

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 16.313, 274.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 16.313, 274.584)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 16.405, 274.648)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8391AD
RGB	131, 145, 173
RGB Percent	51%, 57%, 68%
CMY	0.4860, 0.4311, 0.3213
CMYK	0.24, 0.16, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	220°, 20%, 60%
HSV	220°, 24%, 68%
XYZ	27.0571, 28.1233, 43.5747
YIQ	144.0060, -17.3320, 5.7400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

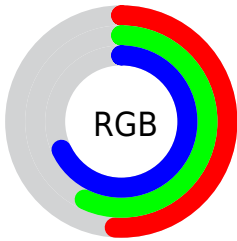
Format	Color
RYB	131, 142, 173
Decimal	8622509
CIELab	60.00, 1.33, -16.35
CIELCh	60, 16.405, 274.648
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2740, 0.2848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286812589 (0xFF8391AD)
YUV	144.0060, 14.2940, -11.4063
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -1.7327, -11.5952

Details

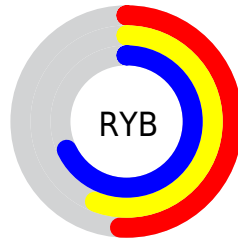
The CIELCh color $60, 16.405, 274.648$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $66, 16.492, 88.069$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 16.032, 274.411$, and $40, 16.436, 274.758$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 23.347, 276.515$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 9.572, 273.050$.

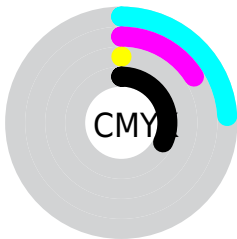
Distribution



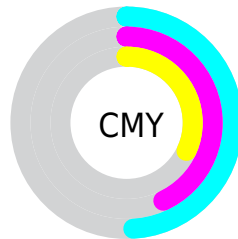
- Red (51%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 16.405, 274.648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 16.405, 274.648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 16.405,
274.648


 60, 16.405,
274.648


 100, 16.405,
274.648


 50, 16.405,
274.648


 80, 16.405,
274.648

 40, 16.405,
274.648


 90, 16.405,
274.648


 30, 16.405,
274.648

 20, 16.405,
274.648

 10, 16.405,
274.648

 0, 16.405, 274.648

 60, 16.405,

 60, 16.405,

274.648

274.648

■ 56, 23.347,
276.515

■ 64, 9.572, 273.050

■ 51, 30.411,
278.699

■ 69, 2.846, 271.726

■ 73, 3.774, 90.404

■ 47, 37.619,
281.233

■ 78, 10.288, 89.410

■ 43, 44.998,
284.135

■ 82, 16.695, 88.518

■ 86, 22.994, 87.731

■ 39, 52.579,
287.383

■ 91, 29.184, 87.034

■ 35, 60.361,
290.893

■ 94, 33.516, 95.625

■ 31, 68.262,
294.498

■ 97, 38.287,
103.651

■ 29, 72.785,
296.422

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 16.405, 274.648



66, 16.492, 88.069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 16.405, 274.648



60, 16.405, 324.648



60, 16.405, 94.648



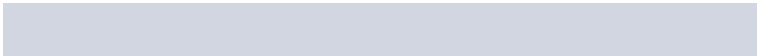
60, 16.405, 144.648

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 16.404, 274.645



85, 5.773, 272.068



67, 17.503, 170.299



45, 3.747, 272.140



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 16.404, 274.645



73, 24.312, 275.588



57, 24.189, 298.156



34, 3.791, 272.353



25, 64.877, 295.999



2, 8.503, 275.733

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 18.400, 356.161



72, 27.345, 356.828



69, 22.918, 114.271



34, 4.192, 354.493



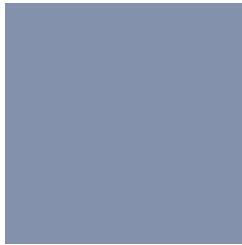
31, 58.076, 17.050



2, 8.428, 357.933

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 16.405, 274.648 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

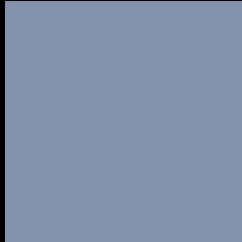
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 16.405, 274.648 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

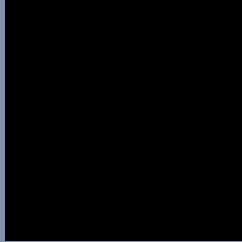
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

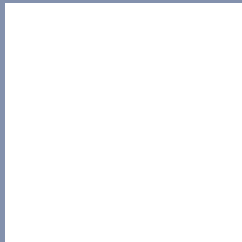
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 16.405, 274.648

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 16.405, 274.648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 16.405, 274.648.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 16.405, 274.648

Protanopia

60, 16.448, 285.838

Deuteranopia

60, 18.731, 295.515



Tritanopia
60, 9.512, 244.637

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 16.405, 274.648

Protanomaly
60, 16.051, 280.563

Deuteranomaly
60, 18.112, 288.859

Tritanomaly
60, 11.683, 260.018

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 16.405, 274.648

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 6.458, 274.092

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 16.405, 274.648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 145, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 145, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 145, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 145, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 16.405, 274.648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 145, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 145, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 145, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 145, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 145, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 145,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 16.405, 274.648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 145, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
145, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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