

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 29.071, 216.689)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 29.071, 216.689)
contains.

CIELCh(60, 29.071, 216.689)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(60, 29.071, 216.689)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	389DAE
RGB	56, 157, 174
RGB Percent	22%, 62%, 68%
CMY	0.7790, 0.3832, 0.3166
CMYK	0.68, 0.10, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	189°, 51%, 45%
HSV	189°, 68%, 68%
XYZ	21.4203, 28.1233, 44.4839
YIQ	128.7390, -65.6530, -16.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

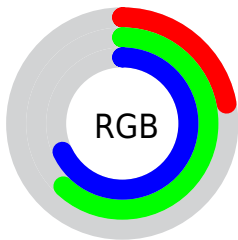
Format	Color
RYB	56, 110, 174
Decimal	3710382
CIELab	60.00, -23.31, -17.37
CIElCh	60, 29.071, 216.689
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2278, 0.2991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281900462 (0xFF389DAE)
YUV	128.7390, 22.3137, -63.7921
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -20.7059, -12.6117

Details

The CIELCh color `60, 29.071, 216.689` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339999`. A complement of this color would be `44, 50.443, 37.304`, and the grayscale version is `54, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `80, 28.964, 216.000`, and `40, 25.365, 221.332` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `59, 30.953, 218.251`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `61, 26.455, 215.499`.

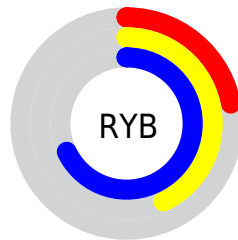
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (62%)

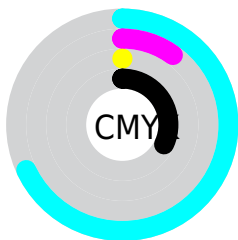
Blue (68%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (68%)

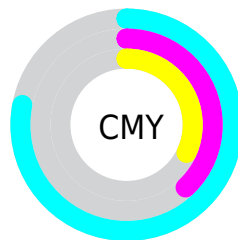


Cyan (68%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 29.071, 216.689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 29.071, 216.689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 29.071,
216.689

 60, 29.071,
216.689


 100, 29.071,
216.689


 50, 29.071,
216.689


 80, 29.071,
216.689

 40, 29.071,
216.689

 90, 29.071,
216.689

 30, 29.071,
216.689

 20, 29.071,
216.689

 10, 29.071,
216.689

 0, 29.071, 216.689

 60, 29.071,

 60, 29.071,

216.689

■ 59, 30.953,
218.251

■ 58, 32.123,
220.247

■ 57, 32.697,
222.688

■ 57, 32.809,
223.278

216.689

■ 61, 26.455,
215.499

■ 63, 23.138,
214.625

■ 64, 19.181,
214.011

■ 66, 14.666,
213.610

■ 68, 9.682, 213.386

■ 70, 4.317, 213.342

■ 72, 1.347, 32.852

■ 74, 7.241, 33.230

■ 76, 13.302, 33.400

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 29.071, 216.689



44, 50.443, 37.304

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 29.071, 216.689



60, 29.071, 266.689



60, 29.071, 36.689



60, 29.071, 86.689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 29.070, 216.688



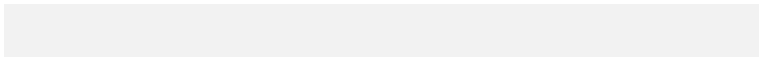
85, 13.478, 213.430



63, 68.399, 141.755



45, 9.186, 213.488



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 29.070, 216.688



75, 38.489, 219.145



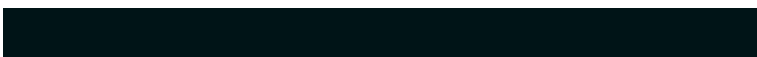
43, 45.459, 282.746



36, 3.164, 213.332



49, 29.457, 222.919



5, 6.607, 219.665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 66.246, 332.785



54, 90.207, 333.717



58, 46.393, 79.134



34, 5.967, 329.172



34, 69.768, 334.823



2, 12.036, 330.578

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 29.071, 216.689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 29.071, 216.689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

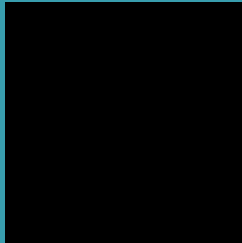
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 29.071, 216.689

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 29.071, 216.689.

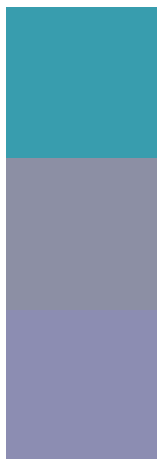


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 29.071, 216.689.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

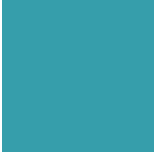
60, 29.071, 216.689

Protanopia

60, 11.905, 286.255

Deuteranopia

60, 20.941, 291.558



Tritanopia
60, 29.435, 211.660

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 29.071, 216.689

Protanomaly
59, 16.753, 241.365

Deuteranomaly
59, 20.409, 255.587

Tritanomaly
60, 29.300, 212.918

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 29.071, 216.689

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 13.187, 213.475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 29.071, 216.689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 157, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 157, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 157, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 157, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 29.071, 216.689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 157, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 157, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 157, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 157, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 157, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 157,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 29.071, 216.689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 157, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 157,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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