

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 6.762, 230.747)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 6.762, 230.747) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 6.768, 229.209)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 819197 |
| RGB | 129, 145, 151 |
| RGB Percent | 51%, 57%, 59% |
| CMY | 0.4953, 0.4325, 0.4090 |
| CMYK | 0.15, 0.04, 0.00, 0.41 |
| HSL | 196°, 10%, 55% |
| HSV | 196°, 15%, 59% |
| XYZ | 24.6493, 27.0277, 33.0675 |
| YIQ | 140.9000, -11.4620, -1.5260 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

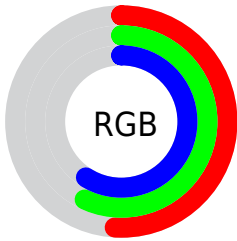
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 129, 138, 151 |
| Decimal | 8491415 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 59.00, -4.42, -5.12 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 59, 6.768, 229.209 |
| Yxy | 27.0277, 0.2909, 0.3189 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286681495 (0xFF819197) |
| YUV | 140.9000, 4.9793, -10.4363 |
| Hunter-Lab | 51.9882, -6.3466, -1.3201 |

Details

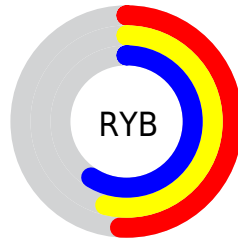
The CIELCh color **59, 6.768, 229.209** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **57, 7.356, 47.390**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 6.750, 227.477**, and **39, 6.578, 226.599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 11.113, 230.073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 2.179, 228.631**.

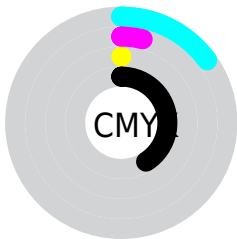
Distribution



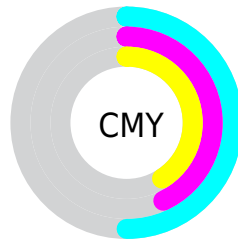
- Red (51%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 6.768, 229.209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 6.768, 229.209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 6.768, 229.209

■ 59, 6.768, 229.209

■ 100, 6.768,
229.209

■ 49, 6.768, 229.209

■ 79, 6.768, 229.209

■ 39, 6.768, 229.209

■ 89, 6.768, 229.209

■ 29, 6.768, 229.209

■ 99, 6.768, 229.209

■ 19, 6.768, 229.209

■ 9, 6.768, 229.209

■ 0, 6.768, 229.209

■ 59, 6.768, 229.209

■ 59, 6.768, 229.209

■ 57, 11.113,
230.073

■ 61, 2.179, 228.631

■ 64, 2.603, 47.740

55, 15.157,
231.220

66, 7.531, 47.436

53, 18.841,
232.694

68, 12.569, 47.147

51, 22.112,
234.567

71, 17.684, 46.924

49, 24.930,
236.925

76, 28.047, 46.636

47, 27.282,
239.854

79, 33.258, 46.550

45, 29.198,
243.422

80, 34.931, 49.006

44, 30.763,
247.645

43, 31.593,
249.983

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 6.768, 229.209



57, 7.356, 47.390

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 6.768, 229.209



59, 6.768, 279.209



59, 6.768, 49.209



59, 6.768, 99.209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 6.768, 229.197



78, 2.356, 228.624



60, 12.552, 151.987



41, 1.685, 228.635



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 6.768, 229.197



74, 10.261, 229.497



56, 9.801, 280.152



31, 2.686, 228.836



40, 29.913, 249.644



2, 2.954, 229.691

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 12.565, 334.138



70, 19.264, 334.401



60, 9.685, 96.646



30, 4.909, 333.766



31, 60.478, 342.497



1, 5.223, 333.677

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 6.768, 229.209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 6.768, 229.209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

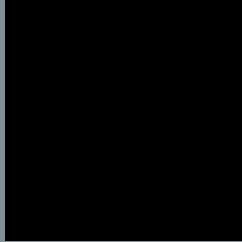
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

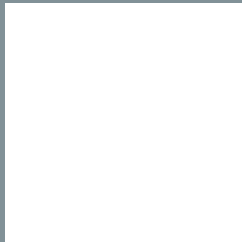
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 6.768, 229.209

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 6.768, 229.209.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 6.768, 229.209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 6.768, 229.209

Protanopia

59, 3.997, 296.134

Deuteranopia

59, 9.419, 322.940



Tritanopia
59, 7.974, 250.719

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 6.768, 229.209

Protanomaly
59, 4.366, 264.962

Deuteranomaly
59, 6.924, 300.400

Tritanomaly
59, 7.171, 244.575

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 6.768, 229.209

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 2.541, 241.523

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 6.768, 229.209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 145, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 145, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 145, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 145, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 6.768, 229.209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 145, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 145, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 145, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 145, 151); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 145, 151); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 145, 151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 6.768, 229.209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 145, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
145, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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