

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 30.321, 259.229)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 30.321, 259.229)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 30.148, 258.858)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C96C4
RGB	92, 150, 196
RGB Percent	36%, 59%, 77%
CMY	0.6387, 0.4113, 0.2309
CMYK	0.53, 0.23, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	207°, 47%, 57%
HSV	207°, 53%, 77%
XYZ	25.3295, 28.1233, 56.3926
YIQ	137.9020, -49.3340, 2.0100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

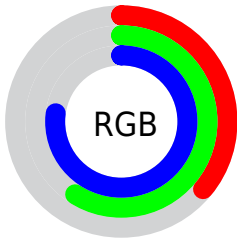
Format	Color
R _Y B	92, 129, 196
Decimal	6067908
CIE Lab	60.00, -5.83, -29.58
CIE LCh	60, 30.148, 258.858
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2306, 0.2560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284257988 (0xFF5C96C4)
YUV	137.9020, 28.6423, -40.2561
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -7.5479, -25.9258

Details

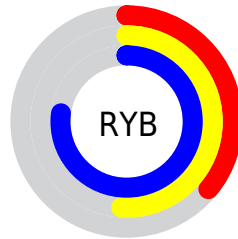
The CIELCh color **60, 30.148, 258.858** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **62, 37.365, 63.058**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 30.288, 258.933**, and **40, 30.246, 259.365** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 35.188, 262.042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 24.881, 256.185**.

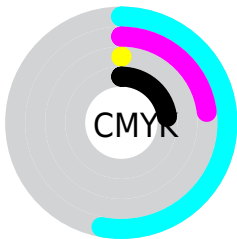
Distribution



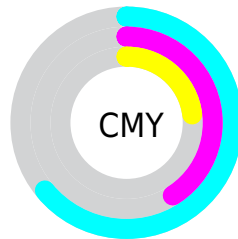
- Red (36%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 30.148, 258.858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 30.148, 258.858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 30.148,
258.858

■ 60, 30.148,
258.858

■ 100, 30.148,
258.858

■ 50, 30.148,
258.858

■ 80, 30.148,
258.858

■ 40, 30.148,
258.858

■ 90, 30.148,
258.858

■ 30, 30.148,
258.858

■ 20, 30.148,
258.858

■ 10, 30.148,
258.858

■ 0, 30.148, 258.858

■ 60, 30.148,

■ 60, 30.148,

258.858

258.858

■ 57, 35.188,
262.042

■ 63, 24.881,
256.185

■ 53, 40.039,
265.774

■ 67, 19.391,
253.963

■ 50, 44.775,
270.037

■ 71, 13.698,
252.123

■ 48, 49.514,
274.724

■ 74, 7.836, 250.608

■ 46, 52.918,
278.023

■ 78, 1.841, 249.496

■ 82, 4.254, 68.104

■ 86, 10.415, 67.252

■ 89, 16.617, 66.494

■ 92, 19.503, 77.125

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 30.148, 258.858



62, 37.365, 63.058

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 30.148, 258.858



60, 30.148, 308.858



60, 30.148, 78.858



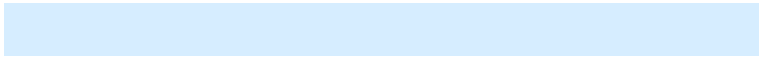
60, 30.148, 128.858

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 30.147, 258.858



93, 11.872, 251.063



72, 48.311, 154.736



48, 7.997, 251.375



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 30.147, 258.858



72, 44.060, 262.736



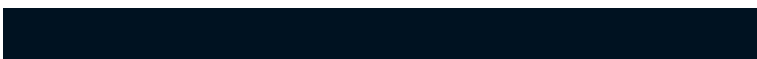
46, 57.422, 295.594



39, 3.391, 250.132



37, 45.043, 277.247



5, 12.048, 264.031

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 49.700, 345.968



64, 71.616, 347.819



75, 50.349, 101.970



38, 5.295, 341.364



35, 60.946, 356.225



3, 16.387, 348.849

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 30.148, 258.858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

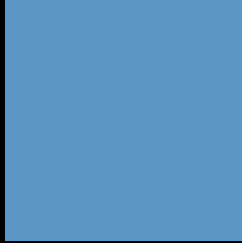
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 30.148, 258.858 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

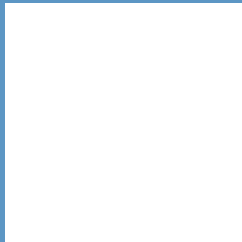
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 30.148, 258.858

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 30.148, 258.858.

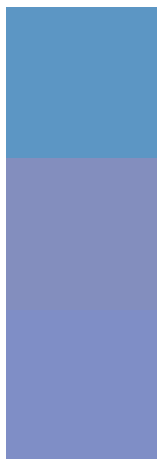


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 30.148, 258.858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 30.148, 258.858

Protanopia

60, 27.264, 285.553

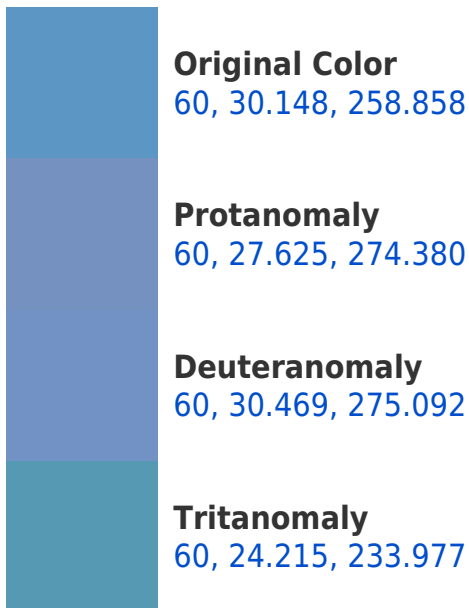
Deuteranopia

60, 31.832, 285.058

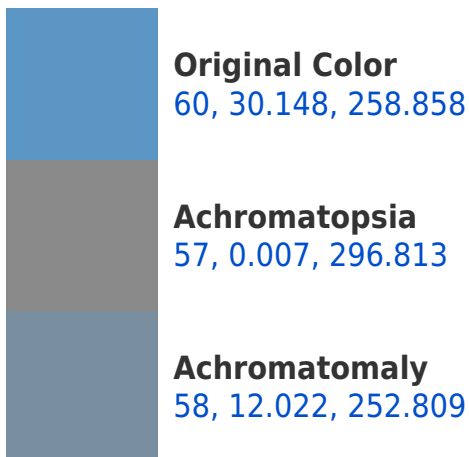


Tritanopia
60, 23.587, 215.869

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 30.148, 258.858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 150, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 150, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 150, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 150, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 30.148, 258.858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

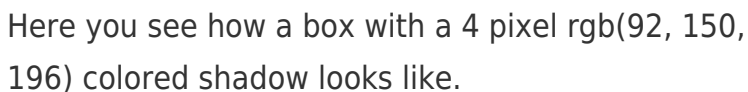
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 150, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 150, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 150, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 150, 196); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 150, 196); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 150, 196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 30.148, 258.858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 150, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 150,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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