

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 6.547, 91.944)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 6.547, 91.944) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 6.513, 91.426)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	938E83
RGB	147, 142, 131
RGB Percent	58%, 56%, 51%
CMY	0.4250, 0.4446, 0.4878
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.11, 0.43
HSL	41°, 7%, 54%
HSV	41°, 11%, 57%
XYZ	25.6504, 27.0277, 25.2034
YIQ	142.2410, 6.5110, -2.3610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

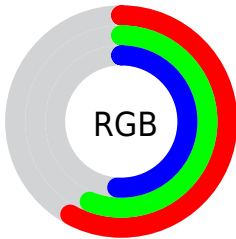
Format	Color
R _Y B	138, 147, 131
Decimal	9670275
CIE Lab	59.00, -0.16, 6.51
CIE LCh	59, 6.513, 91.426
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3294, 0.3470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287860355 (0xFF938E83)
YUV	142.2410, -5.5418, 4.1736
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -2.9093, 7.6486

Details

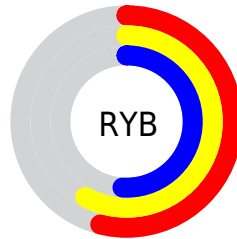
The CIELCh color $59, 6.513, 91.426$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 6.525, 274.180$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 6.639, 93.082$, and $39, 6.335, 93.080$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 12.606, 90.214$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 0.530, 92.325$.

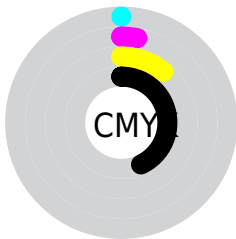
Distribution



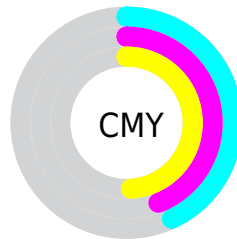
- Red (58%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 6.513, 91.426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 6.513, 91.426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 6.513, 91.426 ■ 59, 6.513, 91.426

■ 100, 6.513, 91.426 ■ 49, 6.513, 91.426

■ 79, 6.513, 91.426 ■ 39, 6.513, 91.426

■ 89, 6.513, 91.426 ■ 29, 6.513, 91.426

■ 99, 6.513, 91.426 ■ 19, 6.513, 91.426

■ 9, 6.513, 91.426

■ 0, 6.513, 91.426

■ 59, 6.513, 91.426 ■ 59, 6.513, 91.426

■ 57, 12.606, 90.214 ■ 61, 0.530, 92.325

■ 56, 18.794, 88.941 ■ 62, 5.343, 273.850

54, 25.048, 87.629

64, 11.110,
274.936

53, 31.304, 86.279

66, 16.775,
275.984

51, 37.440, 84.881

50, 43.237, 83.411

67, 22.346,
276.984

49, 48.326, 81.812

69, 27.830,
277.936

47, 52.178, 79.975

46, 54.782, 78.157

71, 33.232,
278.838

73, 38.559,
279.692

74, 39.943,
278.474

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 6.513, 91.426



56, 6.525, 274.180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 6.513, 91.426



59, 6.513, 141.426



59, 6.513, 271.426



59, 6.513, 321.426

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 6.514, 91.440



77, 2.203, 92.311



56, 7.001, 355.775



41, 1.686, 92.240



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 6.514, 91.440



75, 9.666, 91.156



60, 9.062, 116.612



31, 3.392, 91.641



44, 52.349, 78.319



2, 2.952, 92.767

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 6.525, 274.180



71, 9.678, 274.505



55, 9.275, 298.137



29, 3.399, 273.955



22, 62.338, 296.869



1, 2.952, 272.774

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 6.513, 91.426 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

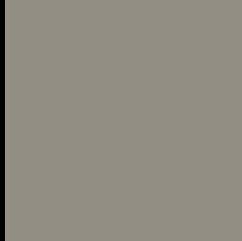
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 6.513, 91.426 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

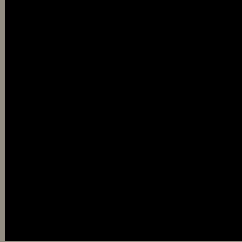
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

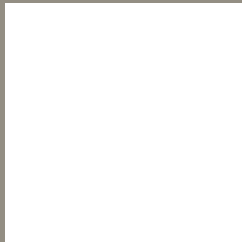
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 6.513, 91.426

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 6.513, 91.426.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 6.513, 91.426.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

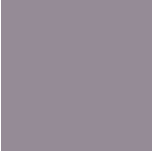
59, 6.513, 91.426

Protanopia

59, 6.131, 86.278

Deuteranopia

59, 9.807, 36.894



Tritanopia
59, 7.366, 322.293

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 6.513, 91.426

Protanomaly
59, 6.131, 86.278

Deuteranomaly
59, 7.929, 54.472

Tritanomaly
59, 3.577, 351.352

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 6.513, 91.426

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 2.380, 90.550

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 6.513, 91.426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 142, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 142, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 142, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 142, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 6.513, 91.426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 142, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 142, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 142, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 142, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 142, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 142,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 6.513, 91.426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 142, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
142, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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