

Converting Colors

CIELCh(59, 9.825, 252.839)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(59, 9.825, 252.839) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 9.896, 252.627)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F909E
RGB	127, 144, 158
RGB Percent	50%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.5010, 0.4343, 0.3794
CMYK	0.20, 0.09, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	207°, 14%, 56%
HSV	207°, 20%, 62%
XYZ	24.9911, 27.0277, 36.3593
YIQ	140.5130, -14.6260, 0.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

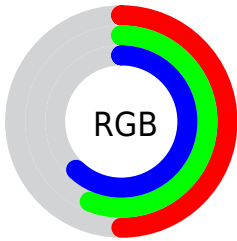
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 138, 158
Decimal	8360094
CIE _{Lab}	59.00, -2.95, -9.44
CIE _{LCh}	59, 9.896, 252.627
Yxy	27.0277, 0.2828, 0.3058
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286550174 (0xFF7F909E)
YUV	140.5130, 8.6211, -11.8509
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -5.1733, -5.0742

Details

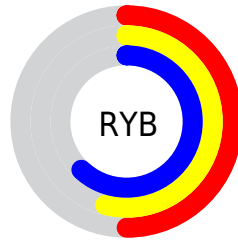
The CIELCh color $59, 9.896, 252.627$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 10.569, 67.772$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 10.024, 252.407$, and $39, 10.049, 251.624$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 14.779, 254.321$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 4.892, 251.223$.

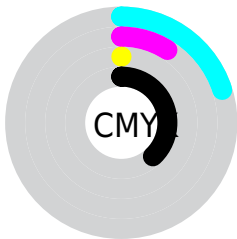
Distribution



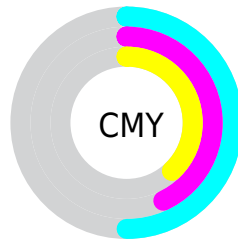
- Red (50%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 9.896, 252.627 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 9.896, 252.627 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59, 9.896, 252.627

■ 59, 9.896, 252.627

■ 100, 9.896,
252.627

■ 49, 9.896, 252.627

■ 79, 9.896, 252.627

■ 39, 9.896, 252.627

■ 89, 9.896, 252.627

■ 29, 9.896, 252.627

■ 99, 9.896, 252.627

■ 19, 9.896, 252.627

■ 9, 9.896, 252.627

■ 0, 9.896, 252.627

■ 59, 9.896, 252.627

■ 59, 9.896, 252.627

■ 56, 14.779,
254.321

■ 62, 4.892, 251.223

■ 65, 0.203, 68.269

53, 19.516,
256.367

69, 5.363, 68.871

50, 24.087,
258.821

72, 10.566, 68.038

47, 28.484,
261.742

75, 15.791, 67.308

44, 32.724,
265.177

81, 26.247, 66.119

41, 36.854,
269.131

85, 31.453, 65.632

39, 40.955,
273.544

87, 32.606, 72.669

37, 45.158,
278.100

36, 45.335,
278.273

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 9.896, 252.627



60, 10.569, 67.772

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 9.896, 252.627



59, 9.896, 302.627



59, 9.896, 72.627



59, 9.896, 122.627

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 9.895, 252.620



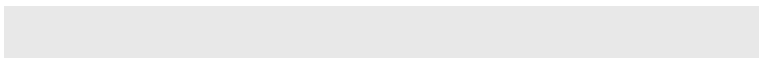
81, 3.814, 250.821



63, 15.286, 159.449



43, 2.548, 250.886



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 9.895, 252.620



74, 14.978, 253.409



55, 16.958, 290.328



32, 2.882, 251.181



33, 41.718, 277.809



2, 3.868, 253.213

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 15.560, 342.711



70, 23.748, 343.161



64, 16.300, 106.169



31, 4.444, 341.807



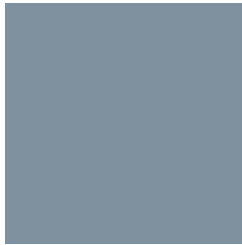
30, 55.823, 356.646



1, 5.645, 342.578

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 9.896, 252.627 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

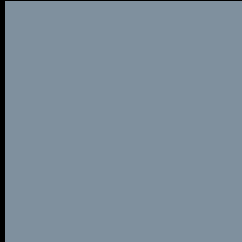
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 9.896, 252.627 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

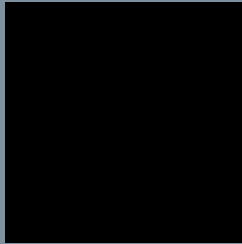
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

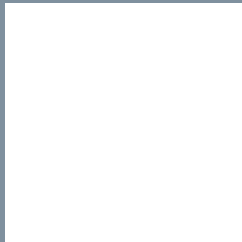
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 9.896, 252.627

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 9.896, 252.627.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 9.896, 252.627.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59, 9.896, 252.627

Protanopia

59, 8.509, 288.644

Deuteranopia

59, 12.986, 306.514



Tritanopia
59, 8.913, 243.513

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 9.896, 252.627

Protanomaly
59, 8.829, 274.175

Deuteranomaly
59, 10.786, 291.411

Tritanomaly
59, 9.290, 246.218

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 9.896, 252.627

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 3.607, 251.310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 9.896, 252.627 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 144, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 144, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 144, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 144, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 9.896, 252.627 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 144, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 144, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 144, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 144, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 144, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 144, 158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 9.896, 252.627 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 144, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
144, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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