

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 65.346, 147.927)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 65.346, 147.927)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 65.578, 147.796)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02A44D
RGB	2, 164, 77
RGB Percent	1%, 64%, 30%
CMY	0.9911, 0.3576, 0.6987
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.53, 0.36
HSL	148°, 97%, 33%
HSV	148°, 99%, 64%
XYZ	14.6014, 27.0277, 11.4355
YIQ	105.6440, -68.6250, -61.4010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

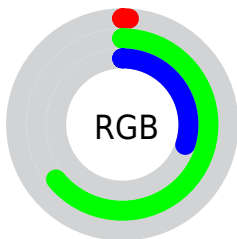
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 113, 164
Decimal	173133
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -55.49, 34.95
CIE _{LCh}	59, 65.578, 147.796
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2752, 0.5093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278363213 (0xFF02A44D)
YUV	105.6440, -14.1215, -90.8958
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -40.8458, 23.3501

Details

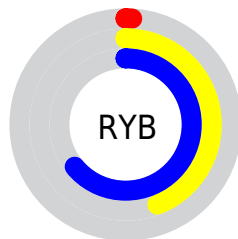
The CIELCh color **59, 65.578, 147.796** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **35, 61.266, 357.562**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 65.357, 147.844**, and **40, 58.014, 140.720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 66.144, 147.518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 61.342, 149.924**.

Distribution



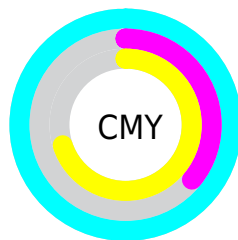
- Red (1%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (70%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 65.578, 147.796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 65.578, 147.796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 59, 65.578,
147.796


 59, 65.578,
147.796

 100, 65.578,
147.796


 49, 65.578,
147.796


 79, 65.578,
147.796

 39, 65.578,
147.796

 89, 65.578,
147.796

 29, 65.578,
147.796

 99, 65.578,
147.796

 19, 65.578,
147.796

 9, 65.578, 147.796

 0, 65.578, 147.796

■ 59, 65.578,
147.796

■ 59, 65.578,
147.796

■ 59, 66.144,
147.518

■ 59, 61.342,
149.924

■ 60, 56.461,
151.934

■ 60, 50.853,
153.744

■ 61, 44.564,
155.351

■ 61, 37.690,
156.769

■ 62, 30.352,
158.018

■ 63, 22.684,
159.123

■ 65, 14.814,

160.107

■ 66, 6.854, 161.005

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 65.578, 147.796



35, 61.266, 357.562

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 65.578, 147.796



59, 65.578, 197.796



59, 65.578, 327.796



59, 65.578, 17.796

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 65.578, 147.796



81, 29.542, 158.918



61, 76.516, 126.023



42, 20.056, 158.483



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 65.578, 147.796



76, 81.554, 147.054



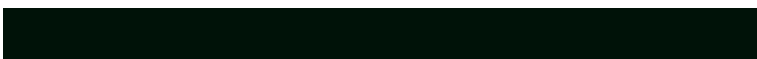
61, 37.388, 189.157



34, 4.485, 160.948



53, 60.278, 147.766



4, 7.204, 159.494

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 61.266, 357.562



46, 74.835, 358.816



34, 72.167, 37.366



32, 4.532, 342.323



31, 56.360, 357.602



1, 6.741, 344.313

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 65.578, 147.796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 65.578, 147.796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 65.578, 147.796

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 65.578, 147.796.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 65.578, 147.796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 65.616, 147.826

Protanopia
59, 40.114, 95.676

Deuteranopia
59, 33.310, 77.417



Tritanopia
59, 26.989, 213.245

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 65.616, 147.826



Protanomaly
57, 46.890, 131.277



Deuteranomaly
56, 38.484, 128.700

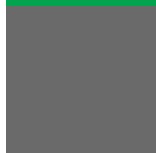


Tritanomaly
59, 37.622, 174.778

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 65.616, 147.826



Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
49, 29.490, 156.995

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 65.578, 147.796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 164, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 164, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 164, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 164, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 65.578, 147.796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 164, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 164, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 164, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 164, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 164, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 164, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 65.578, 147.796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 164, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 164,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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