

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 0.499, 266.487)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 0.499, 266.487) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 0.386, 200.495)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	909191
RGB	144, 145, 145
RGB Percent	56%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.4362, 0.4323, 0.4323
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	180°, 0%, 57%
HSV	180°, 1%, 57%
XYZ	26.6420, 28.1233, 30.7164
YIQ	144.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

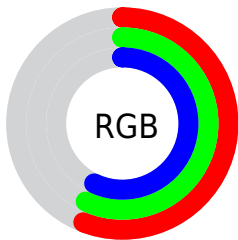
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 145, 145
Decimal	9474449
CIE Lab	60.00, -0.36, -0.14
CIE LCh	60, 0.386, 200.495
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3117, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287664529 (0xFF909191)
YUV	144.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -3.1301, 2.7806

Details

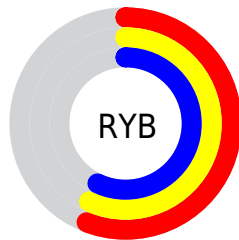
The CIELCh color $60, 0.386, 200.495$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 0.391, 18.130$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 0.364, 200.888$, and $40, 0.416, 200.124$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 5.856, 198.701$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 5.311, 19.641$.

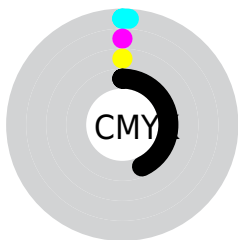
Distribution



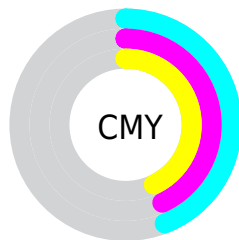
- Red (56%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 0.386, 200.495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 0.386, 200.495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 0.386, 200.495

■ 60, 0.386, 200.495

■ 100, 0.386,
200.495

■ 50, 0.386, 200.495

■ 80, 0.386, 200.495

■ 40, 0.386, 200.495

■ 90, 0.386, 200.495

■ 30, 0.386, 200.495

■ 20, 0.386, 200.495

■ 10, 0.386, 200.495

■ 0, 0.386, 200.495

■ 60, 0.386, 200.495

■ 60, 0.386, 200.495

■ 59, 5.856, 198.701

■ 61, 5.311, 19.641

■ 58, 11.019,

■ 63, 11.171, 20.268

198.168

64, 17.134, 20.881

57, 15.792,
197.701

66, 23.154, 21.496

56, 20.089,
197.289

67, 29.194, 22.112

56, 23.830,
196.934

69, 35.224, 22.726

55, 26.947,
196.637

72, 45.299, 23.739

55, 29.396,
196.400

72, 45.295, 23.715

55, 31.165,
196.221

54, 32.281,
196.096

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 0.386, 200.495



60, 0.391, 18.130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 0.386, 200.495



60, 0.386, 250.495



60, 0.386, 20.495



60, 0.386, 70.495

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 0.387, 200.283



77, 0.009, 296.813



60, 0.680, 144.257



40, 0.006, 296.813



88, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 0.387, 200.283



76, 0.694, 199.903



60, 0.342, 254.546



30, 0.312, 199.995



51, 31.321, 196.015



2, 2.121, 199.214

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 0.391, 18.130



76, 0.701, 18.507



60, 0.332, 72.609



30, 0.315, 18.415



27, 64.051, 38.701



0, 2.121, 19.197

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 0.386, 200.495 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 0.386, 200.495 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

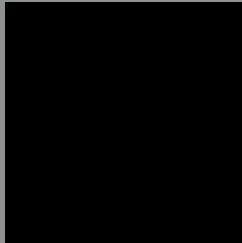
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

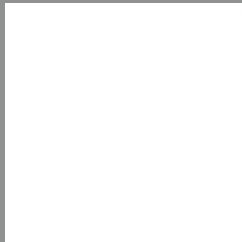
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 0.386, 200.495

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 0.386, 200.495.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 0.386, 200.495.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 0.386, 200.495

Protanopia

60, 1.170, 19.150

Deuteranopia

60, 7.849, 354.704



Tritanopia
60, 6.842, 297.271

Trichromacy



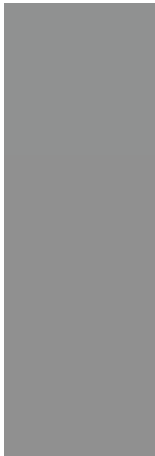
Original Color
60, 0.386, 200.495

Protanomaly
60, 0.779, 18.926

Deuteranomaly
60, 4.871, 352.271

Tritanomaly
60, 3.982, 296.128

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 0.386, 200.495

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 0.386, 200.495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 145, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 0.386, 200.495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 145, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 145, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 145,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 0.386, 200.495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
145, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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