

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 12.747, 156.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 12.747, 156.234)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 12.646, 156.293)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E9687
RGB	126, 150, 135
RGB Percent	49%, 59%, 53%
CMY	0.5047, 0.4106, 0.4694
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.10, 0.41
HSL	142°, 10%, 54%
HSV	142°, 16%, 59%
XYZ	23.9950, 28.1233, 27.1935
YIQ	141.1140, -9.4890, -9.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

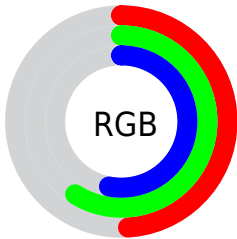
Format	Color
RYB	126, 143, 150
Decimal	8296071
CIELab	60.00, -11.58, 5.08
CIElCh	60, 12.646, 156.293
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3025, 0.3546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286486151 (0xFF7E9687)
YUV	141.1140, -3.0142, -13.2550
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -12.0397, 6.7192

Details

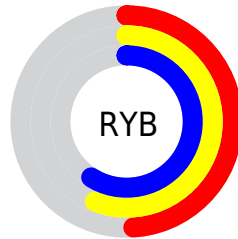
The CIELCh color $60, 12.646, 156.293$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 12.781, 338.633$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 12.575, 155.925$, and $40, 12.600, 155.338$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 20.554, 155.393$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 4.713, 157.117$.

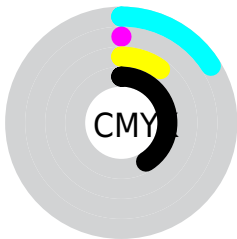
Distribution



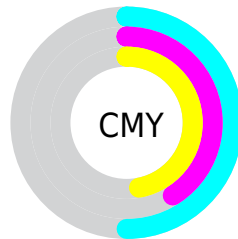
- Red (49%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 12.646, 156.293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 12.646, 156.293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 12.646,
156.293


 60, 12.646,
156.293


 100, 12.646,
156.293


 50, 12.646,
156.293


 80, 12.646,
156.293

 40, 12.646,
156.293


 90, 12.646,
156.293


 30, 12.646,
156.293

 20, 12.646,
156.293

 10, 12.646,
156.293

 0, 12.646, 156.293

 60, 12.646,

 60, 12.646,

156.293

■ 59, 20.554,
155.393

■ 58, 28.326,
154.378

■ 57, 35.841,
153.222

■ 56, 42.964,
151.902

■ 55, 49.561,
150.401

■ 55, 55.514,
148.709

■ 55, 60.742,
146.832

■ 54, 65.231,
144.822

156.293

■ 61, 4.713, 157.117

■ 63, 3.166, 337.661

■ 64, 10.925,
338.354

■ 66, 18.517,
338.931

■ 68, 25.912,
339.451

■ 70, 33.091,
339.924

■ 72, 40.048,
340.360

■ 74, 46.778,
340.763

■ 54, 66.919,
144.063

■ 75, 51.765,
339.066

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 12.646, 156.293



56, 12.781, 338.633

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 12.646, 156.293



60, 12.646, 206.293



60, 12.646, 336.293



60, 12.646, 26.293

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 12.647, 156.292



78, 4.901, 157.192



61, 13.905, 123.477



42, 3.372, 157.136



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 12.647, 156.292



76, 18.710, 155.996



60, 9.196, 187.220



31, 4.405, 156.852



50, 62.526, 144.247



2, 3.847, 157.487

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 12.781, 338.633



69, 18.942, 338.906



55, 9.910, 9.869



29, 4.436, 338.101



30, 56.179, 350.042



1, 3.848, 337.479

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 12.646, 156.293 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 12.646, 156.293 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

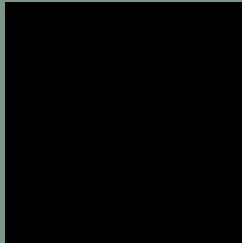
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 12.646, 156.293

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 12.646, 156.293.

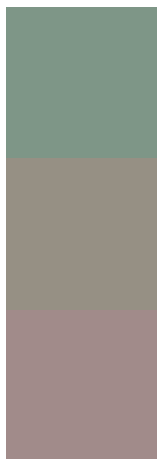


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 12.646, 156.293.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

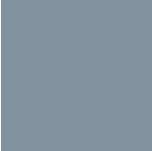
Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 12.646, 156.293

Protanopia
60, 7.160, 89.643

Deuteranopia
60, 8.861, 23.867



Tritanopia
60, 9.037, 247.825

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 12.646, 156.293

Protanomaly
60, 7.594, 124.516

Deuteranomaly
60, 3.906, 79.205

Tritanomaly
60, 7.139, 207.952

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 12.646, 156.293

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 4.230, 157.157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 12.646, 156.293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 150, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 150, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 150, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 150, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 12.646, 156.293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 150, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 150, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 150, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 150, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 150, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 150,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 12.646, 156.293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 150, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
150, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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