

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 5.287, 351.911)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 5.287, 351.911) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 5.243, 354.342)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	978B8F
RGB	151, 139, 143
RGB Percent	59%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4549, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.05, 0.41
HSL	340°, 5%, 57%
HSV	340°, 8%, 59%
XYZ	26.9531, 27.0277, 29.7829
YIQ	143.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

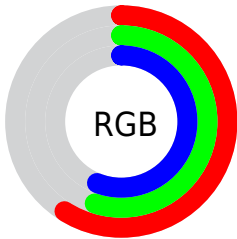
Format	Color
RYB	151, 139, 143
Decimal	9931663
CIELab	59.00, 5.22, -0.52
CIELCh	59, 5.243, 354.342
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3218, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288121743 (0xFF978B8F)
YUV	143.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 1.5631, 2.4258

Details

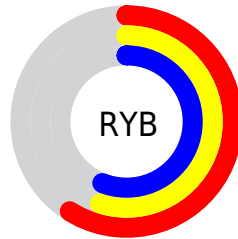
The CIELCh color $59, 5.243, 354.342$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61, 5.136, 173.068$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 5.514, 350.859$, and $39, 5.287, 352.613$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 12.049, 355.410$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 1.323, 173.814$.

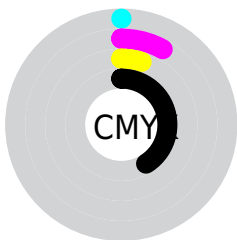
Distribution



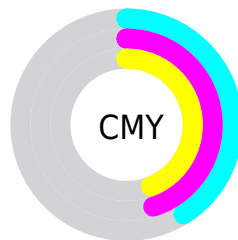
- Red (59%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 5.243, 354.342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 5.243, 354.342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 5.243, 354.342

■ 59, 5.243, 354.342

■ 100, 5.243,
354.342

■ 49, 5.243, 354.342

■ 79, 5.243, 354.342

■ 39, 5.243, 354.342

■ 89, 5.243, 354.342

■ 29, 5.243, 354.342

■ 99, 5.243, 354.342

■ 19, 5.243, 354.342

■ 9, 5.243, 354.342

■ 0, 5.243, 354.342

■ 59, 5.243, 354.342

■ 59, 5.243, 354.342

■ 55, 12.049,
355.410

■ 63, 1.323, 173.814

■ 68, 7.620, 172.780

51, 19.041,
356.596

72, 13.646,
172.039

47, 26.110,
357.980

77, 19.410,
171.379

43, 33.083,
359.636

81, 24.927,
170.779

40, 39.715, 1.661

86, 30.217,
170.230

37, 45.701, 4.186

90, 35.299,
169.723

34, 50.736, 7.368

33, 54.627, 11.367

93, 37.726,
171.516

32, 57.597, 16.124

93, 35.124,
178.823

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 5.243, 354.342



61, 5.136, 173.068

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 5.243, 354.342



59, 5.243, 44.342



59, 5.243, 174.342



59, 5.243, 224.342

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 5.241, 354.352



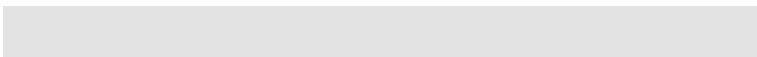
78, 1.619, 353.598



59, 7.501, 314.971



42, 0.928, 353.569



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 5.241, 354.352



74, 8.205, 354.586



59, 4.117, 35.547



30, 3.778, 354.486



29, 55.101, 16.683



1, 4.004, 354.071

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 5.241, 354.352



74, 8.205, 354.586



61, 3.921, 215.888



30, 3.778, 354.486



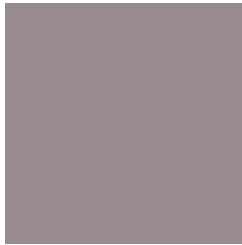
29, 55.101, 16.683



1, 4.004, 354.071

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 5.243, 354.342 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 5.243, 354.342 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

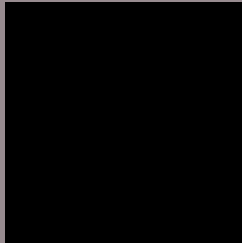
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 5.243, 354.342

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 5.243, 354.342.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 5.243, 354.342.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 5.243, 354.342

Protanopia

59, 2.078, 324.455

Deuteranopia

59, 7.287, 357.345



Tritanopia
59, 8.295, 331.567

Trichromacy



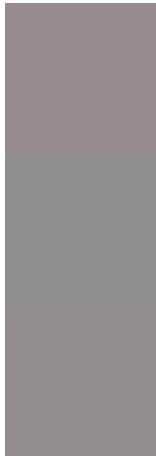
Original Color
59, 5.243, 354.342

Protanomaly
59, 3.568, 340.263

Deuteranomaly
59, 6.921, 356.011

Tritanomaly
59, 7.491, 337.302

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 5.243, 354.342

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 1.669, 359.527

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 5.243, 354.342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 139, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 139, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 139, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 139, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 5.243, 354.342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 139, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 139, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 139, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 139, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 139, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 139,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 5.243, 354.342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 139, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
139, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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