

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 15.929, 315.838)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 15.929, 315.838)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 15.566, 315.718)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C8BA4
RGB	156, 139, 164
RGB Percent	61%, 55%, 64%
CMY	0.3891, 0.4557, 0.3577
CMYK	0.05, 0.15, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	281°, 12%, 59%
HSV	281°, 15%, 64%
XYZ	29.5522, 28.1233, 38.8902
YIQ	146.9330, 2.1070, 11.3790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

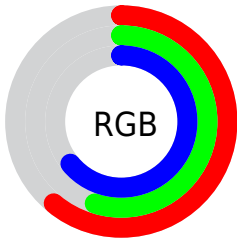
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 139, 164
Decimal	10259364
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 11.14, -10.87
CIE _{LCh}	60, 15.566, 315.718
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3060, 0.2912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288449444 (0xFF9C8BA4)
YUV	146.9330, 8.4140, 7.9518
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 6.6655, -6.3579

Details

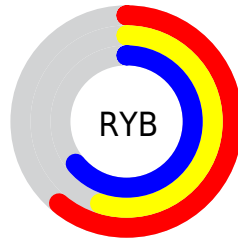
The CIELCh color $60, 15.566, 315.718$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 15.372, 134.448$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 15.338, 315.975$, and $40, 15.468, 316.415$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 25.993, 316.152$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 5.309, 315.281$.

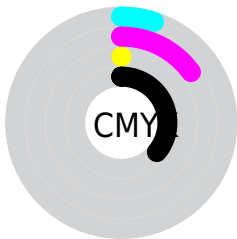
Distribution



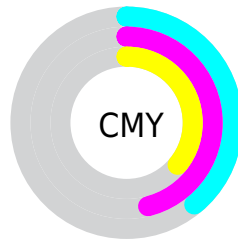
- Red (61%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 15.566, 315.718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 15.566, 315.718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 15.566,
315.718


 60, 15.566,
315.718


 100, 15.566,
315.718


 50, 15.566,
315.718


 80, 15.566,
315.718

 40, 15.566,
315.718

 90, 15.566,
315.718


 30, 15.566,
315.718

 20, 15.566,
315.718

 10, 15.566,
315.718

 0, 15.566, 315.718

 60, 15.566,

 60, 15.566,

315.718

55, 25.993,
316.152

51, 36.492,
316.582

46, 46.888,
316.986

42, 56.918,
317.331

38, 66.204,
317.572

35, 74.258,
317.652

32, 80.542,
317.502

30, 84.654,
317.066

315.718

65, 5.309, 315.281

70, 4.712, 134.945

74, 14.467,
134.555

79, 23.946,
134.212

84, 33.147,
133.903

89, 42.077,
133.624

94, 50.745,
133.374

94, 50.770,
131.719

■ 30, 86.257,
316.828

■ 95, 49.945,
129.825

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 15.566, 315.718



65, 15.372, 134.448

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 15.566, 315.718



60, 15.566, 5.718



60, 15.566, 135.718



60, 15.566, 185.718

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 15.564, 315.717



82, 6.219, 315.273



61, 9.793, 273.189



43, 4.279, 315.304



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 15.564, 315.717



74, 22.689, 315.850



61, 15.159, 330.287



32, 5.718, 315.458



26, 78.979, 316.925



1, 8.686, 313.228

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 10.829, 356.021



75, 15.824, 356.362



65, 15.116, 148.413



32, 3.958, 355.384



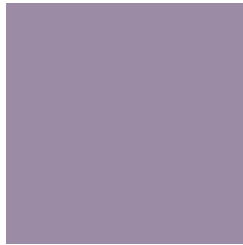
30, 56.865, 18.095



1, 5.958, 356.660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 15.566, 315.718 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

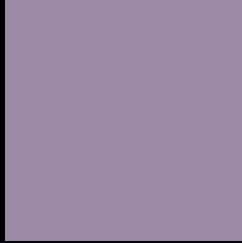
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 15.566, 315.718 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

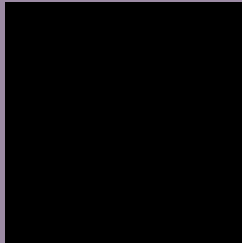
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 15.566, 315.718

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 15.566, 315.718.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 15.566, 315.718.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 15.566, 315.718

Protanopia

60, 13.012, 286.852

Deuteranopia

60, 12.937, 306.501



Tritanopia
60, 8.017, 329.430

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 15.566, 315.718

Protanomaly
60, 13.681, 297.824

Deuteranomaly
60, 13.821, 310.436

Tritanomaly
60, 10.750, 323.246

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 15.566, 315.718

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 5.602, 314.880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 15.566, 315.718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 139, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 139, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 139, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 139, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 15.566, 315.718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 139, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 139, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 139, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 139, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 139, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 139,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 15.566, 315.718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 139, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
139, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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