

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 29.332, 11.866)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(60, 29.332, 11.866) contains.

<b>CIELCh(60, 29.519, 12.022)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(60, 29.519, 12.022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C47D87
RGB	196, 125, 135
RGB Percent	77%, 49%, 53%
CMY	0.2317, 0.5100, 0.4708
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.31, 0.23
HSL	352°, 38%, 63%
HSV	352°, 36%, 77%
XYZ	34.4392, 28.1233, 26.5101
YIQ	147.3690, 39.1060, 18.1620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

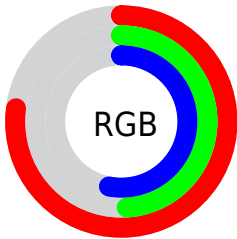
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 125, 135
Decimal	12877191
CIE Lab	60.00, 28.87, 6.15
CIE LCh	60, 29.519, 12.022
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3866, 0.3157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291067271 (0xFFC47D87)
YUV	147.3690, -6.0979, 42.6494
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 23.1148, 7.4833

# Details

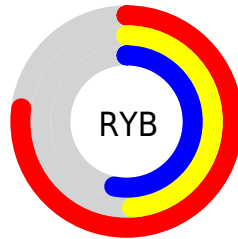
The CIELCh color **60, 29.519, 12.022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **74, 24.608, 184.760**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 29.649, 11.838**, and **40, 29.270, 12.659** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 38.417, 13.855**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 20.843, 10.556**.

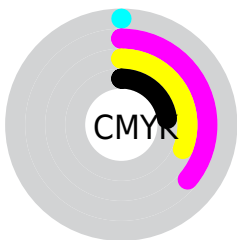
# Distribution



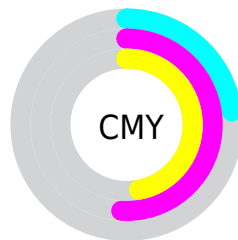
- Red (77%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 29.519, 12.022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 29.519, 12.022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



60, 29.519, 12.022

60, 29.519, 12.022

100, 29.519,  
12.022

50, 29.519, 12.022

80, 29.519, 12.022

40, 29.519, 12.022

90, 29.519, 12.022

30, 29.519, 12.022

20, 29.519, 12.022

10, 29.519, 12.022

0, 29.519, 12.022

60, 29.519, 12.022

60, 29.519, 12.022

55, 38.417, 13.855

65, 20.843, 10.556

51, 47.318, 16.165

70, 12.539, 9.349

■ 47, 55.920, 19.094

■ 76, 4.673, 8.292

■ 44, 63.910, 22.764

■ 81, 2.734, 187.761

■ 42, 71.062, 27.186

■ 87, 9.694, 186.912

■ 41, 77.246, 32.067

■ 92, 16.234,  
186.273

■ 41, 79.438, 33.742

■ 96, 19.484,  
194.828

■ 96, 19.336,  
198.229

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 29.519, 12.022



74, 24.608, 184.760

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 29.519, 12.022



60, 29.519, 62.022



60, 29.519, 192.022



60, 29.519, 242.022

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 29.517, 12.025



93, 10.367, 8.808



61, 44.918, 321.927



48, 6.995, 8.952



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 29.517, 12.025



72, 44.058, 13.347



66, 24.202, 54.878



38, 4.253, 8.620



33, 68.008, 32.959



3, 14.151, 11.761





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 29.517, 12.025



72, 44.058, 13.347



68, 19.861, 242.455



38, 4.253, 8.620



33, 68.008, 32.959



3, 14.151, 11.761



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 29.519, 12.022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 29.519, 12.022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

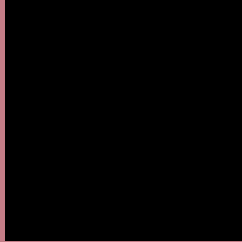
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 60, 29.519, 12.022**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 29.519, 12.022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 29.519, 12.022.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

60, 29.519, 12.022

### Protanopia

60, 1.636, 335.634

### Deuteranopia

60, 10.833, 44.633



**Tritanopia**  
60, 29.506, 13.098



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 29.519, 12.022

**Protanomaly**  
60, 11.515, 6.495

**Deuteranomaly**  
60, 16.928, 24.880

**Tritanomaly**  
60, 29.506, 13.098

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 29.519, 12.022

**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
60, 10.592, 8.263

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 29.519, 12.022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 125, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 125, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 125, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 125, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 29.519, 12.022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 125, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 125, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 125, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 125, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 125, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 125,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 29.519, 12.022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 125, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
125, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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