

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 23.199, 21.878)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 23.199, 21.878) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 23.291, 21.891)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA8282
RGB	186, 130, 130
RGB Percent	73%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.2695, 0.4892, 0.4892
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.27
HSL	0°, 29%, 62%
HSV	0°, 30%, 73%
XYZ	32.3775, 28.1233, 24.9281
YIQ	146.7440, 33.3760, 11.8720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

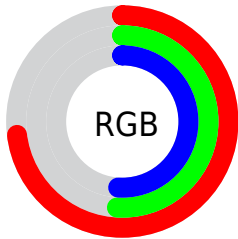
Format	Color
RYB	186, 130, 130
Decimal	12223106
CIELab	60.00, 21.61, 8.68
CIELCh	60, 23.291, 21.891
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3790, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290413186 (0xFFBA8282)
YUV	146.7440, -8.2548, 34.4275
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 16.1752, 9.2520

Details

The CIELCh color **60, 23.291, 21.891** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **72, 18.997, 197.945**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 23.294, 21.324**, and **40, 23.150, 21.464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 32.145, 23.275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 14.968, 20.832**.

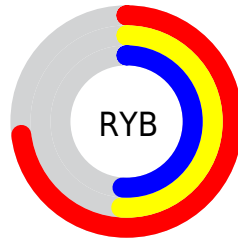
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (51%)

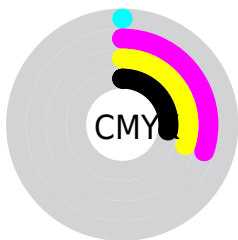
Blue (51%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (51%)

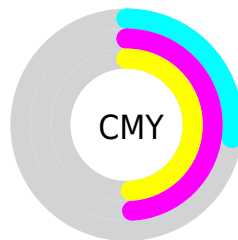


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 23.291, 21.891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 23.291, 21.891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 23.291, 21.891

60, 23.291, 21.891

100, 23.291,
21.891

50, 23.291, 21.891

80, 23.291, 21.891

40, 23.291, 21.891

90, 23.291, 21.891

30, 23.291, 21.891

20, 23.291, 21.891

10, 23.291, 21.891

0, 23.291, 21.891

60, 23.291, 21.891

60, 23.291, 21.891

55, 32.145, 23.275

65, 14.968, 20.832

51, 41.420, 25.073

70, 7.225, 19.983

47, 50.914, 27.396

76, 0.054, 9.763

44, 60.331, 30.316

81, 6.581, 199.010

41, 69.256, 33.750

86, 12.727,
198.578

40, 76.929, 37.215

92, 18.436,
198.250

39, 82.589, 40.001

96, 22.190,
198.050

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 23.291, 21.891



72, 18.997, 197.945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 23.291, 21.891



60, 23.291, 71.891



60, 23.291, 201.891



60, 23.291, 251.891

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 23.289, 21.896



90, 7.960, 19.911



62, 37.214, 326.054



47, 5.609, 20.026



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 23.289, 21.896



73, 35.325, 22.753



67, 19.460, 71.713



37, 4.095, 19.927



32, 72.801, 39.666



3, 12.250, 19.412

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 18.997, 197.945



90, 27.407, 197.673



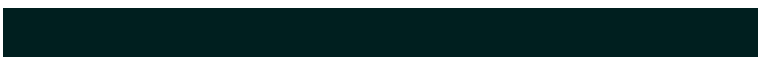
64, 17.921, 260.095



39, 3.863, 198.993



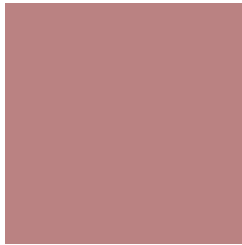
59, 35.054, 196.404



9, 11.661, 196.753

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 23.291, 21.891 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

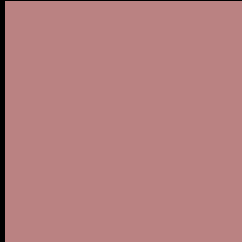
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 23.291, 21.891 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

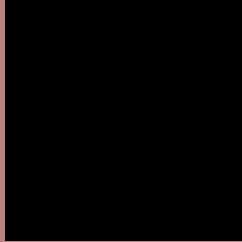
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 23.291, 21.891

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 23.291, 21.891.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 23.291, 21.891.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 23.291, 21.891

Protanopia

60, 3.901, 79.210

Deuteranopia

60, 12.078, 50.835



Tritanopia
60, 24.109, 8.792

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 23.291, 21.891

Protanomaly
60, 10.007, 33.231

Deuteranomaly
60, 15.912, 35.058

Tritanomaly
60, 23.984, 12.752

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 23.291, 21.891

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 7.979, 20.149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 23.291, 21.891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 130, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 130, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 130, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 130, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 23.291, 21.891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 130, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 130, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 130, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 130, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 130, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 130,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 23.291, 21.891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 130, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
130, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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