

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 0.875, 270.181)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 0.875, 270.181) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 0.684, 256.005)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	909192
RGB	144, 145, 146
RGB Percent	56%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.4365, 0.4326, 0.4287
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	210°, 1%, 57%
HSV	210°, 1%, 57%
XYZ	26.6899, 28.1233, 31.0892
YIQ	144.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

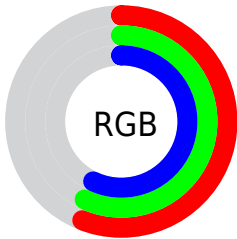
Format	Color
RYB	144, 145, 146
Decimal	9474450
CIELab	60.00, -0.17, -0.66
CIELCh	60, 0.684, 256.005
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3107, 0.3274
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287664530 (0xFF909192)
YUV	144.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -2.9687, 2.3638

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 0.684, 256.005$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 0.674, 74.692$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 0.648, 256.106$, and $40, 0.735, 255.947$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 5.602, 256.791$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 4.267, 74.269$.

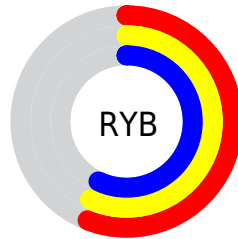
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (57%)

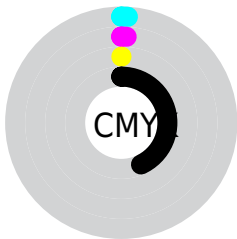
Blue (57%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)

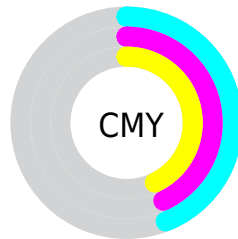


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 0.684, 256.005 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 0.684, 256.005 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 0.684, 256.005

■ 60, 0.684, 256.005

■ 100, 0.684,
256.005

■ 50, 0.684, 256.005

■ 80, 0.684, 256.005

■ 40, 0.684, 256.005

■ 90, 0.684, 256.005

■ 30, 0.684, 256.005

■ 20, 0.684, 256.005

■ 10, 0.684, 256.005

■ 0, 0.684, 256.005

■ 60, 0.684, 256.005

■ 60, 0.684, 256.005

■ 57, 5.602, 256.791

■ 63, 4.267, 74.269

■ 54, 10.471,

■ 66, 9.232, 73.357

258.294

70, 14.197, 72.548

51, 15.271,
260.094

73, 19.150, 71.838

48, 19.987,
262.233

76, 24.080, 71.214

45, 24.608,
264.767

79, 28.980, 70.661

42, 29.141,
267.744

82, 33.843, 70.169

39, 33.610,
271.193

85, 37.271, 72.279

36, 38.064,
275.096

34, 42.573,
279.367

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 0.684, 256.005



60, 0.674, 74.692

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 0.684, 256.005



60, 0.684, 306.005



60, 0.684, 76.005



60, 0.684, 126.005

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 0.683, 255.870



77, 0.009, 296.813



60, 0.969, 162.984



40, 0.006, 296.813



88, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 0.683, 255.870



76, 1.227, 255.811



60, 1.117, 289.690



31, 0.568, 255.818



30, 44.496, 282.763



1, 2.478, 255.291

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 0.971, 343.362



75, 1.746, 343.523



60, 1.099, 109.331



31, 0.809, 343.483



29, 53.722, 0.770



1, 3.522, 343.580

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 0.684, 256.005 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 0.684, 256.005 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

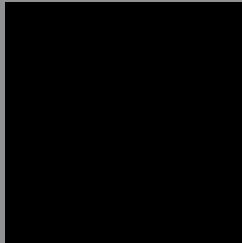
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

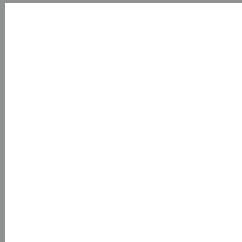
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 0.684, 256.005

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 0.684, 256.005.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 0.684, 256.005.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 0.684, 256.005

Protanopia

60, 1.305, 353.588

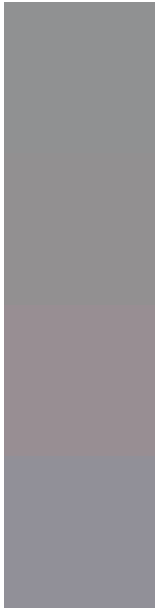
Deuteranopia

60, 7.754, 349.610



Tritanopia
60, 6.842, 297.271

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 0.684, 256.005

Protanomaly
60, 0.970, 343.428

Deuteranomaly
60, 4.830, 344.112

Tritanomaly
60, 4.544, 295.495

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 0.684, 256.005

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 0.684, 256.005 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 145, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 145, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 145, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 145, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 0.684, 256.005 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 145, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 145, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 145, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 145, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 145, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 145,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 0.684, 256.005 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 145, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
145, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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