

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 29.409, 125.115)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIElCh(60, 29.409, 125.115)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 29.727, 125.028)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	829865
RGB	130, 152, 101
RGB Percent	51%, 60%, 40%
CMY	0.4904, 0.4041, 0.6041
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.34, 0.40
HSL	86°, 20%, 50%
HSV	86°, 34%, 60%
XYZ	22.7673, 28.1233, 16.5297
YIQ	139.6080, 3.2590, -20.5250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

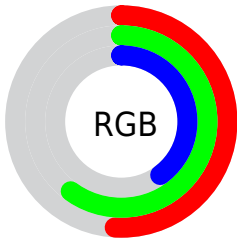
Format	Color
RYB	101, 152, 123
Decimal	8558693
CIELab	60.00, -17.06, 24.34
CIELCh	60, 29.727, 125.028
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3377, 0.4171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286748773 (0xFF829865)
YUV	139.6080, -19.0337, -8.4262
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -16.1718, 18.6416

Details

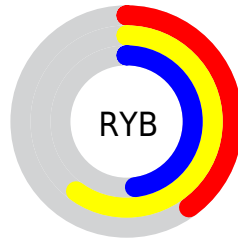
The CIELCh color $60, 29.727, 125.028$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $47, 31.367, 308.419$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 29.679, 124.461$, and $40, 29.872, 124.700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 38.303, 124.560$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 20.948, 125.522$.

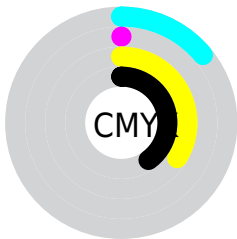
Distribution



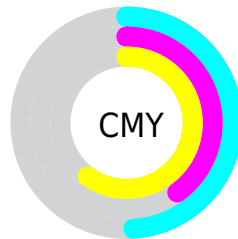
- Red (51%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 29.727, 125.028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 29.727, 125.028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 29.727,
125.028


 60, 29.727,
125.028


 100, 29.727,
125.028


 50, 29.727,
125.028


 80, 29.727,
125.028

 40, 29.727,
125.028

 90, 29.727,
125.028

 30, 29.727,
125.028

 20, 29.727,
125.028

 10, 29.727,
125.028

 0, 29.727, 125.028

 60, 29.727,

 60, 29.727,

125.028

■ 59, 38.303,
124.560

■ 59, 46.517,
124.154

■ 58, 54.149,
123.875

■ 58, 60.895,
123.812

■ 57, 66.387,
124.080

■ 57, 70.300,
124.787

■ 57, 72.323,
125.341

125.028

■ 61, 20.948,
125.522

■ 62, 12.067,
126.013

■ 62, 3.160, 126.501

■ 63, 5.721, 306.905

■ 64, 14.540,
307.323

■ 66, 23.268,
307.702

■ 67, 31.887,
308.047

■ 68, 40.384,
308.360

■ 69, 48.748,
308.642

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 29.727, 125.028



47, 31.367, 308.419

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 29.727, 125.028



60, 29.727, 175.028



60, 29.727, 305.028



60, 29.727, 355.028

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 29.728, 125.030



78, 10.962, 126.176



54, 18.050, 62.442



41, 7.539, 126.114



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 29.728, 125.030



75, 43.450, 124.686



58, 34.220, 140.115



32, 5.055, 126.223



52, 68.144, 125.225



3, 5.484, 126.979

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 31.367, 308.419



56, 46.458, 308.863



49, 34.390, 323.780



30, 5.131, 307.063



20, 80.940, 310.697



1, 5.467, 306.375

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 29.727, 125.028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 29.727, 125.028 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

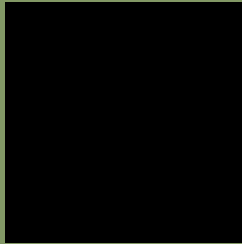
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 29.727, 125.028

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 29.727, 125.028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 29.727, 125.028.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 29.727, 125.028

Protanopia
60, 26.212, 95.678

Deuteranopia
60, 24.215, 71.366



Tritanopia
60, 7.205, 269.846

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 29.727, 125.028

Protanomaly
60, 26.657, 107.110

Deuteranomaly
60, 23.117, 93.491

Tritanomaly
60, 8.056, 148.462

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 29.727, 125.028

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 10.673, 126.543

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 29.727, 125.028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 152, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 152, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 152, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 152, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 29.727, 125.028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 152, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 152, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 152, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 152, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 152, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 152,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 29.727, 125.028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 152, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
152, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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