

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 20.291, 314.492)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 20.291, 314.492)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 20.291, 314.492)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E89AA
RGB	158, 137, 170
RGB Percent	62%, 54%, 67%
CMY	0.3798, 0.4622, 0.3328
CMYK	0.07, 0.19, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	278°, 16%, 60%
HSV	278°, 19%, 67%
XYZ	30.3647, 28.1233, 41.9315
YIQ	147.0410, 1.9230, 14.7150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

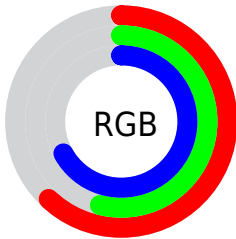
Format	Color
R_{YB}	158, 137, 170
Decimal	10389930
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 14.22, -14.47
CIE _{LCh}	60, 20.291, 314.492
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3024, 0.2801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288580010 (0xFF9E89AA)
YUV	147.0410, 11.3188, 9.6110
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 9.4003, -9.7580

Details

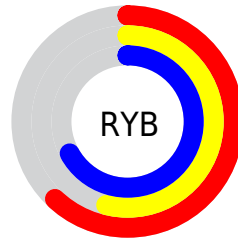
The CIELCh color $60, 20.291, 314.492$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $67, 19.926, 132.848$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 20.446, 315.010$, and $40, 20.388, 313.997$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 31.024, 314.936$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 9.722, 314.054$.

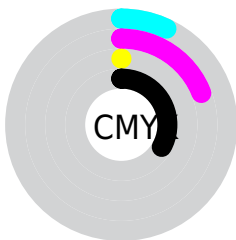
Distribution



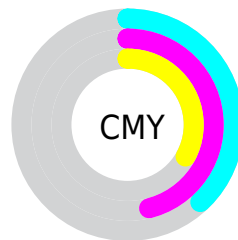
- Red (62%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 20.291, 314.492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 20.291, 314.492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 20.291,
314.492


 60, 20.291,
314.492

 100, 20.291,
314.492

 50, 20.291,
314.492


 80, 20.291,
314.492

 40, 20.291,
314.492

 90, 20.291,
314.492

 30, 20.291,
314.492

 20, 20.291,
314.492

 10, 20.291,
314.492

 0, 20.291, 314.492

 60, 20.291,

 60, 20.291,

314.492

314.492

■ 55, 31.024,
314.936

■ 65, 9.722, 314.054

■ 50, 41.807,
315.375

■ 70, 0.607, 133.898

■ 46, 52.438,
315.781

■ 75, 10.664,
133.298

■ 42, 62.609,
316.114

■ 80, 20.435,
132.947

■ 38, 71.883,
316.319

■ 85, 29.917,
132.632

■ 34, 79.702,
316.327

■ 90, 39.117,
132.350

■ 32, 85.490,
316.060

■ 95, 47.325,
131.945

■ 30, 89.271,
315.528

■ 95, 46.361,
129.526

■ 30, 89.493,
315.498

■ 95, 45.478,
126.964

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 20.291, 314.492



67, 19.926, 132.848

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 20.291, 314.492



60, 20.291, 4.492



60, 20.291, 134.492



60, 20.291, 184.492

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 20.289, 314.491



85, 7.675, 313.909



61, 12.402, 271.118



45, 5.135, 313.937



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 20.289, 314.491



74, 29.971, 314.670



61, 20.377, 329.432



33, 5.802, 314.049



25, 80.668, 315.617



1, 10.285, 311.084

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 14.618, 353.565



75, 21.628, 354.025



67, 20.331, 147.033



33, 4.159, 352.492



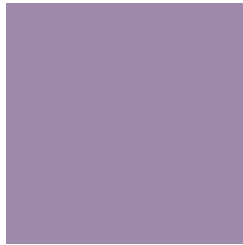
31, 56.814, 14.120



2, 7.258, 355.063

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 20.291, 314.492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 20.291, 314.492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

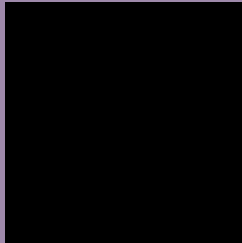
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 20.291, 314.492

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 20.291, 314.492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 20.291, 314.492.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 20.291, 314.492

Protanopia

60, 17.569, 286.391

Deuteranopia

60, 16.036, 299.733



Tritanopia
60, 8.534, 333.565

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 20.291, 314.492

Protanomaly
60, 18.196, 296.689

Deuteranomaly
60, 16.959, 305.663

Tritanomaly
60, 12.588, 322.118

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 20.291, 314.492

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 7.465, 314.963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 20.291, 314.492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 137, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 137, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 137, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 137, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 20.291, 314.492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 137, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 137, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 137, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 137, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 137, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 137,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 20.291, 314.492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 137, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
137, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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