

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 74.939, 21.346)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(59, 74.939, 21.346) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(59, 74.746, 21.356)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF4963
RGB	255, 73, 99
RGB Percent	100%, 29%, 39%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7147, 0.6135
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.61, 0.00
HSL	352°, 100%, 64%
HSV	352°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	46.1147, 27.0277, 14.4820
YIQ	130.3820, 100.1260, 46.6700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

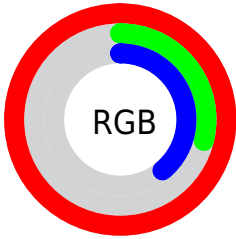
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 73, 99
Decimal	16730467
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.00, 69.61, 27.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 74.746, 21.356
Yxy	27.0277, 0.5263, 0.3084
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294920547 (0xFFFF4963)
YUV	130.3820, -15.4713, 109.2900
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 67.3542, 19.8757

# Details

The CIELCh color **59, 74.746, 21.356** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **91, 50.770, 180.882**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 49.428, 14.464**, and **40, 71.430, 23.261** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 83.706, 25.510**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 64.258, 17.840**.

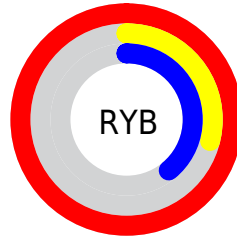
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (29%)

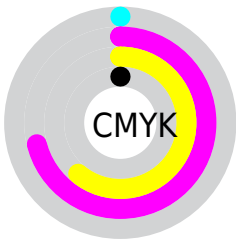
Blue (39%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (39%)

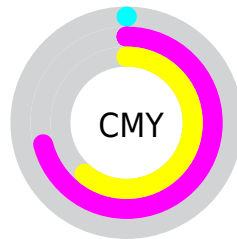


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 74.746, 21.356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 74.746, 21.356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 59, 74.746, 21.356

 59, 74.746, 21.356

 100, 74.746,  
21.356

 49, 74.746, 21.356

 79, 74.746, 21.356

 39, 74.746, 21.356

 89, 74.746, 21.356

 29, 74.746, 21.356

 99, 74.746, 21.356

 19, 74.746, 21.356

 9, 74.746, 21.356

 0, 74.746, 21.356

 59, 74.746, 21.356

 59, 74.746, 21.356

 56, 83.706, 25.510

 63, 64.258, 17.840

 54, 91.773, 30.380

 68, 53.421, 15.125

■ 53, 97.668, 34.503

■ 73, 42.361, 12.992

■ 79, 31.430, 11.300

■ 86, 20.871, 9.934

■ 92, 10.823, 8.796

■ 99, 1.344, 7.460

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 74.746, 21.356



91, 50.770, 180.882

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 74.746, 21.356



59, 74.746, 71.356



59, 74.746, 201.356



59, 74.746, 251.356

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 74.468, 21.278



86, 20.391, 9.877



60, 101.612, 322.959



44, 13.910, 10.224



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 74.468, 21.278



55, 87.518, 27.663



69, 66.635, 52.814



50, 5.335, 8.589



40, 77.908, 33.608



10, 32.331, 21.374





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 74.468, 21.278



55, 87.518, 27.663



74, 42.935, 252.470



50, 5.335, 8.589



40, 77.908, 33.608



10, 32.331, 21.374



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 74.746, 21.356 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

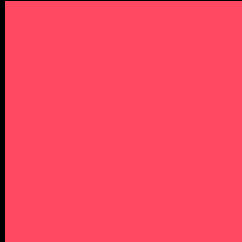
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 74.746, 21.356 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 59, 74.746, 21.356

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 74.746, 21.356.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 74.746, 21.356.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59, 74.343, 21.146

### Protanopia

59, 7.336, 86.610

### Deuteranopia

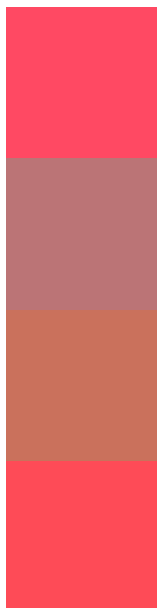
59, 31.065, 76.615



**Tritanopia**  
59, 76.794, 29.278



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
59, 74.343, 21.146

**Protanomaly**  
56, 30.156, 20.849

**Deuteranomaly**  
57, 42.641, 39.355

**Tritanomaly**  
59, 75.543, 26.367

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
59, 74.343, 21.146

**Achromatopsia**  
54, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
53, 28.113, 11.405

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 74.746, 21.356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 73, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 73, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 73, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 73, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 74.746, 21.356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 73, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 73, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 73, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 73, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 73, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 73,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 74.746, 21.356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 73, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 73,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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