

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 61.577, 73.642)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 61.577, 73.642) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 61.448, 73.959)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1811C
RGB	193, 129, 28
RGB Percent	76%, 51%, 11%
CMY	0.2442, 0.4950, 0.8913
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.86, 0.24
HSL	37°, 75%, 43%
HSV	37°, 86%, 76%
XYZ	29.9532, 27.0277, 4.7195
YIQ	136.6220, 70.5650, -17.8430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

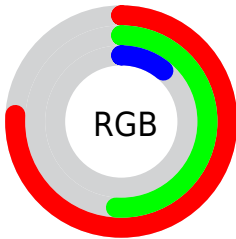
Format	Color
RYB	133, 193, 28
Decimal	12681500
CIELab	59.00, 16.98, 59.06
CIElCh	59, 61.448, 73.959
Yxy	27.0277, 0.4855, 0.4380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290871580 (0xFFC1811C)
YUV	136.6220, -53.5506, 49.4435
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 11.8642, 31.0094

Details

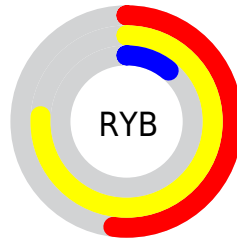
The CIELCh color **59, 61.448, 73.959** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **41, 61.340, 287.854**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 61.476, 74.066**, and **39, 51.291, 70.089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 65.517, 71.553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 55.483, 75.883**.

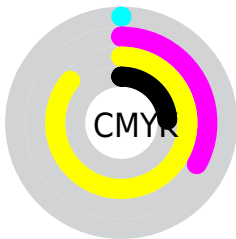
Distribution



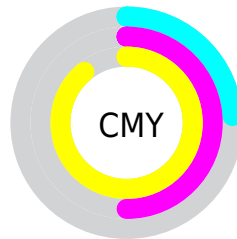
- Red (76%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 61.448, 73.959 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 61.448, 73.959 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 61.448, 73.959

■ 59, 61.448, 73.959

■ 100, 61.448,
73.959

■ 49, 61.448, 73.959

■ 79, 61.448, 73.959

■ 39, 61.448, 73.959

■ 89, 61.448, 73.959

■ 29, 61.448, 73.959

■ 99, 61.448, 73.959

■ 19, 61.448, 73.959

■ 9, 61.448, 73.959

■ 0, 61.448, 73.959

■ 59, 61.448, 73.959

■ 59, 61.448, 73.959

■ 57, 65.517, 71.553

■ 61, 55.483, 75.883

■ 56, 66.980, 70.440

■ 63, 48.428, 77.534

65, 40.891, 79.047

67, 33.228, 80.485

70, 25.628, 81.876

72, 18.181, 83.228

74, 10.924, 84.537

77, 3.867, 85.771

79, 2.995, 267.167

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 61.448, 73.959



41, 61.340, 287.854

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 61.448, 73.959



59, 61.448, 123.959



59, 61.448, 253.959



59, 61.448, 303.959

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 61.447, 73.962



91, 22.814, 83.122



43, 65.003, 5.235



47, 15.537, 82.654



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 61.447, 73.962



72, 81.488, 69.871



74, 75.184, 108.687



40, 3.947, 85.324



47, 58.493, 70.924



8, 11.990, 71.818

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 61.340, 287.854



46, 89.746, 294.027



27, 98.831, 305.557



39, 3.922, 267.820



30, 62.524, 292.834



4, 14.366, 277.129

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 61.448, 73.959 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 61.448, 73.959 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 61.448, 73.959

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 61.448, 73.959.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 61.448, 73.959.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 61.448, 73.959

Protanopia

59, 57.064, 95.563

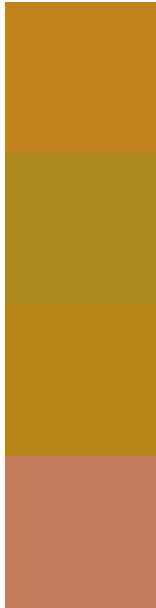
Deuteranopia

59, 60.080, 82.586



Tritanopia
59, 32.603, 14.504

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 61.448, 73.959

Protanomaly
59, 57.489, 87.371

Deuteranomaly
59, 60.613, 79.412

Tritanomaly
59, 38.231, 48.816

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 61.448, 73.959

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 23.132, 80.476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 61.448, 73.959 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 129, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 129, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 129, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 129, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 61.448, 73.959 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 129, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 129, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 129, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 129, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 129, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 129,  
28) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 61.448, 73.959 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 129, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
129, 28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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