

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 69.574, 132.291)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 69.574, 132.291)
contains.

CIELCh(59, 70.044, 132.344)	3
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Color

CIELCh(59, 70.044, 132.344)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4CA128
RGB	76, 161, 40
RGB Percent	30%, 63%, 16%
CMY	0.7036, 0.3701, 0.8447
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.75, 0.37
HSL	102°, 60%, 39%
HSV	102°, 75%, 63%
XYZ	16.0032, 27.0277, 6.3452
YIQ	121.7910, -11.8190, -55.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

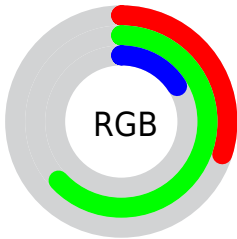
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 161, 125
Decimal	5021992
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -47.18, 51.77
CIE _{LCh}	59, 70.044, 132.344
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3241, 0.5474
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283212072 (0xFF4CA128)
YUV	121.7910, -40.3230, -40.1587
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -36.0329, 29.1554

Details

The CIELCh color **59, 70.044, 132.344** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **35, 73.125, 318.337**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 70.122, 132.364**, and **39, 63.636, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 75.941, 132.399**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 62.640, 132.599**.

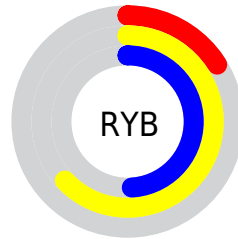
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (63%)

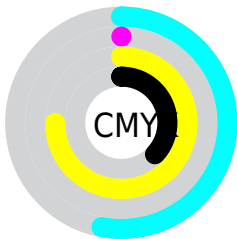
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (49%)

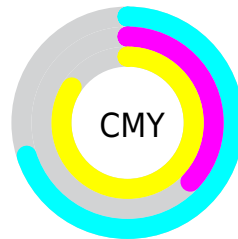


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (70%)


Magenta (37%)


Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 70.044, 132.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 70.044, 132.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 70.044,
132.344

 59, 70.044,
132.344


 100, 70.044,
132.344

 49, 70.044,
132.344


 79, 70.044,
132.344

 39, 70.044,
132.344

 89, 70.044,
132.344

 29, 70.044,
132.344

 99, 70.044,
132.344

 19, 70.044,
132.344

 9, 70.044, 132.344

 0, 70.044, 132.344

■ 59, 70.044,
132.344

■ 59, 70.044,
132.344

■ 59, 75.941,
132.399

■ 60, 62.640,
132.599

■ 58, 80.018,
132.852

■ 60, 54.144,
133.041

■ 58, 81.577,
133.062

■ 61, 44.920,
133.570

■ 62, 35.248,
134.122

■ 63, 25.330,
134.657

■ 64, 15.315,
135.158

■ 65, 5.309, 135.626

■ 67, 4.611, 315.963

■ 68, 14.392,
316.336

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 70.044, 132.344



35, 73.125, 318.337

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 70.044, 132.344



59, 70.044, 182.344



59, 70.044, 312.344



59, 70.044, 2.344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 70.044, 132.345



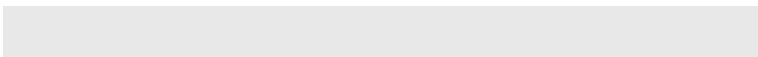
80, 28.493, 134.756



54, 49.367, 83.653



42, 19.680, 134.579



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 70.044, 132.345



74, 95.792, 132.643



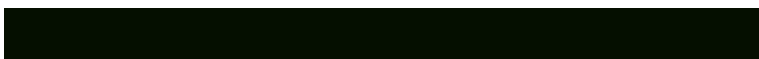
58, 66.597, 142.600



33, 5.557, 135.444



52, 74.727, 132.932



3, 7.292, 136.299

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 73.125, 318.337



41, 99.685, 317.953



39, 64.028, 335.714



31, 5.601, 316.177



26, 77.638, 317.638



1, 7.194, 314.684

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 70.044, 132.344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 70.044, 132.344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 70.044, 132.344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 70.044, 132.344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 70.044, 132.344.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 70.044, 132.344

Protanopia

59, 55.067, 94.943

Deuteranopia

59, 49.622, 81.239



Tritanopia
59, 18.630, 219.545

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 70.044, 132.344

Protanomaly
58, 57.062, 112.421

Deuteranomaly
58, 50.972, 106.805

Tritanomaly
59, 32.218, 156.150

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 70.044, 132.344

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 28.247, 134.358

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 70.044, 132.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 161, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 161, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 161, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 161, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 70.044, 132.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 161, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 161, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 161, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 161, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 161, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 161,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 70.044, 132.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 161, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 161,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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