

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 13.449, 55.778)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 13.449, 55.778) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 13.470, 55.768)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A58B7D
RGB	165, 139, 125
RGB Percent	65%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.3512, 0.4533, 0.5082
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.24, 0.35
HSL	21°, 18%, 57%
HSV	21°, 24%, 65%
XYZ	28.6285, 28.1233, 23.4588
YIQ	145.1780, 19.9900, 1.1580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

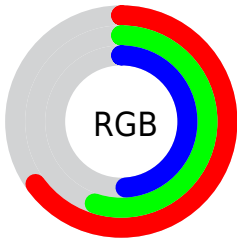
Format	Color
R _Y B	165, 147, 125
Decimal	10849149
CIE Lab	60.00, 7.58, 11.14
CIE LCh	60, 13.470, 55.768
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3569, 0.3506
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289039229 (0xFFA58B7D)
YUV	145.1780, -9.9478, 17.3839
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 3.5566, 10.8947

Details

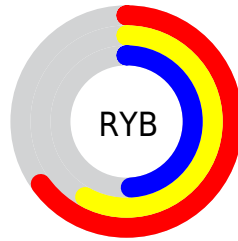
The CIELCh color $60, 13.470, 55.768$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61, 11.908, 240.466$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 13.191, 54.189$, and $40, 13.696, 55.380$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 19.725, 55.054$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 7.632, 56.541$.

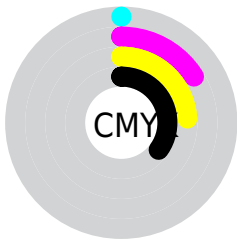
Distribution



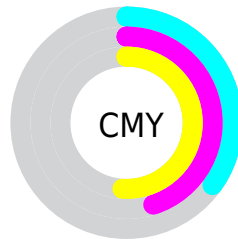
- Red (65%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 13.470, 55.768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 13.470, 55.768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 13.470, 55.768

■ 60, 13.470, 55.768

■ 100, 13.470,
55.768

■ 50, 13.470, 55.768

■ 80, 13.470, 55.768

■ 40, 13.470, 55.768

■ 90, 13.470, 55.768

■ 30, 13.470, 55.768

■ 20, 13.470, 55.768

■ 10, 13.470, 55.768

■ 0, 13.470, 55.768

■ 60, 13.470, 55.768

■ 60, 13.470, 55.768

■ 57, 19.725, 55.054

■ 63, 7.632, 56.541

■ 54, 26.419, 54.395

■ 67, 2.178, 57.230

51, 33.545, 53.811

70, 2.930, 238.410

48, 41.044, 53.292

73, 7.730, 239.180

45, 48.746, 52.780

77, 12.257,
240.018

43, 56.258, 52.116

80, 16.546,
240.857

41, 62.783, 50.948

40, 66.349, 50.364

83, 20.625,
241.685

87, 23.695,
239.575

90, 23.726,
222.680

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 13.470, 55.768



61, 11.908, 240.466

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 13.470, 55.768



60, 13.470, 105.768



60, 13.470, 235.768



60, 13.470, 285.768

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 13.470, 55.778



83, 4.533, 57.065



57, 21.386, 338.162



43, 2.946, 57.028



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 13.470, 55.778



74, 20.303, 55.385



65, 18.893, 100.613



33, 2.957, 56.915



35, 60.107, 50.767



2, 4.474, 53.674

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 11.908, 240.466



76, 17.401, 241.253



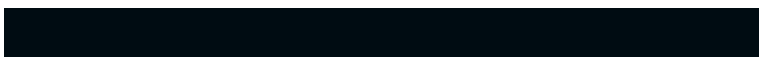
56, 19.578, 286.327



33, 2.834, 238.721



38, 34.720, 263.776



3, 4.549, 244.829

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 13.470, 55.768 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 13.470, 55.768 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

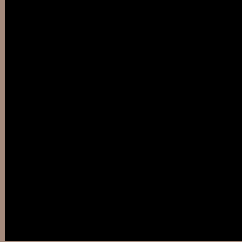
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 13.470, 55.768

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 13.470, 55.768.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 13.470, 55.768.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 13.470, 55.768

Protanopia

60, 9.432, 91.524

Deuteranopia

60, 13.820, 54.759



Tritanopia
60, 14.055, 354.841

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 13.470, 55.768

Protanomaly
60, 10.231, 74.970

Deuteranomaly
60, 13.820, 54.759

Tritanomaly
60, 12.131, 15.343

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 13.470, 55.768

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 4.538, 57.781

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 13.470, 55.768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 139, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 139, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 139, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 139, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 13.470, 55.768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 139, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 139, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 139, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 139, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 139, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 139,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 13.470, 55.768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 139, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
139, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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