

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 48.795, 4.891)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(59, 48.795, 4.891) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(59, 48.777, 4.455)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC6889
RGB	220, 104, 137
RGB Percent	86%, 41%, 54%
CMY	0.1361, 0.5911, 0.4618
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.38, 0.14
HSL	343°, 63%, 64%
HSV	343°, 53%, 86%
XYZ	39.1135, 27.0277, 26.9169
YIQ	142.4460, 58.5430, 34.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

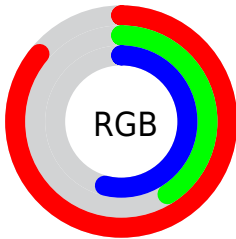
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	220, 104, 137
Decimal	14444681
CIE Lab	59.00, 48.63, 3.79
CIE LCh	59, 48.777, 4.455
Yxy	27.0277, 0.4203, 0.2904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292634761 (0xFFDC6889)
YUV	142.4460, -2.6849, 68.0149
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 43.3155, 5.6944

# Details

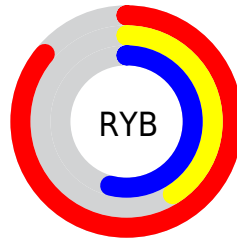
The CIELCh color  $59, 48.777, 4.455$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC6699`. A complement of this color would be  $81, 41.233, 171.305$ , and the grayscale version is  $59, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $76, 40.074, 358.434$ , and  $39, 48.690, 4.567$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $55, 57.475, 6.990$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $64, 39.460, 2.436$ .

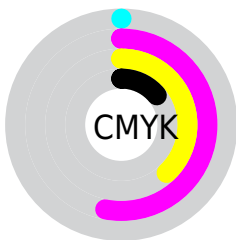
# Distribution



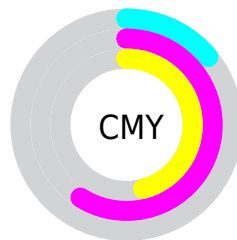
- Red (86%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 48.777, 4.455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 48.777, 4.455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 59, 48.777, 4.455       59, 48.777, 4.455

 100, 48.777, 4.455       49, 48.777, 4.455

 79, 48.777, 4.455       39, 48.777, 4.455

 89, 48.777, 4.455       29, 48.777, 4.455

 99, 48.777, 4.455       19, 48.777, 4.455

 9, 48.777, 4.455

 0, 48.777, 4.455

 59, 48.777, 4.455       59, 48.777, 4.455

 55, 57.475, 6.990       64, 39.460, 2.436

 51, 65.138, 10.200       69, 29.918, 0.792

49, 71.443, 14.252

75, 20.436,  
359.423

47, 76.363, 19.226

80, 11.199,  
358.250

46, 79.474, 23.241

86, 2.311, 357.079

92, 6.183, 176.518

97, 12.521,  
181.088

98, 11.708,  
198.724

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 48.777, 4.455



81, 41.233, 171.305

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 48.777, 4.455



59, 48.777, 54.455



59, 48.777, 184.455



59, 48.777, 234.455

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 48.774, 4.457



89, 16.041, 358.640



58, 69.290, 317.906



46, 10.874, 358.881



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 48.774, 4.457



63, 64.968, 7.233



63, 43.761, 40.012



43, 4.966, 357.897



36, 66.074, 22.224



5, 23.861, 7.750





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 48.774, 4.457



63, 64.968, 7.233



75, 29.214, 223.304



43, 4.966, 357.897



36, 66.074, 22.224



5, 23.861, 7.750



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 48.777, 4.455 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

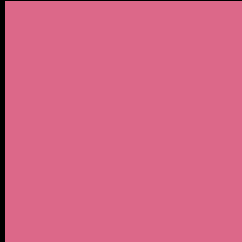
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 48.777, 4.455 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

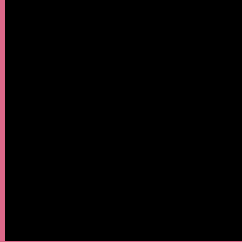
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 59, 48.777, 4.455

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 48.777, 4.455.

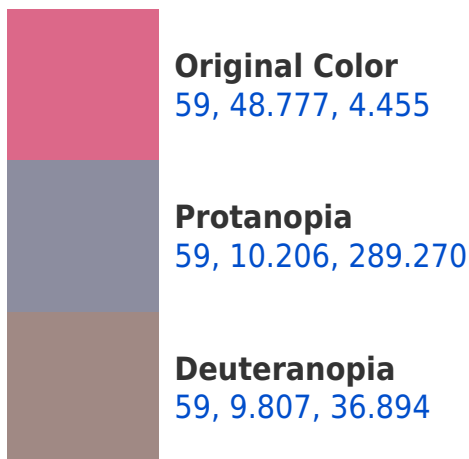


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 48.777, 4.455.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

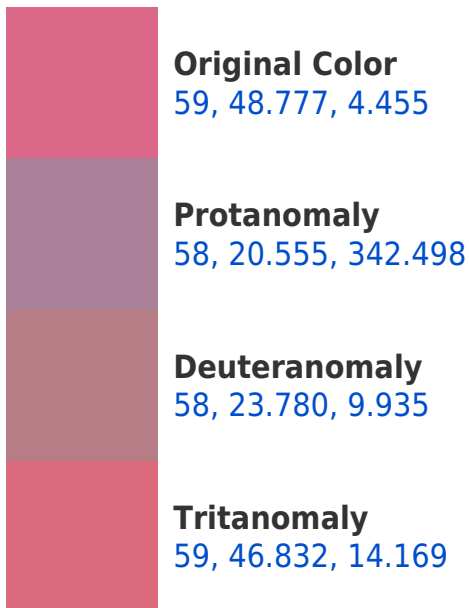




**Tritanopia**  
59, 46.965, 20.069



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 48.777, 4.455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 104, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 104, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 104, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 104, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 48.777, 4.455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 104, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 104, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 104, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 104, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 104, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 104,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 48.777, 4.455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 104, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
104, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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