

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 105.421, 199.088)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 105.421, 199.088)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 37.473, 215.022)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02B6CB
RGB	2, 182, 203
RGB Percent	1%, 71%, 80%
CMY	0.9912, 0.2846, 0.2023
CMYK	0.99, 0.10, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	186°, 98%, 40%
HSV	186°, 99%, 80%
XYZ	27.6702, 37.9720, 62.6333
YIQ	130.5740, -114.0210, -31.6290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

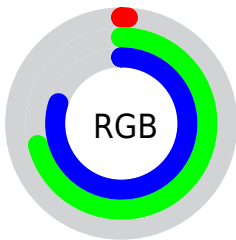
Format	Color
RYB	2, 97, 203
Decimal	177867
CIELab	68.00, -30.69, -21.51
CIELCh	68, 37.473, 215.022
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2157, 0.2960
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278367947 (0xFF02B6CB)
YUV	130.5740, 35.7060, -112.7594
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -27.6849, -17.1286

Details

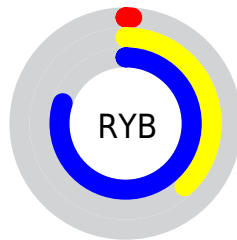
The CIELCh color **68, 37.473, 215.022** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **43, 85.895, 40.936**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 37.281, 211.132**, and **49, 29.346, 220.808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 37.505, 215.221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 37.058, 213.279**.

Distribution



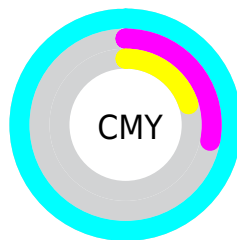
- Red (1%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 37.473, 215.022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 37.473, 215.022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 37.473,
215.022


 68, 37.473,
215.022


 100, 37.473,
215.022


 58, 37.473,
215.022


 88, 37.473,
215.022

 48, 37.473,
215.022

 98, 37.473,
215.022

 38, 37.473,
215.022

 28, 37.473,
215.022

 18, 37.473,
215.022

 8, 37.473, 215.022

 0, 37.473, 215.022

■ 68, 37.473,
215.022

■ 68, 37.473,
215.022

■ 68, 37.505,
215.221

■ 69, 37.058,
213.279

■ 70, 35.947,
211.863

■ 71, 33.985,
210.776

■ 72, 31.143,
209.977

■ 73, 27.449,
209.425

■ 75, 22.971,
209.082

■ 76, 17.806,
208.912

■ 78, 12.061,

208.887

■ 80, 5.844, 209.008

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 37.473, 215.022



43, 85.895, 40.936

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 37.473, 215.022



68, 37.473, 265.022



68, 37.473, 35.022



68, 37.473, 85.022

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 37.472, 215.021



93, 22.080, 208.927



72, 98.679, 136.919



49, 14.799, 208.991



0, 0.000, 0.000



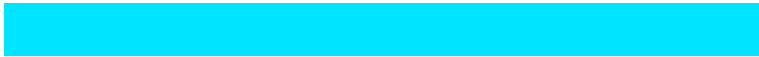
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 37.472, 215.021



83, 44.425, 215.503



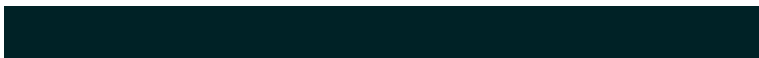
39, 73.328, 292.284



42, 3.731, 208.997



56, 32.245, 214.913



11, 12.218, 210.677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 89.629, 332.858



59, 106.309, 332.983



59, 69.473, 69.435



40, 7.017, 327.923



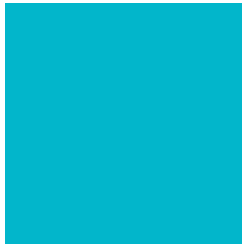
38, 77.180, 332.838



5, 26.687, 331.190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 37.473, 215.022 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 37.473, 215.022 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

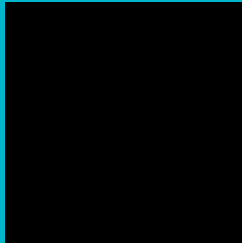
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 37.473, 215.022

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 37.473, 215.022.

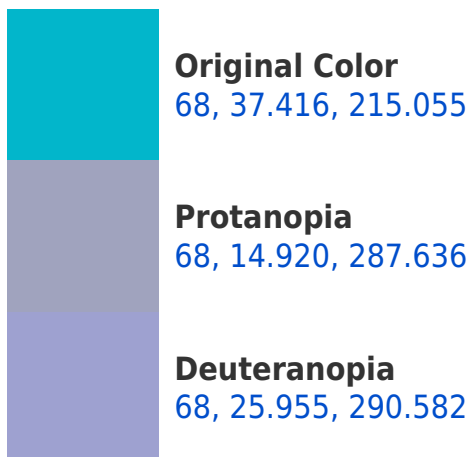


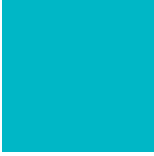
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 37.473, 215.022.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



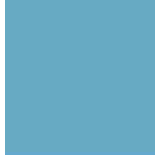


Tritanopia
68, 37.670, 209.509

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 37.416, 215.055



Protanomaly
66, 24.245, 233.171



Deuteranomaly
66, 27.881, 246.044



Tritanomaly
68, 37.592, 211.326

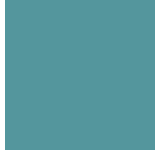
Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 37.416, 215.055



Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
58, 21.664, 208.219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 37.473, 215.022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 182, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 182, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 182, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 182, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 37.473, 215.022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 182, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 182, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 182, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 182, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 182, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 182,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 37.473, 215.022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 182, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 182,  
203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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