

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 17.414, 342.644)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 17.414, 342.644)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 17.284, 343.102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA879A
RGB	170, 135, 154
RGB Percent	67%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.3341, 0.4713, 0.3969
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.09, 0.33
HSL	327°, 17%, 60%
HSV	327°, 21%, 67%
XYZ	30.9865, 28.1233, 34.2804
YIQ	147.6310, 14.7610, 13.3290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

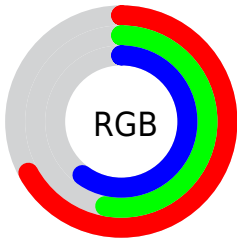
Format	Color
R_{YB}	170, 135, 154
Decimal	11175834
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 16.54, -5.02
CIE _{LCh}	60, 17.284, 343.102
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3318, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289365914 (0xFFAA879A)
YUV	147.6310, 3.1399, 19.6176
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 11.4934, -1.2041

Details

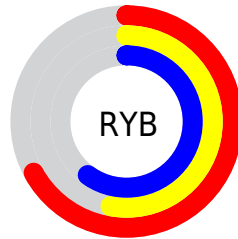
The CIELCh color $60, 17.284, 343.102$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $67, 16.931, 159.695$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 17.553, 343.660$, and $40, 17.185, 342.625$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 25.784, 344.077$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 8.816, 342.214$.

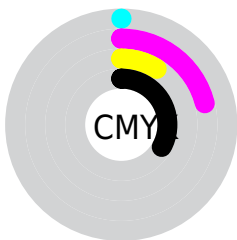
Distribution



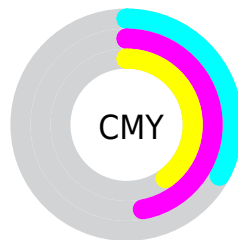
- Red (67%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 17.284, 343.102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 17.284, 343.102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 17.284,
343.102


 60, 17.284,
343.102


 100, 17.284,
343.102


 50, 17.284,
343.102


 80, 17.284,
343.102

 40, 17.284,
343.102

 90, 17.284,
343.102


 30, 17.284,
343.102

 20, 17.284,
343.102

 10, 17.284,
343.102

 0, 17.284, 343.102

 60, 17.284,

 60, 17.284,

343.102

56, 25.784,
344.077

51, 34.136,
345.170

48, 42.068,
346.424

44, 49.219,
347.899

41, 55.172,
349.680

39, 59.527,
351.882

37, 62.047,
354.645

37, 63.149,
357.731

343.102

65, 8.816, 342.214

69, 0.503, 340.773

74, 7.589, 160.778

79, 15.427,
160.083

84, 23.002,
159.452

88, 30.315,
158.869

93, 37.378,
158.327

94, 35.460,
162.645

94, 33.007,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 17.284, 343.102



67, 16.931, 159.695

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 17.284, 343.102



60, 17.284, 33.102



60, 17.284, 163.102



60, 17.284, 213.102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 17.282, 343.104



85, 6.170, 341.819



59, 20.781, 308.313



45, 4.128, 341.876



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 17.282, 343.104



74, 26.137, 343.563



60, 14.230, 16.934



33, 4.663, 342.099



32, 57.144, 357.267



2, 8.002, 345.381

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 17.282, 343.104



74, 26.137, 343.563



67, 12.610, 193.944



33, 4.663, 342.099



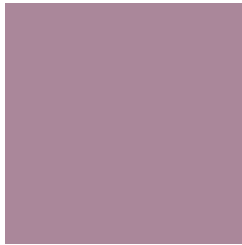
32, 57.144, 357.267



2, 8.002, 345.381

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 17.284, 343.102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

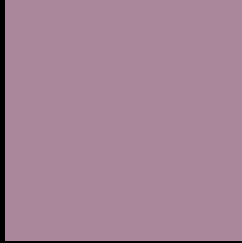
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 17.284, 343.102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

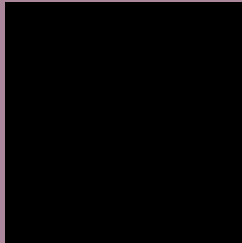
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 17.284, 343.102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 17.284, 343.102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 17.284, 343.102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 17.284, 343.102

Protanopia
60, 8.476, 288.624

Deuteranopia
60, 8.693, 329.107



Tritanopia
60, 14.415, 355.598

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 17.284, 343.102

Protanomaly
60, 10.174, 317.704

Deuteranomaly
60, 11.356, 336.557

Tritanomaly
60, 14.878, 351.625

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 17.284, 343.102

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 5.783, 344.220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 17.284, 343.102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 135, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 135, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 135, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 135, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 17.284, 343.102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 135, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 135, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 135, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 135, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 135, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 135,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 17.284, 343.102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 135, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
135, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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