

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 58.994, 106.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 58.994, 106.584)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 58.995, 106.592)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D941D
RGB	141, 148, 29
RGB Percent	55%, 58%, 11%
CMY	0.4461, 0.4187, 0.8851
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.80, 0.42
HSL	64°, 67%, 35%
HSV	64°, 80%, 58%
XYZ	21.8786, 27.0277, 5.2452
YIQ	132.3410, 34.0270, -38.4930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

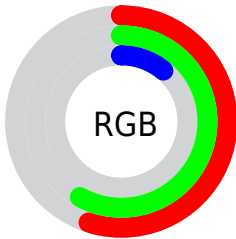
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 148, 36
Decimal	9278493
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -16.85, 56.54
CIE _{LCh}	59, 58.995, 106.592
Yxy	27.0277, 0.4040, 0.4991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287468573 (0xFF8D941D)
YUV	132.3410, -50.9471, 7.5939
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -15.8597, 30.4099

Details

The CIELCh color **59, 58.995, 106.592** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **22, 76.033, 304.157**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 58.991, 106.462**, and **39, 48.463, 109.298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 62.572, 106.412**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 53.886, 107.002**.

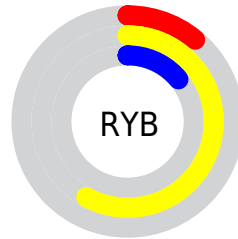
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (58%)

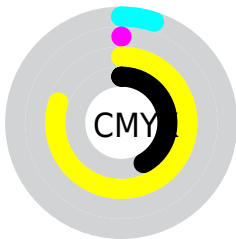
Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (14%)

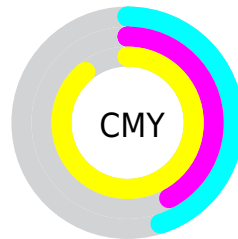


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (42%)


Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 58.995, 106.592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 58.995, 106.592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 58.995,
106.592


 59, 58.995,
106.592


 100, 58.995,
106.592

 49, 58.995,
106.592


 79, 58.995,
106.592

 39, 58.995,
106.592

 89, 58.995,
106.592

 29, 58.995,
106.592

 99, 58.995,
106.592

 19, 58.995,
106.592

 9, 58.995, 106.592

 0, 58.995, 106.592

■ 59, 58.995,
106.592

■ 59, 58.995,
106.592

■ 59, 62.572,
106.412

■ 59, 53.886,
107.002

■ 59, 64.836,
106.412

■ 59, 47.604,
107.585

■ 60, 40.509,
108.291

■ 60, 32.884,
109.078

■ 60, 24.928,
109.912

■ 61, 16.773,
110.766

■ 61, 8.508, 111.622

■ 61, 0.189, 112.293

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 58.995, 106.592



22, 76.033, 304.157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 58.995, 106.592



59, 58.995, 156.592



59, 58.995, 286.592



59, 58.995, 336.592

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 58.995, 106.594



77, 24.703, 110.401



33, 56.393, 35.018



40, 16.891, 110.125



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 58.995, 106.594



75, 78.231, 106.443



55, 65.728, 128.091



31, 4.687, 111.709



55, 61.444, 106.389



3, 4.118, 112.489

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 76.033, 304.157



24, 106.579, 306.149



28, 72.506, 313.894



29, 4.787, 293.322



15, 84.289, 306.534



0, 4.119, 292.490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 58.995, 106.592 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 58.995, 106.592 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

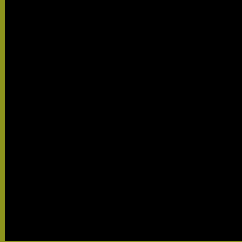
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 58.995, 106.592

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 58.995, 106.592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 58.995, 106.592.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 58.995, 106.592

Protanopia

59, 57.686, 95.064

Deuteranopia

59, 55.667, 82.508



Tritanopia
59, 8.046, 329.440

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 58.995, 106.592

Protanomaly
59, 57.888, 99.306

Deuteranomaly
59, 55.724, 91.550

Tritanomaly
59, 20.875, 101.858

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 58.995, 106.592

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 24.747, 110.220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 58.995, 106.592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 148, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 148, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 148, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 148, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 58.995, 106.592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 148, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 148, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 148, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 148, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 148, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 148,  
29) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 58.995, 106.592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 148, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
148, 29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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