

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 14.958, 198.055)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 14.958, 198.055)
contains.

CIELCh(60, 14.949, 198.062)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(60, 14.949, 198.062)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E9898
RGB	110, 152, 152
RGB Percent	43%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.5678, 0.4031, 0.4031
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	180°, 17%, 51%
HSV	180°, 28%, 60%
XYZ	23.4000, 28.1233, 33.9872
YIQ	139.4420, -25.0320, -8.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

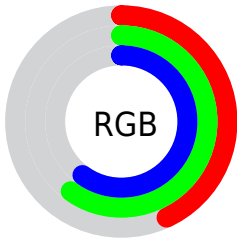
Format	Color
RYB	110, 131, 152
Decimal	7248024
CIELab	60.00, -14.21, -4.63
CIElCh	60, 14.949, 198.062
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2737, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285438104 (0xFF6E9898)
YUV	139.4420, 6.1911, -25.8206
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -14.0421, -0.8762

Details

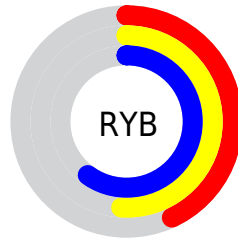
The CIELCh color `60, 14.949, 198.062` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `51, 17.932, 21.545`, and the grayscale version is `58, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `80, 14.779, 198.355`, and `40, 15.010, 197.593` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `59, 19.576, 197.638`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `61, 9.850, 198.535`.

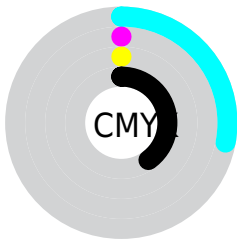
Distribution



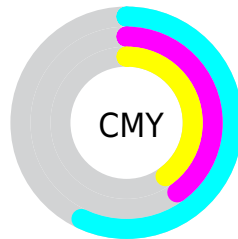
- Red (43%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 14.949, 198.062 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 14.949, 198.062 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 14.949,
198.062


 60, 14.949,
198.062


 100, 14.949,
198.062


 50, 14.949,
198.062


 80, 14.949,
198.062

 40, 14.949,
198.062

 90, 14.949,
198.062


 30, 14.949,
198.062

 20, 14.949,
198.062

 10, 14.949,
198.062

 0, 14.949, 198.062

 60, 14.949,

 60, 14.949,

198.062

■ 59, 19.576,
197.638

■ 59, 23.643,
197.277

■ 58, 27.075,
196.978

■ 58, 29.818,
196.741

■ 57, 31.849,
196.568

■ 57, 33.185,
196.454

■ 57, 33.940,
196.390

■ 57, 34.097,
196.377

198.062

■ 61, 9.850, 198.535

■ 62, 4.367, 199.097

■ 63, 1.412, 19.213

■ 65, 7.409, 20.039

■ 66, 13.556, 20.654

■ 67, 19.795, 21.267

■ 69, 26.082, 21.882

■ 71, 32.379, 22.498

■ 73, 38.660, 23.111

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 14.949, 198.062



51, 17.932, 21.545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 14.949, 198.062



60, 14.949, 248.062



60, 14.949, 18.062



60, 14.949, 68.062

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 14.949, 198.058



79, 5.711, 199.060



59, 28.832, 142.211



41, 4.034, 198.973



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 14.949, 198.058



76, 21.723, 197.796



54, 13.757, 257.661



32, 3.249, 198.994



53, 32.121, 196.377



3, 3.595, 199.416

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 17.932, 21.545



62, 27.259, 22.268



56, 14.922, 70.315



30, 3.439, 19.891



28, 66.111, 39.047



1, 3.595, 19.400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 14.949, 198.062 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 14.949, 198.062 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 14.949, 198.062

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 14.949, 198.062.

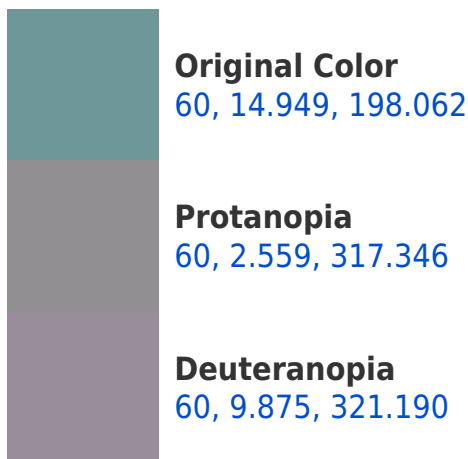



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 14.949, 198.062.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 14.568, 226.269

Trichromacy



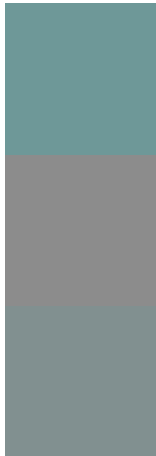
Original Color
60, 14.949, 198.062

Protanomaly
60, 5.140, 218.365

Deuteranomaly
60, 6.180, 265.828

Tritanomaly
60, 14.215, 216.928

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 14.949, 198.062

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 5.684, 198.932

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 14.949, 198.062 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 152, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 152, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 152, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 152, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 14.949, 198.062 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 152, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 152, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 152, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 152, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 152, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 152,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 14.949, 198.062 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 152, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
152, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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