

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 16.827, 32.900)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 16.827, 32.900) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 17.014, 32.350)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF8781
RGB	175, 135, 129
RGB Percent	69%, 53%, 51%
CMY	0.3128, 0.4697, 0.4932
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.26, 0.31
HSL	8°, 22%, 60%
HSV	8°, 26%, 69%
XYZ	30.4055, 28.1233, 24.6721
YIQ	146.2760, 25.7660, 6.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

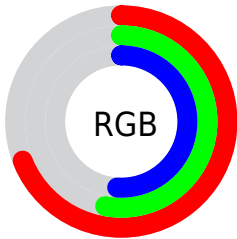
Format	Color
R_{YB}	175, 136, 129
Decimal	11503489
CIE Lab	60.00, 14.37, 9.10
CIE LCh	60, 17.014, 32.350
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3654, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289693569 (0xFFAF8781)
YUV	146.2760, -8.5171, 25.1909
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 9.5378, 9.5382

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 17.014, 32.350$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $67, 14.195, 211.929$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 16.983, 31.395$, and $40, 17.228, 31.711$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 24.472, 32.912$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 10.108, 31.984$.

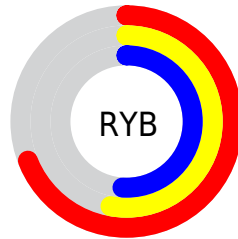
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (53%)

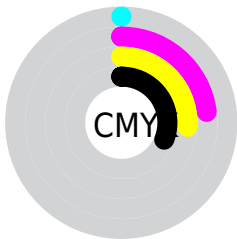
Blue (51%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (51%)

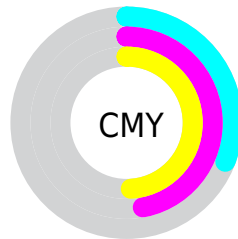


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 17.014, 32.350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 17.014, 32.350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 17.014, 32.350

■ 60, 17.014, 32.350

■ 100, 17.014,
32.350

■ 50, 17.014, 32.350

■ 80, 17.014, 32.350

■ 40, 17.014, 32.350

■ 90, 17.014, 32.350

■ 30, 17.014, 32.350

■ 20, 17.014, 32.350

■ 10, 17.014, 32.350

■ 0, 17.014, 32.350

■ 60, 17.014, 32.350

■ 60, 17.014, 32.350

■ 56, 24.472, 32.912

■ 64, 10.108, 31.984

■ 52, 32.478, 33.708

■ 69, 3.735, 31.696

48, 40.975, 34.799

73, 2.146, 211.973

45, 49.832, 36.223

78, 7.582, 211.798

42, 58.790, 37.946

82, 12.620,
211.827

40, 67.309, 39.752

87, 17.309,
211.918

38, 74.301, 41.098

37, 76.733, 41.800

92, 21.689,
212.047

95, 25.320,
197.856

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 17.014, 32.350



67, 14.195, 211.929

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 17.014, 32.350



60, 17.014, 82.350



60, 17.014, 212.350



60, 17.014, 262.350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 17.013, 32.357



86, 5.936, 31.756



60, 28.596, 329.307



45, 4.279, 31.798



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 17.013, 32.357



73, 26.253, 32.681



66, 17.319, 83.545



34, 3.391, 31.789



32, 68.019, 41.711



2, 7.059, 29.256

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 14.195, 211.929



83, 20.840, 212.089



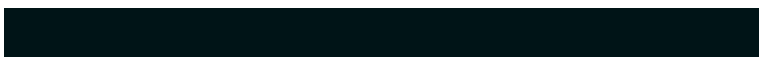
60, 16.928, 270.878



36, 3.197, 211.815



50, 29.598, 220.061



5, 6.675, 217.599

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 17.014, 32.350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 17.014, 32.350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

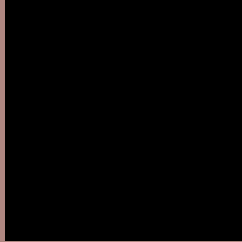
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 17.014, 32.350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 17.014, 32.350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 17.014, 32.350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 17.014, 32.350

Protanopia

60, 6.107, 86.302

Deuteranopia

60, 12.404, 52.951



Tritanopia
60, 18.454, 3.802

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 17.014, 32.350

Protanomaly
60, 8.927, 54.365

Deuteranomaly
60, 14.108, 43.843

Tritanomaly
60, 17.175, 13.765

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 17.014, 32.350

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 5.672, 31.254

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 17.014, 32.350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 135, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 135, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 135, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 135, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 17.014, 32.350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 135, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 135, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 135, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 135, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 135, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 135,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 17.014, 32.350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 135, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
135, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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