

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 24.022, 90.692)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 24.022, 90.692) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 24.022, 90.692)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F8F66
RGB	159, 143, 102
RGB Percent	62%, 56%, 40%
CMY	0.3751, 0.4378, 0.5987
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.36, 0.38
HSL	43°, 23%, 51%
HSV	43°, 36%, 62%
XYZ	26.6594, 28.1233, 16.6799
YIQ	143.1100, 22.6970, -9.3590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

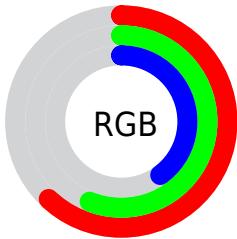
Format	Color
RYB	124, 159, 102
Decimal	10456934
CIELab	60.00, -0.29, 24.02
CIELCh	60, 24.022, 90.692
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3731, 0.3935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288647014 (0xFF9F8F66)
YUV	143.1100, -20.2672, 13.9355
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -3.0713, 18.4736

Details

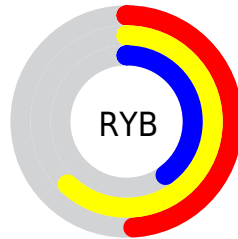
The CIELCh color $60, 24.022, 90.692$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $50, 24.384, 280.581$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 24.283, 91.705$, and $40, 24.253, 91.477$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 30.840, 89.386$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 17.211, 91.973$.

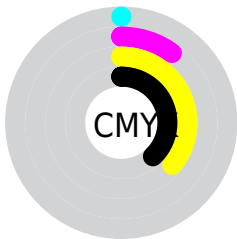
Distribution



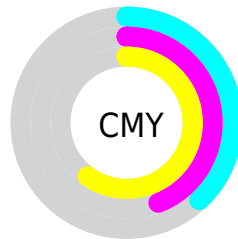
- Red (62%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 24.022, 90.692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 24.022, 90.692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 24.022, 90.692

60, 24.022, 90.692

100, 24.022,
90.692

50, 24.022, 90.692

80, 24.022, 90.692

40, 24.022, 90.692

90, 24.022, 90.692

30, 24.022, 90.692

20, 24.022, 90.692

10, 24.022, 90.692

0, 24.022, 90.692

60, 24.022, 90.692

60, 24.022, 90.692

59, 30.840, 89.386

62, 17.211, 91.973

57, 37.554, 88.039

63, 10.461, 93.209

■ 56, 43.972, 86.644

■ 65, 3.800, 94.383

■ 54, 49.764, 85.167

■ 66, 2.759, 275.651

■ 53, 54.431, 83.543

■ 68, 9.216, 276.720

■ 52, 57.439, 81.666

■ 70, 15.572,
277.776

■ 51, 58.550, 80.872

■ 71, 21.832,
278.787

■ 73, 28.001,
279.748

■ 75, 34.086,
280.660

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 24.022, 90.692



50, 24.384, 280.581

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 24.022, 90.692



60, 24.022, 140.692



60, 24.022, 270.692



60, 24.022, 320.692

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 24.023, 90.697



81, 8.970, 93.758



50, 25.246, 1.214



43, 6.082, 93.608



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 24.023, 90.697



75, 35.760, 89.648



63, 31.598, 116.306



33, 3.703, 93.989



46, 54.064, 81.111



3, 4.649, 92.466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 24.384, 280.581



60, 36.533, 282.270



47, 34.206, 301.552



31, 3.721, 276.275



22, 67.303, 298.582



1, 4.904, 276.125

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 24.022, 90.692 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

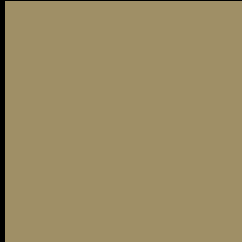
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 24.022, 90.692 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

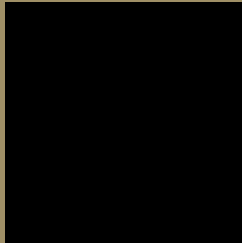
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 24.022, 90.692

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 24.022, 90.692.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 24.022, 90.692.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 24.022, 90.692

Protanopia

60, 23.936, 96.022

Deuteranopia

60, 25.118, 72.683



Tritanopia
60, 12.283, 350.451

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 24.022, 90.692

Protanomaly
60, 23.626, 93.751

Deuteranomaly
60, 24.304, 79.864

Tritanomaly
60, 10.469, 45.551

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 24.022, 90.692

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 8.785, 93.059

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 24.022, 90.692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 143, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 143, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 143, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 143, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 24.022, 90.692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 143, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 143, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 143, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 143, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 143, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 143,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 24.022, 90.692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 143, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
143, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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