

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 19.381, 303.453)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 19.381, 303.453)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 19.081, 303.097)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	968CAD
RGB	150, 140, 173
RGB Percent	59%, 55%, 68%
CMY	0.4130, 0.4522, 0.3228
CMYK	0.13, 0.19, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	258°, 17%, 61%
HSV	258°, 19%, 68%
XYZ	29.3630, 28.1233, 43.2509
YIQ	146.7520, -4.6330, 12.3830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

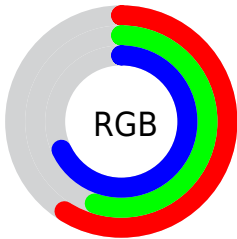
Format	Color
RYB	150, 140, 173
Decimal	9866413
CIELab	60.00, 10.42, -15.99
CIELCh	60, 19.081, 303.097
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2915, 0.2792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288056493 (0xFF968CAD)
YUV	146.7520, 12.9403, 2.8485
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 6.0286, -11.2332

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 19.081, 303.097$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $69, 18.402, 120.833$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 18.526, 302.511$, and $40, 19.295, 303.074$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 29.568, 303.837$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 8.937, 302.436$.

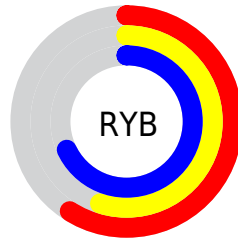
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (55%)

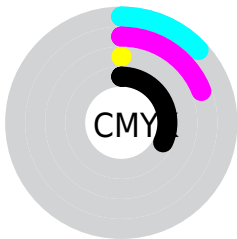
Blue (68%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (68%)

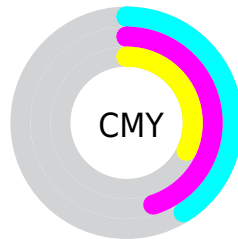


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 19.081, 303.097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 19.081, 303.097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 19.081,
303.097

■ 60, 19.081,
303.097

■ 100, 19.081,
303.097

■ 50, 19.081,
303.097

■ 80, 19.081,
303.097

■ 40, 19.081,
303.097

■ 90, 19.081,
303.097

■ 30, 19.081,
303.097

■ 20, 19.081,
303.097

■ 10, 19.081,
303.097

■ 0, 19.081, 303.097

■ 60, 19.081,

■ 60, 19.081,

303.097

54, 29.568,
303.837

49, 40.373,
304.657

44, 51.409,
305.541

38, 62.488,
306.450

33, 73.242,
307.316

29, 83.029,
308.019

26, 90.905,
308.394

23, 96.367,
308.399

303.097

66, 8.937, 302.436

71, 0.857, 121.915

77, 10.310,
121.364

82, 19.440,
120.926

88, 28.263,
120.547

93, 36.799,
120.222

97, 42.097,
118.100

98, 41.399,
111.870

■ 23, 96.844,
308.410

■ 98, 41.231,
107.030

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 19.081, 303.097



69, 18.402, 120.833

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 19.081, 303.097



60, 19.081, 353.097



60, 19.081, 123.097



60, 19.081, 173.097

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 19.079, 303.096



85, 7.255, 302.252



65, 9.768, 233.199



45, 4.811, 302.290



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 19.079, 303.096



74, 28.641, 303.405



61, 21.037, 319.639



34, 5.579, 302.449



19, 87.389, 308.512



1, 11.535, 299.797

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 18.032, 335.713



76, 26.908, 336.037



68, 20.848, 137.892



34, 5.330, 334.998



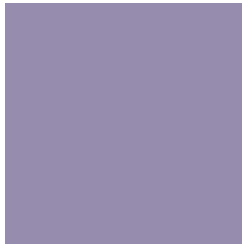
33, 62.346, 344.748



2, 10.473, 338.323

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 19.081, 303.097 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 19.081, 303.097 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

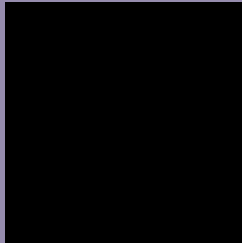
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 19.081, 303.097

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 19.081, 303.097.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 19.081, 303.097.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


60, 19.081, 303.097

Protanopia

60, 18.129, 286.647

Deuteranopia

60, 17.634, 296.787



Tritanopia
60, 6.424, 304.528

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 19.081, 303.097

Protanomaly
60, 18.099, 292.193

Deuteranomaly
60, 17.713, 299.109

Tritanomaly
60, 11.011, 303.068

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 19.081, 303.097

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 6.889, 300.388

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 19.081, 303.097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 140, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 140, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 140, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 140, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 19.081, 303.097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 140, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 140, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 140, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 140, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 140, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 140,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 19.081, 303.097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 140, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
140, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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