

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 16.317, 189.914)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 16.317, 189.914)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 16.317, 189.914)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C9995
RGB	108, 153, 149
RGB Percent	42%, 60%, 58%
CMY	0.5766, 0.4001, 0.4158
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.03, 0.40
HSL	175°, 18%, 51%
HSV	175°, 29%, 60%
XYZ	22.9856, 28.1233, 32.6336
YIQ	139.0890, -25.5360, -10.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

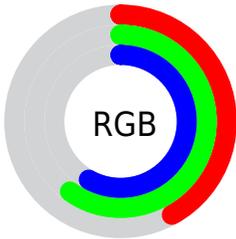
Format	Color
RYB	108, 132, 153
Decimal	7117205
CIELab	60.00, -16.07, -2.81
CIElCh	60, 16.317, 189.914
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2745, 0.3358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285307285 (0xFF6C9995)
YUV	139.0890, 4.8861, -27.2651
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -15.4371, 0.6371

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 16.317, 189.914$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $50, 19.183, 14.917$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 16.069, 190.586$, and $40, 16.467, 188.819$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 21.122, 189.153$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 11.076, 190.665$.

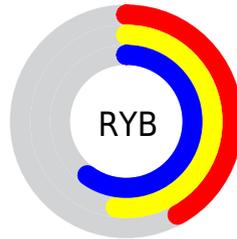
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (60%)

Blue (58%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (60%)

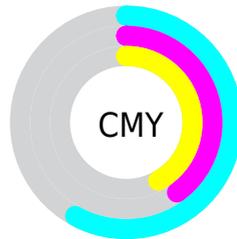


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 16.317, 189.914 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 16.317, 189.914 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 16.317,
189.914

 60, 16.317,
189.914

 100, 16.317,
189.914

 50, 16.317,
189.914

 80, 16.317,
189.914

 40, 16.317,
189.914

 90, 16.317,
189.914

 30, 16.317,
189.914

 20, 16.317,
189.914

 10, 16.317,
189.914

 0, 16.317, 189.914

 60, 16.317,

 60, 16.317,

189.914

189.914

■ 59, 21.122,
189.153

■ 61, 11.076,
190.665

■ 58, 25.398,
188.383

■ 62, 5.492, 191.441

■ 58, 29.062,
187.589

■ 63, 0.347, 10.821

■ 65, 6.362, 12.749

■ 57, 32.052,
186.760

■ 66, 12.486, 13.503

■ 57, 34.340,
185.880

■ 68, 18.664, 14.228

■ 69, 24.853, 14.939

■ 57, 35.938,
184.933

■ 71, 31.020, 15.636

■ 57, 37.017,
183.930

■ 73, 37.140, 16.319

■ 57, 37.077,
183.873

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 16.317, 189.914



50, 19.183, 14.917

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 16.317, 189.914



60, 16.317, 239.914



60, 16.317, 9.914



60, 16.317, 59.914

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 16.318, 189.910



79, 6.503, 191.461



59, 30.034, 139.999



41, 4.495, 191.352



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 16.318, 189.910



76, 23.550, 189.436



55, 13.766, 247.822



32, 3.297, 191.457



52, 34.777, 183.960



3, 3.639, 191.273

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 19.183, 14.917



61, 28.779, 15.804



55, 15.666, 60.998



30, 3.457, 12.709



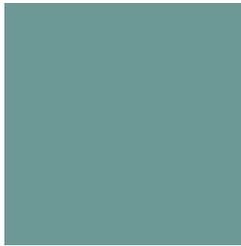
28, 63.192, 35.347



1, 3.630, 12.170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 16.317, 189.914 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

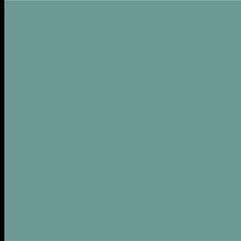
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 16.317, 189.914 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

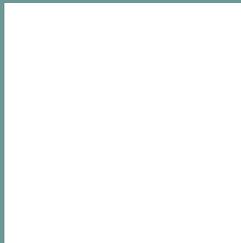
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 16.317, 189.914

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 16.317, 189.914.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 16.317, 189.914.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 16.317, 189.914

Protanopia
60, 1.563, 19.284

Deuteranopia
60, 8.949, 331.087



Tritanopia
60, 15.121, 225.127

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 16.317, 189.914

Protanomaly
60, 5.466, 187.007

Deuteranomaly
60, 4.257, 252.254

Tritanomaly
60, 14.938, 211.353

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 16.317, 189.914

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 6.108, 193.537

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 16.317, 189.914 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 153, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 153, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 153, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 153, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 16.317, 189.914 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 153, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 153, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 153, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 153, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 153, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 153,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 16.317, 189.914 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 153, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
153, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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