

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 58.382, 60.546)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 58.382, 60.546) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 58.195, 60.485)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CF7833
RGB	207, 120, 51
RGB Percent	81%, 47%, 20%
CMY	0.1872, 0.5285, 0.7992
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.75, 0.19
HSL	27°, 62%, 51%
HSV	27°, 75%, 81%
XYZ	33.1479, 27.0277, 6.6261
YIQ	138.1470, 74.0010, -3.0150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

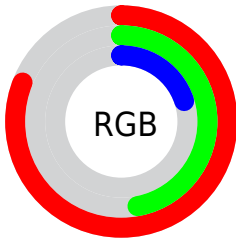
Format	Color
R_{YB}	207, 175, 51
Decimal	13596723
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, 28.67, 50.64
CIE _{LCh}	59, 58.195, 60.485
Yxy	27.0277, 0.4962, 0.4046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291786803 (0xFFCF7833)
YUV	138.1470, -42.9635, 60.3841
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 22.8328, 28.8350

Details

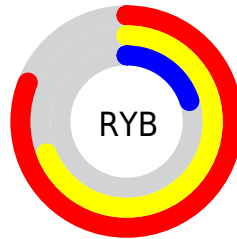
The CIELCh color **59, 58.195, 60.485** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **56, 42.976, 266.790**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 53.817, 64.585**, and **39, 56.886, 59.415** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 66.159, 59.003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 49.613, 61.683**.

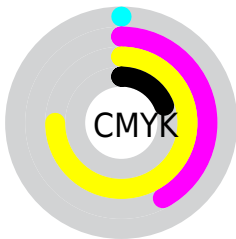
Distribution



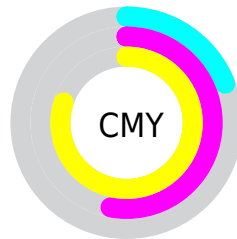
- Red (81%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 58.195, 60.485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 58.195, 60.485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 58.195, 60.485

■ 59, 58.195, 60.485

■ 100, 58.195,
60.485

■ 49, 58.195, 60.485

■ 79, 58.195, 60.485

■ 39, 58.195, 60.485

■ 89, 58.195, 60.485

■ 29, 58.195, 60.485

■ 99, 58.195, 60.485

■ 19, 58.195, 60.485

■ 9, 58.195, 60.485

■ 0, 58.195, 60.485

■ 59, 58.195, 60.485

■ 59, 58.195, 60.485

■ 56, 66.159, 59.003

■ 62, 49.613, 61.683

■ 54, 72.479, 56.864

■ 65, 41.016, 62.779

53, 75.036, 55.774

68, 32.688, 63.859

71, 24.748, 64.951

75, 17.229, 66.056

78, 10.124, 67.161

81, 3.404, 68.203

85, 2.965, 249.585

88, 9.020, 250.585

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 58.195, 60.485



56, 42.976, 266.790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 58.195, 60.485



59, 58.195, 110.485



59, 58.195, 240.485



59, 58.195, 290.485

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 58.194, 60.488



91, 18.433, 66.279



49, 67.901, 349.238



47, 12.893, 65.874



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 58.194, 60.488



67, 81.957, 57.874



78, 70.115, 99.976



42, 3.722, 67.795



43, 64.006, 56.370



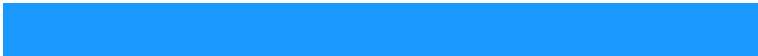
8, 15.827, 51.549

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 42.976, 266.790



62, 59.376, 273.929



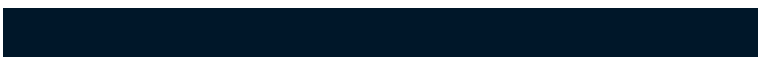
35, 88.259, 300.967



42, 3.609, 250.127



39, 46.754, 277.425



7, 14.975, 265.955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 58.195, 60.485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

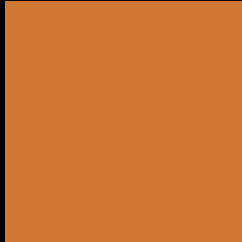
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 58.195, 60.485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 58.195, 60.485

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 58.195, 60.485.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 58.195, 60.485.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 58.195, 60.485

Protanopia

59, 46.359, 95.667

Deuteranopia

59, 51.876, 81.473



Tritanopia
59, 41.292, 18.421

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 58.195, 60.485

Protanomaly
59, 47.864, 80.707

Deuteranomaly
59, 53.150, 73.122

Tritanomaly
59, 44.283, 38.100

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 58.195, 60.485

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 20.188, 66.539

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 58.195, 60.485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 120, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 120, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 120, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 120, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 58.195, 60.485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 120, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 120, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 120, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 120, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 120, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 120,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 58.195, 60.485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 120, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
120, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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