

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 0.770, 200.008)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 0.770, 200.008) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 0.772, 199.894)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F9191
RGB	143, 145, 145
RGB Percent	56%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.4393, 0.4315, 0.4315
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	180°, 1%, 56%
HSV	180°, 1%, 57%
XYZ	26.5531, 28.1233, 30.8061
YIQ	144.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

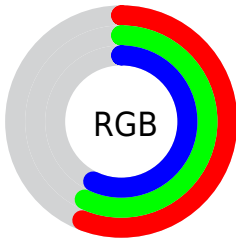
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 144, 145
Decimal	9408913
CIE Lab	60.00, -0.73, -0.26
CIE LCh	60, 0.772, 199.894
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3106, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287598993 (0xFF8F9191)
YUV	144.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -3.4293, 2.6803

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 0.772, 199.894$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 0.781, 18.828$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 0.728, 200.105$, and $40, 0.832, 199.683$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 6.230, 198.768$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 4.919, 19.696$.

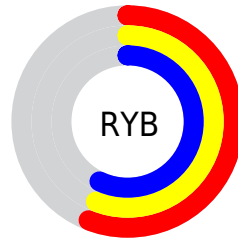
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (57%)

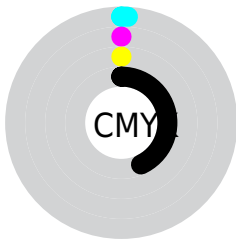
Blue (57%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (57%)

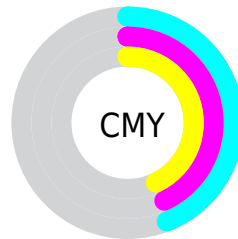


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 0.772, 199.894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 0.772, 199.894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 0.772, 199.894

■ 60, 0.772, 199.894

■ 100, 0.772,
199.894

■ 50, 0.772, 199.894

■ 80, 0.772, 199.894

■ 40, 0.772, 199.894

■ 90, 0.772, 199.894

■ 30, 0.772, 199.894

■ 20, 0.772, 199.894

■ 10, 0.772, 199.894

■ 0, 0.772, 199.894

■ 60, 0.772, 199.894

■ 60, 0.772, 199.894

■ 59, 6.230, 198.768

■ 61, 4.919, 19.696

■ 58, 11.373,

■ 63, 10.777, 20.324

198.246

64, 16.743, 20.935

57, 16.119,
197.787

66, 22.770, 21.549

56, 20.382,
197.385

67, 28.819, 22.164

56, 24.083,
197.040

69, 34.861, 22.777

55, 27.154,
196.756

71, 40.873, 23.385

55, 29.555,
196.533

72, 45.217, 23.819

55, 31.275,
196.370

54, 32.345,
196.263

72, 45.215, 23.807

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 0.772, 199.894



60, 0.781, 18.828

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 0.772, 199.894



60, 0.772, 249.894



60, 0.772, 19.894



60, 0.772, 69.894

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 0.773, 199.789



77, 0.009, 296.813



60, 1.366, 144.073



40, 0.006, 296.813



88, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 0.773, 199.789



76, 1.386, 199.572



60, 0.678, 254.193



30, 0.624, 199.626



51, 31.294, 196.200



2, 2.121, 199.318

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 0.781, 18.828



75, 1.405, 19.046



60, 0.669, 72.986



30, 0.632, 18.991



27, 64.091, 38.750



0, 2.121, 19.301

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 0.772, 199.894 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 0.772, 199.894 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

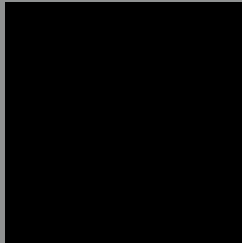
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

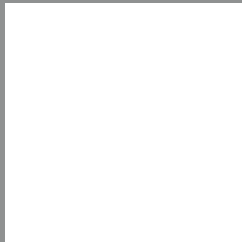
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 0.772, 199.894

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 0.772, 199.894.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 0.772, 199.894.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 0.772, 199.894

Protanopia

60, 1.170, 19.150

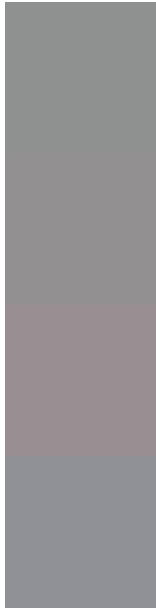
Deuteranopia

60, 7.849, 354.704



Tritanopia
60, 6.842, 297.271

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 0.772, 199.894

Protanomaly
60, 0.779, 18.926

Deuteranomaly
60, 4.871, 352.271

Tritanomaly
60, 3.959, 290.637

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 0.772, 199.894

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 0.772, 199.894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 145, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 0.772, 199.894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 145, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 145, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 145,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 0.772, 199.894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
145, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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