

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 11.076, 281.166)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 11.076, 281.166)
contains.

CIELCh(60, 11.406, 282.283)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(60, 11.406, 282.283)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B90A4
RGB	139, 144, 164
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 64%
CMY	0.4548, 0.4352, 0.3568
CMYK	0.15, 0.12, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	228°, 12%, 59%
HSV	228°, 15%, 64%
XYZ	27.3288, 28.1233, 39.1183
YIQ	144.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

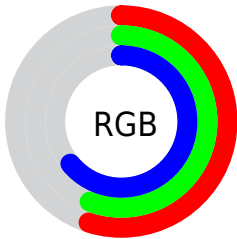
Format	Color
RYB	139, 143, 164
Decimal	9146532
CIELab	60.00, 2.43, -11.14
CIELCh	60, 11.406, 282.283
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2890, 0.2974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287336612 (0xFF8B90A4)
YUV	144.7850, 9.4730, -5.0734
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -0.8183, -6.6129

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 11.406, 282.283$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 11.217, 98.679$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 11.290, 282.315$, and $40, 11.091, 281.899$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 19.162, 283.758$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 3.872, 281.028$.

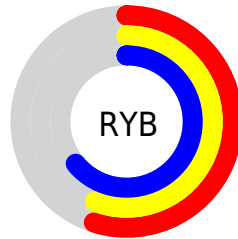
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (56%)

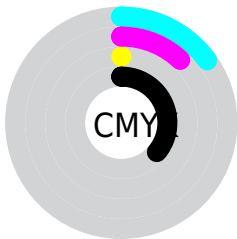
Blue (64%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (64%)

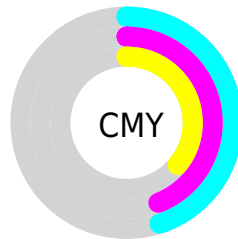


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 11.406, 282.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 11.406, 282.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 11.406,
282.283


 60, 11.406,
282.283


 100, 11.406,
282.283


 50, 11.406,
282.283


 80, 11.406,
282.283

 40, 11.406,
282.283

 90, 11.406,
282.283


 30, 11.406,
282.283

 20, 11.406,
282.283

 10, 11.406,
282.283

 0, 11.406, 282.283

 60, 11.406,

 60, 11.406,

282.283

282.283

■ 55, 19.162,
283.758

■ 65, 3.872, 281.028

■ 50, 27.162,
285.488

■ 70, 3.452, 99.856

■ 45, 35.430,
287.499

■ 74, 10.578, 98.934

■ 41, 43.989,
289.815

■ 79, 17.518, 98.113

■ 36, 52.841,
292.430

■ 84, 24.279, 97.392

■ 32, 61.928,
295.283

■ 89, 30.869, 96.757

■ 28, 71.036,
298.236

■ 93, 37.296, 96.194

■ 24, 79.687,
301.058

■ 97, 42.748,
103.678

■ 98, 45.429,
106.706

■ 23, 83.466,
302.202

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 11.406, 282.283



65, 11.217, 98.679

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 11.406, 282.283



60, 11.406, 332.283



60, 11.406, 102.283



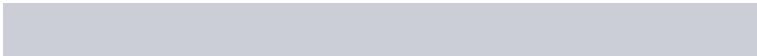
60, 11.406, 152.283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 11.405, 282.279



83, 4.589, 281.011



65, 9.797, 180.667



43, 3.128, 281.086



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 11.405, 282.279



75, 16.811, 282.712



59, 14.465, 302.123



32, 4.181, 281.502



20, 75.706, 301.929



1, 6.568, 281.508

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 10.310, 4.668



75, 15.248, 5.019



66, 14.048, 120.294



32, 3.753, 4.024



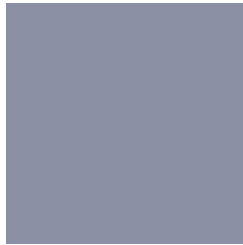
30, 60.538, 28.298



1, 5.669, 4.689

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 11.406, 282.283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

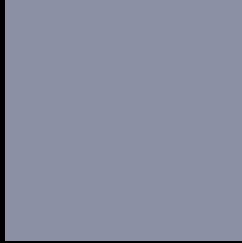
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 11.406, 282.283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

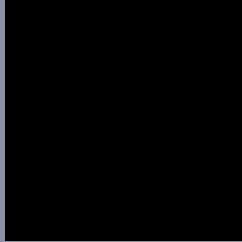
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

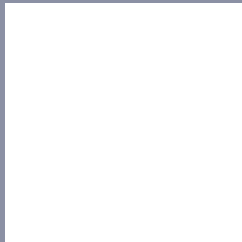
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 11.406, 282.283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 11.406, 282.283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 11.406, 282.283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 11.406, 282.283

Protanopia

60, 11.884, 287.998

Deuteranopia

60, 13.944, 303.872



Tritanopia
60, 7.205, 269.846

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 11.406, 282.283

Protanomaly
60, 11.905, 286.255

Deuteranomaly
60, 13.080, 296.447

Tritanomaly
60, 8.797, 274.140

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 11.406, 282.283

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 4.014, 279.752

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 11.406, 282.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 144, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 144, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 144, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 144, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 11.406, 282.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 144, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 144, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 144, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 144, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 144, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 144,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 11.406, 282.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 144, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
144, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor