

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 23.062, 106.519)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 23.062, 106.519)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 23.393, 106.447)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	949369
RGB	148, 147, 105
RGB Percent	58%, 58%, 41%
CMY	0.4202, 0.4241, 0.5888
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.29, 0.42
HSL	59°, 17%, 50%
HSV	59°, 29%, 58%
XYZ	25.1416, 28.1233, 17.4319
YIQ	142.5110, 14.0780, -12.8500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

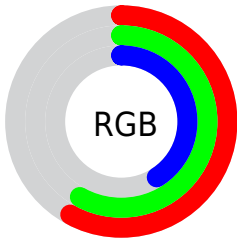
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 148, 105
Decimal	9737065
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, -6.62, 22.44
CIE _{LCh}	60, 23.393, 106.447
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3556, 0.3978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287927145 (0xFF949369)
YUV	142.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -8.1801, 17.6329

Details

The CIELCh color $60, 23.393, 106.447$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $46, 24.965, 292.730$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 23.213, 106.118$, and $40, 23.784, 106.486$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 31.208, 105.499$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 15.414, 107.415$.

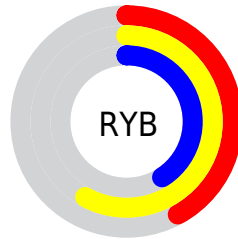
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (58%)

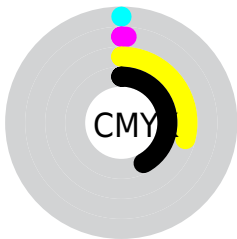
Blue (41%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (41%)

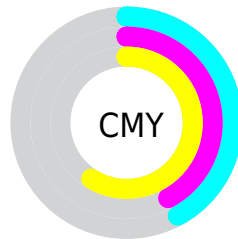


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 23.393, 106.447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 23.393, 106.447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 23.393,
106.447


 60, 23.393,
106.447

 100, 23.393,
106.447

 50, 23.393,
106.447


 80, 23.393,
106.447

 40, 23.393,
106.447

 90, 23.393,
106.447

 30, 23.393,
106.447

 20, 23.393,
106.447

 10, 23.393,
106.447

 0, 23.393, 106.447

 60, 23.393,

 60, 23.393,

106.447

106.447

■ 60, 31.208,
105.499

■ 60, 15.414,
107.415

■ 59, 38.732,
104.581

■ 61, 7.347, 108.375

■ 59, 45.780,
103.721

■ 61, 0.758, 289.410

■ 62, 8.866, 290.265

■ 59, 52.077,
102.949

■ 62, 16.957,
291.158

■ 59, 57.265,
102.299

■ 63, 25.014,
292.017

■ 59, 60.963,
101.802

■ 64, 33.026,
292.837

■ 58, 63.265,
101.440

■ 64, 40.985,
293.617

■ 58, 63.471,
101.407

■ 65, 48.884,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 23.393, 106.447



46, 24.965, 292.730

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 23.393, 106.447



60, 23.393, 156.447



60, 23.393, 286.447



60, 23.393, 336.447

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 23.394, 106.451



77, 8.987, 108.365



49, 18.464, 19.154



41, 6.294, 108.237



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 23.394, 106.451



76, 34.581, 105.818



59, 25.448, 126.554



31, 4.574, 108.363



55, 60.271, 101.417



3, 4.017, 109.243

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 24.965, 292.730



55, 37.576, 293.772



48, 26.551, 309.327



29, 4.667, 290.186



15, 83.417, 305.891



0, 4.018, 289.245

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 23.393, 106.447 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 23.393, 106.447 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

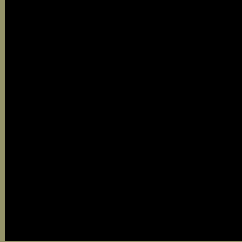
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 23.393, 106.447

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 23.393, 106.447.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 23.393, 106.447.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 23.393, 106.447

Protanopia

60, 22.982, 94.565

Deuteranopia

60, 22.968, 70.824



Tritanopia
60, 8.017, 329.430

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 23.393, 106.447

Protanomaly
60, 23.156, 98.987

Deuteranomaly
60, 22.236, 83.715

Tritanomaly
60, 5.761, 70.829

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 23.393, 106.447

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 9.005, 109.136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 23.393, 106.447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 147, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 147, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 147, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 147, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 23.393, 106.447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 147, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 147, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 147, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 147, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 147, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 147,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 23.393, 106.447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 147, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
147, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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