

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 74.406, 137.626)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 74.406, 137.626)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 74.312, 137.537)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2EA32B
RGB	46, 163, 43
RGB Percent	18%, 64%, 17%
CMY	0.8186, 0.3600, 0.8306
CMYK	0.72, 0.00, 0.74, 0.36
HSL	118°, 58%, 40%
HSV	118°, 74%, 64%
XYZ	14.7110, 27.0277, 6.7465
YIQ	114.3370, -31.2120, -62.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

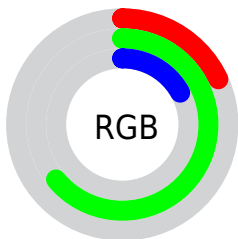
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 163, 160
Decimal	3056427
CIE Lab	59.00, -54.82, 50.17
CIE LCh	59, 74.312, 137.537
Yxy	27.0277, 0.3034, 0.5574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281246507 (0xFF2EA32B)
YUV	114.3370, -35.1691, -59.9315
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -40.4696, 28.6977

Details

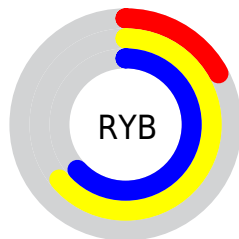
The CIELCh color **59, 74.312, 137.537** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **41, 73.096, 326.996**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 74.302, 137.436**, and **40, 64.469, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 80.225, 136.707**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 66.604, 138.539**.

Distribution



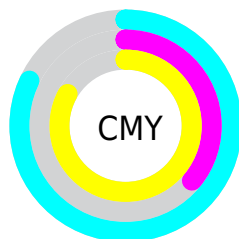
- Red (18%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 74.312, 137.537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 74.312, 137.537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 74.312,
137.537

 59, 74.312,
137.537


 100, 74.312,
137.537


 49, 74.312,
137.537


 79, 74.312,
137.537

 39, 74.312,
137.537

 89, 74.312,
137.537

 29, 74.312,
137.537

 99, 74.312,
137.537

 19, 74.312,
137.537

 9, 74.312, 137.537

 0, 74.312, 137.537

■ 59, 74.312,
137.537

■ 59, 74.312,
137.537

■ 59, 80.225,
136.707

■ 60, 66.604,
138.539

■ 58, 83.997,
136.176

■ 60, 57.539,
139.583

■ 58, 85.631,
135.893

■ 61, 47.524,
140.584

■ 62, 36.902,
141.495

■ 63, 25.948,
142.298

■ 65, 14.876,
142.997

■ 66, 3.847, 143.631

■ 68, 7.021, 324.047

■ 70, 17.651,
324.493

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 74.312, 137.537



41, 73.096, 326.996

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 74.312, 137.537



59, 74.312, 187.537



59, 74.312, 317.537



59, 74.312, 7.537

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 74.312, 137.538



81, 29.981, 142.382



64, 58.529, 102.061



42, 20.308, 142.189



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 74.312, 137.538



74, 100.451, 136.341



60, 53.285, 153.130



34, 6.206, 143.268



52, 78.638, 135.875



4, 9.631, 143.828

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 73.096, 326.996



50, 97.653, 327.216



39, 54.648, 350.879



32, 6.218, 324.222



34, 76.107, 327.245



1, 9.599, 323.532

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 74.312, 137.537 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 74.312, 137.537 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 74.312, 137.537

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 74.312, 137.537.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 74.312, 137.537.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
59, 74.312, 137.537

Protanopia
58, 53.918, 95.396

Deuteranopia
58, 47.684, 81.148



Tritanopia
59, 23.554, 215.946

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 74.312, 137.537



Protanomaly
57, 57.657, 118.131



Deuteranomaly
57, 50.296, 113.167



Tritanomaly
58, 36.781, 163.529

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 74.312, 137.537



Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
51, 30.847, 141.648

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 74.312, 137.537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 163, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 163, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 163, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 163, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 74.312, 137.537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 163, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 163, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 163, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 163, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 163, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 163,  
43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 74.312, 137.537 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 163, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 163,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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