

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 5.074, 39.107)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 5.074, 39.107) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 4.912, 33.052)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	978B89
RGB	151, 139, 137
RGB Percent	59%, 55%, 54%
CMY	0.4061, 0.4532, 0.4611
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.09, 0.41
HSL	9°, 6%, 57%
HSV	9°, 9%, 59%
XYZ	26.6831, 27.0277, 27.6372
YIQ	142.3600, 7.7940, 1.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

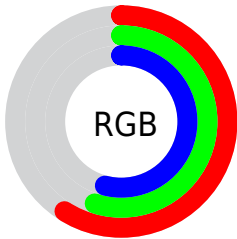
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 139, 137
Decimal	9931657
CIE Lab	59.00, 4.12, 2.68
CIE LCh	59, 4.912, 33.052
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3280, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288121737 (0xFF978B89)
YUV	142.3600, -2.6425, 4.8773
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 0.6363, 4.8729

Details

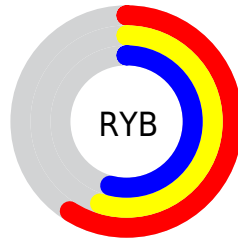
The CIELCh color $59, 4.912, 33.052$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61, 4.635, 213.206$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 4.973, 32.022$, and $39, 4.935, 34.253$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 10.644, 33.302$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 0.383, 214.273$.

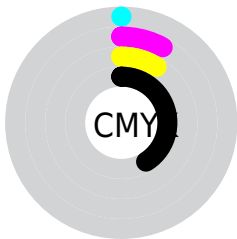
Distribution



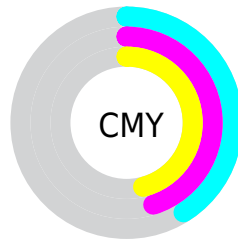
- Red (59%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 4.912, 33.052 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 4.912, 33.052 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 59, 4.912, 33.052  59, 4.912, 33.052


 100, 4.912, 33.052  49, 4.912, 33.052

 79, 4.912, 33.052  39, 4.912, 33.052

 89, 4.912, 33.052  29, 4.912, 33.052

 99, 4.912, 33.052  19, 4.912, 33.052

 9, 4.912, 33.052

 0, 4.912, 33.052

 59, 4.912, 33.052  59, 4.912, 33.052

 55, 10.644, 33.302  63, 0.383, 214.273

 51, 16.849, 33.647  67, 5.279, 213.204

48, 23.540, 34.177

71, 9.817, 213.249

44, 30.708, 34.945

75, 14.039,
213.367

41, 38.296, 35.998

79, 17.983,
213.525

38, 46.176, 37.356

36, 54.090, 38.959

83, 21.683,
213.710

34, 61.491, 40.541

87, 25.168,
213.913

32, 67.687, 41.907

91, 28.303,
210.276

94, 31.540,
197.477

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 4.912, 33.052



61, 4.635, 213.206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 4.912, 33.052



59, 4.912, 83.052



59, 4.912, 213.052



59, 4.912, 263.052

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 4.911, 33.072



78, 1.919, 32.828



59, 8.796, 328.812



41, 1.471, 32.890



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 4.911, 33.072



74, 7.275, 33.114



61, 5.369, 87.196



30, 3.026, 33.072



30, 63.960, 41.855



1, 3.166, 32.834

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 4.635, 213.206



77, 6.777, 213.203



59, 5.350, 269.598



32, 2.856, 213.206



46, 28.002, 222.496



2, 3.132, 214.494

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 4.912, 33.052 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 4.912, 33.052 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

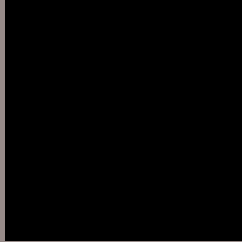
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

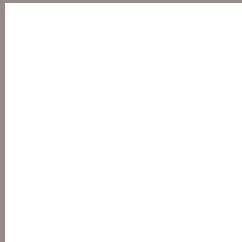
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 4.912, 33.052

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 4.912, 33.052.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 4.912, 33.052.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 4.912, 33.052

Protanopia

59, 1.927, 55.180

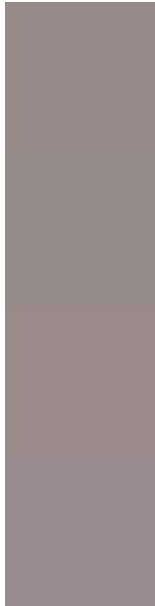
Deuteranopia

59, 8.024, 16.160



Tritanopia
59, 8.555, 333.573

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 4.912, 33.052

Protanomaly
59, 2.983, 41.761

Deuteranomaly
59, 6.791, 20.032

Tritanomaly
59, 6.136, 346.439

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 4.912, 33.052

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 1.660, 39.150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 4.912, 33.052 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 139, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 139, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 139, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 139, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 4.912, 33.052 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 139, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 139, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 139, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 139, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 139, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 139,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 4.912, 33.052 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 139, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
139, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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