

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 60.863, 56.582)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 60.863, 56.582) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 61.135, 56.598)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D67433
RGB	214, 116, 51
RGB Percent	84%, 45%, 20%
CMY	0.1608, 0.5451, 0.8000
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.76, 0.16
HSL	24°, 67%, 52%
HSV	24°, 76%, 84%
XYZ	34.5766, 27.0277, 6.5269
YIQ	137.8920, 79.2730, 0.5610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

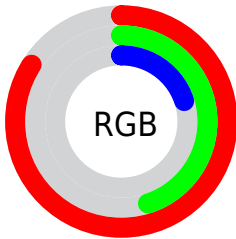
Format	Color
RYB	214, 159, 51
Decimal	14054451
CIELab	59.00, 33.66, 51.04
CIElCh	59, 61.135, 56.598
Yxy	27.0277, 0.5075, 0.3967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292244531 (0xFFD67433)
YUV	137.8920, -42.8378, 66.7467
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 27.7383, 28.9481

Details

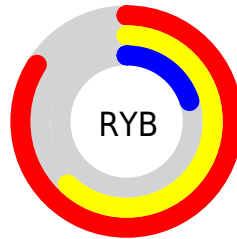
The CIELCh color **59, 61.135, 56.598** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **59, 41.708, 261.378**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 53.790, 62.079**, and **39, 59.866, 55.893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 69.646, 55.373**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 52.013, 57.534**.

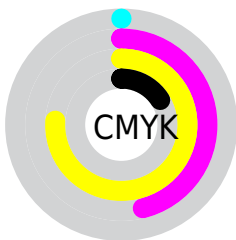
Distribution



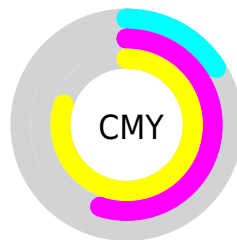
- Red (84%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 61.135, 56.598 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 61.135, 56.598 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

59, 61.135, 56.598

59, 61.135, 56.598

100, 61.135,
56.598

49, 61.135, 56.598

79, 61.135, 56.598

39, 61.135, 56.598

89, 61.135, 56.598

29, 61.135, 56.598

99, 61.135, 56.598

19, 61.135, 56.598

9, 61.135, 56.598

0, 61.135, 56.598

59, 61.135, 56.598

59, 61.135, 56.598

56, 69.646, 55.373

62, 52.013, 57.534

54, 76.413, 53.441

65, 42.937, 58.390

53, 78.714, 52.676

69, 34.206, 59.257

72, 25.938, 60.163

76, 18.163, 61.109

79, 10.866, 62.078

83, 4.015, 63.012

87, 2.434, 244.335

91, 8.523, 245.207

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 61.135, 56.598



59, 41.708, 261.378

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 61.135, 56.598



59, 61.135, 106.598



59, 61.135, 236.598



59, 61.135, 286.598

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 61.133, 56.601



90, 18.231, 61.392



51, 71.897, 346.134



46, 12.768, 61.041



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 61.133, 56.601



65, 84.268, 54.380



78, 69.914, 96.833



43, 3.737, 62.724



42, 66.218, 53.286



8, 17.402, 47.523

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 41.708, 261.378



64, 55.262, 268.689



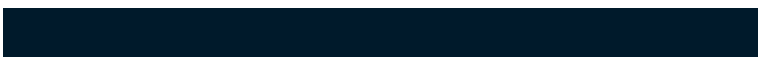
38, 86.730, 299.479



43, 3.600, 244.873



42, 43.341, 271.864



8, 14.808, 260.543

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 61.135, 56.598 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 61.135, 56.598 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 61.135, 56.598

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 61.135, 56.598.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 61.135, 56.598.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 61.135, 56.598

Protanopia

59, 46.359, 95.667

Deuteranopia

59, 52.674, 81.708



Tritanopia
59, 45.666, 19.710

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 61.135, 56.598

Protanomaly
59, 48.417, 78.479

Deuteranomaly
59, 54.374, 71.427

Tritanomaly
59, 48.652, 36.745

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 61.135, 56.598

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 21.038, 60.354

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 61.135, 56.598 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 116, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 116, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 116, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 116, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 61.135, 56.598 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 116, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 116, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 116, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 116, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 116, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 116,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 61.135, 56.598 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 116, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
116, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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