

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 31.362, 332.057)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 31.362, 332.057)
contains.

CIELCh(60, 31.133, 331.969)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(60, 31.133, 331.969)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B580AB
RGB	181, 128, 171
RGB Percent	71%, 50%, 67%
CMY	0.2910, 0.4987, 0.3302
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.06, 0.29
HSL	311°, 26%, 61%
HSV	311°, 29%, 71%
XYZ	34.0377, 28.1233, 42.0668
YIQ	148.7490, 17.7850, 24.6090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

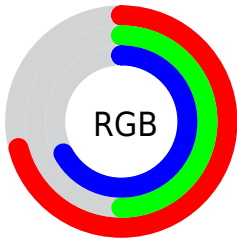
Format	Color
RYB	181, 128, 171
Decimal	11894955
CIELab	60.00, 27.48, -14.63
CIELCh	60, 31.133, 331.969
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3266, 0.2698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290085035 (0xFFB580AB)
YUV	148.7490, 10.9697, 28.2841
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 21.7633, -9.9093

Details

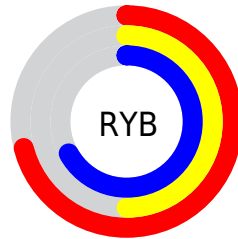
The CIELCh color $60, 31.133, 331.969$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $69, 31.012, 147.964$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 31.125, 331.904$, and $40, 31.104, 331.587$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 41.486, 332.639$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 20.502, 331.316$.

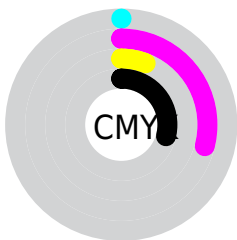
Distribution



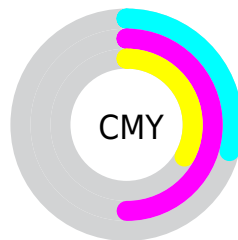
- Red (71%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (29%)





- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 31.133, 331.969 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 31.133, 331.969 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 31.133,
331.969


 60, 31.133,
331.969


 100, 31.133,
331.969


 50, 31.133,
331.969


 80, 31.133,
331.969

 40, 31.133,
331.969

 90, 31.133,
331.969


 30, 31.133,
331.969

 20, 31.133,
331.969

 10, 31.133,
331.969

 0, 31.133, 331.969

 60, 31.133,

 60, 31.133,

331.969

56, 41.486,
332.639

52, 51.244,
333.327

49, 59.996,
334.036

46, 67.275,
334.775

43, 72.643,
335.563

42, 75.813,
336.428

41, 77.045,
337.388

41, 77.114,
337.456

331.969

64, 20.502,
331.316

69, 9.834, 330.672

74, 0.720, 150.489

79, 11.061,
149.541

84, 21.133,
148.974

89, 30.912,
148.443

94, 40.390,
147.942

94, 39.392,
149.443

■ 94, 38.051,
151.116

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 31.133, 331.969



69, 31.012, 147.964

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 31.133, 331.969



60, 31.133, 21.969



60, 31.133, 151.969



60, 31.133, 201.969

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 31.131, 331.969



88, 11.753, 330.662



56, 30.631, 299.822



46, 8.168, 330.755



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 31.131, 331.969



73, 45.803, 332.388



59, 23.018, 357.968



35, 5.923, 330.673



34, 68.301, 337.311



2, 13.467, 333.007

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 31.131, 331.969



73, 45.803, 332.388



70, 21.239, 171.965



35, 5.923, 330.673



34, 68.301, 337.311



2, 13.467, 333.007

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 31.133, 331.969 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

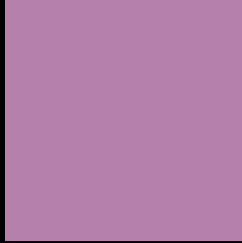
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 31.133, 331.969 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

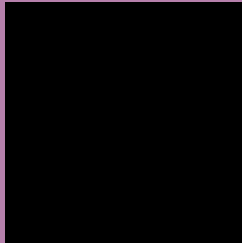
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 31.133, 331.969

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 31.133, 331.969.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 31.133, 331.969.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
60, 31.133, 331.969

Protanopia
60, 22.098, 286.409

Deuteranopia
60, 15.535, 301.317



Tritanopia
60, 18.454, 3.802

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 31.133, 331.969

Protanomaly
60, 23.929, 305.563

Deuteranomaly
60, 20.751, 317.405

Tritanomaly
60, 22.049, 347.858

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 31.133, 331.969

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 11.870, 331.266

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 31.133, 331.969 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 128, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 128, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 128, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 128, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 31.133, 331.969 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 128, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 128, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 128, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 128, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 128, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 128,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 31.133, 331.969 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 128, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
128, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor