

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 10.268, 324.936)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIElCh(60, 10.268, 324.936)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 10.282, 324.939)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B8C9B
RGB	155, 140, 155
RGB Percent	61%, 55%, 61%
CMY	0.3919, 0.4507, 0.3919
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	300°, 7%, 58%
HSV	300°, 10%, 61%
XYZ	28.8440, 28.1233, 34.9519
YIQ	146.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

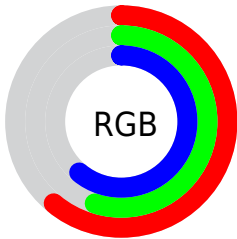
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 140, 155
Decimal	10194075
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 8.42, -5.91
CIE _{LCh}	60, 10.282, 324.939
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3138, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288384155 (0xFF9B8C9B)
YUV	146.1950, 4.3409, 7.7220
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 4.2819, -1.9547

Details

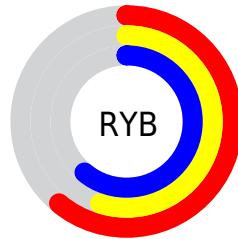
The CIELCh color $60, 10.282, 324.939$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 10.265, 143.907$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 9.715, 324.807$, and $40, 10.329, 325.119$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 20.989, 325.484$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.339, 145.056$.

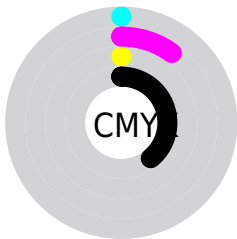
Distribution



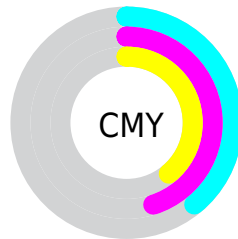
- Red (61%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 10.282, 324.939 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 10.282, 324.939 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 10.282,
324.939


 60, 10.282,
324.939


 100, 10.282,
324.939


 50, 10.282,
324.939


 80, 10.282,
324.939

 40, 10.282,
324.939

 90, 10.282,
324.939


 30, 10.282,
324.939

 20, 10.282,
324.939

 10, 10.282,
324.939

 0, 10.282, 324.939

 60, 10.282,

 60, 10.282,

324.939

324.939

56, 20.989,
325.484

64, 0.339, 145.056

52, 31.628,
326.012

68, 10.764,
143.922

49, 41.970,
326.514

73, 20.930,
143.405

45, 51.714,
326.976

77, 30.804,
142.915

43, 60.494,
327.382

81, 40.371,
142.452

40, 67.914,
327.717

86, 49.629,
142.015

38, 73.621,
327.970

90, 58.587,
141.606

37, 77.405,
328.134

92, 62.181,
141.446

■ 37,79.640,
328.231

■ 92,62.181,
141.446

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 10.282, 324.939



62, 10.265, 143.907

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 10.282, 324.939



60, 10.282, 14.939



60, 10.282, 144.939



60, 10.282, 194.939

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 10.280, 324.939



80, 3.933, 324.540



59, 8.516, 291.157



42, 3.006, 324.595



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 10.280, 324.939



75, 15.806, 325.081



60, 7.244, 344.395



30, 5.940, 324.914



33, 74.068, 328.233



1, 6.386, 324.439

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 10.280, 324.939



75, 15.806, 325.081



63, 7.153, 162.908



30, 5.940, 324.914



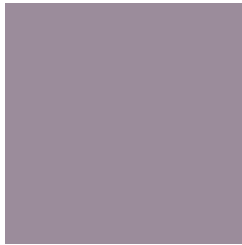
33, 74.068, 328.233



1, 6.386, 324.439

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 10.282, 324.939 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

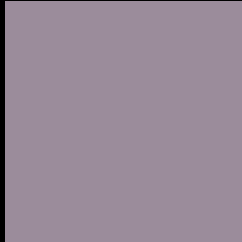
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 10.282, 324.939 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

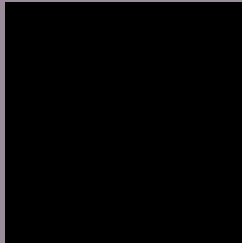
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 10.282, 324.939

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 10.282, 324.939.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 10.282, 324.939.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 10.282, 324.939

Protanopia

60, 7.346, 291.009

Deuteranopia

60, 10.073, 323.099



Tritanopia
60, 8.265, 331.556

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 10.282, 324.939

Protanomaly
60, 7.614, 305.350

Deuteranomaly
60, 10.073, 323.099

Tritanomaly
60, 8.693, 329.107

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 10.282, 324.939

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 3.441, 324.560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 10.282, 324.939 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 140, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 140, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 140, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 140, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 10.282, 324.939 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 140, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 140, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 140, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 140, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 140, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 140,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 10.282, 324.939 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 140, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
140, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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