

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 80.131, 321.614)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(59, 80.131, 321.614)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(59, 80.530, 321.461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD5FE7
RGB	205, 95, 231
RGB Percent	80%, 37%, 91%
CMY	0.1951, 0.6265, 0.0931
CMYK	0.11, 0.59, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	289°, 74%, 64%
HSV	289°, 59%, 91%
XYZ	43.8213, 27.0277, 78.6955
YIQ	143.3940, 21.9040, 65.6160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

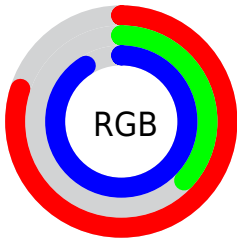
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 95, 231
Decimal	13459431
CIE Lab	59.00, 62.99, -50.17
CIE LCh	59, 80.530, 321.461
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2930, 0.1807
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291649511 (0xFFCD5FE7)
YUV	143.3940, 43.1898, 54.0285
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, 59.4797, -53.3566

# Details

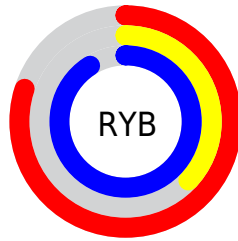
The CIELCh color **59, 80.530, 321.461** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **83, 79.098, 135.500**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 64.458, 326.633**, and **39, 80.771, 321.303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 91.424, 321.629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 68.024, 321.168**.

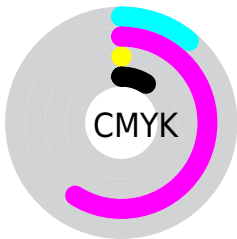
# Distribution



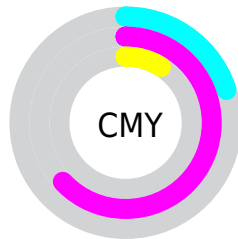
- Red (80%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 80.530, 321.461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 80.530, 321.461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59, 80.530,  
321.461


 59, 80.530,  
321.461


 100, 80.530,  
321.461


 49, 80.530,  
321.461


 79, 80.530,  
321.461

 39, 80.530,  
321.461

 89, 80.530,  
321.461

 29, 80.530,  
321.461

 99, 80.530,  
321.461

 19, 80.530,  
321.461

 9, 80.530, 321.461

 0, 80.530, 321.461

59, 80.530,  
321.461

59, 80.530,  
321.461

55, 91.424,  
321.629

64, 68.024,  
321.168

52, 100.060,  
321.626

69, 54.521,  
320.791

49, 105.913,  
321.411

75, 40.507,  
320.364

48, 108.987,  
320.976

80, 26.335,  
319.913

47, 109.280,  
320.920

86, 12.242,  
319.450

92, 1.621, 139.171

98, 13.864,  
138.152

98, 13.150,  
132.289

■ 99, 12.590,  
125.768

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 80.530, 321.461



83, 79.098, 135.500

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 80.530, 321.461



59, 80.530, 11.461



59, 80.530, 141.461



59, 80.530, 191.461

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 80.528, 321.461



88, 27.264, 319.880



54, 62.460, 291.078



45, 18.979, 320.014



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 80.528, 321.461



59, 101.086, 321.646



61, 67.461, 339.093



45, 7.846, 319.480



36, 89.992, 321.034



6, 37.123, 321.867



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 56.345, 13.168



59, 72.903, 17.265



83, 67.508, 148.277



45, 4.963, 4.747



37, 71.430, 29.964

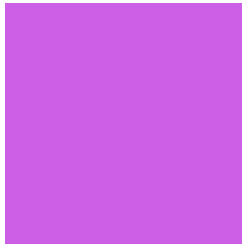


7, 26.675, 13.788



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 80.530, 321.461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

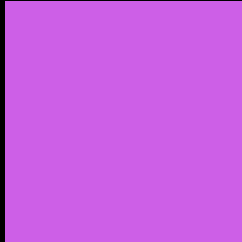
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 80.530, 321.461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

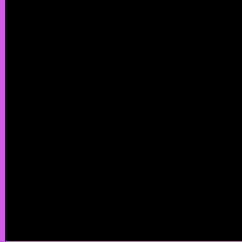
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 59, 80.530, 321.461

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 80.530, 321.461.

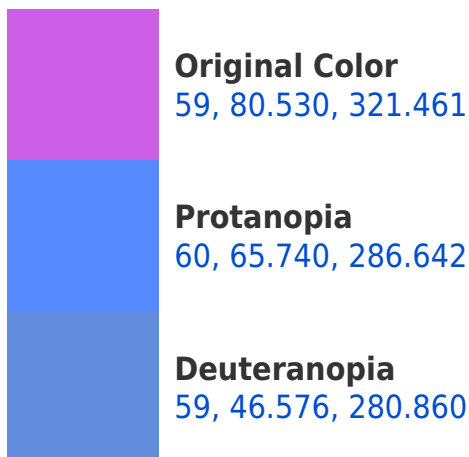


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 80.530, 321.461.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
59, 28.765, 12.763

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
59, 80.530, 321.461



**Protanomaly**  
58, 69.776, 298.781



**Deuteranomaly**  
58, 57.618, 300.045



**Tritanomaly**  
59, 43.283, 339.611

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
59, 80.530, 321.461



**Achromatopsia**  
60, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
58, 31.916, 320.053

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 80.530, 321.461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 95, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 95, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 95, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 95, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 80.530, 321.461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 95, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 95, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 95, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 95, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 95, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 95,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 80.530, 321.461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 95, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 95,  
231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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