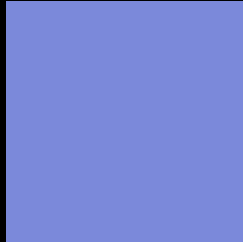
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 45.873, 290.063 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

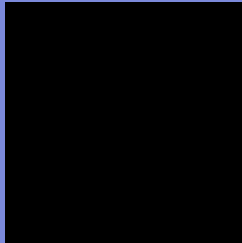
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 45.873, 290.063

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 45.873, 290.063.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 45.873, 290.063.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 45.873, 290.063

Protanopia

59, 46.105, 285.713

Deuteranopia

59, 43.646, 281.607



Tritanopia
59, 15.515, 222.074

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 45.873, 290.063

Protanomaly
59, 46.007, 287.354

Deuteranomaly
59, 44.503, 284.766

Tritanomaly
59, 22.475, 264.841

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 45.873, 290.063

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 17.073, 286.169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 45.873, 290.063 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 137, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 137, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 137, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 137, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 45.873, 290.063 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 137, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 137, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 137, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 137, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 137, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 137,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 45.873, 290.063 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 137, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
137, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor