

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 36.367, 238.121)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 36.367, 238.121)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 36.297, 237.567)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	069DC6
RGB	6, 157, 198
RGB Percent	2%, 62%, 78%
CMY	0.9777, 0.3854, 0.2246
CMYK	0.97, 0.21, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	193°, 94%, 40%
HSV	193°, 97%, 78%
XYZ	22.2427, 28.1233, 57.5118
YIQ	116.5250, -103.1570, -19.2610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

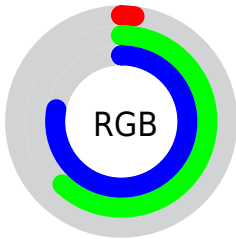
Format	Color
RYB	6, 91, 198
Decimal	433606
CIELab	60.00, -19.47, -30.64
CIELCh	60, 36.297, 237.567
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2062, 0.2607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278623686 (0xFF069DC6)
YUV	116.5250, 40.1672, -96.9304
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -17.9378, -27.1771

Details

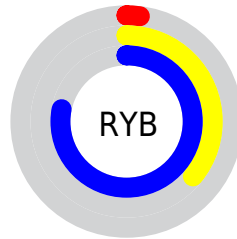
The CIELCh color **60, 36.297, 237.567** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **44, 79.608, 43.682**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 36.345, 237.285**, and **42, 30.195, 248.039** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 36.587, 238.704**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 35.209, 233.761**.

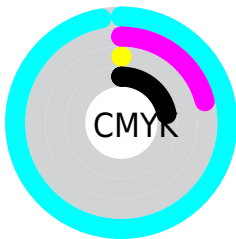
Distribution



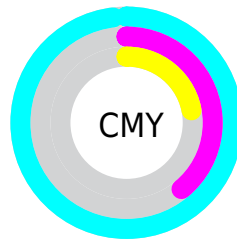
- Red (2%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (22%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 36.297, 237.567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 36.297, 237.567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 36.297,
237.567


 60, 36.297,
237.567


 100, 36.297,
237.567


 50, 36.297,
237.567


 80, 36.297,
237.567

 40, 36.297,
237.567

 90, 36.297,
237.567

 30, 36.297,
237.567

 20, 36.297,
237.567

 10, 36.297,
237.567

 0, 36.297, 237.567

 60, 36.297,

 60, 36.297,

237.567

237.567

■ 60, 36.587,
238.704

■ 61, 35.209,
233.761

■ 63, 33.584,
230.591

■ 65, 31.290,
228.040

■ 67, 28.285,
226.033

■ 69, 24.585,
224.481

■ 71, 20.250,
223.302

■ 73, 15.361,
222.426

■ 75, 10.005,
221.798

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 36.297, 237.567



44, 79.608, 43.682

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 36.297, 237.567



60, 36.297, 287.567



60, 36.297, 57.567



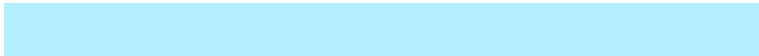
60, 36.297, 107.567

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 36.296, 237.567



91, 20.032, 222.606



70, 91.920, 138.881



47, 13.526, 222.978



0, 0.000, 0.000



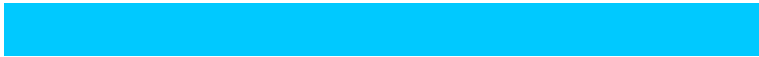
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 36.296, 237.567



75, 44.411, 239.403



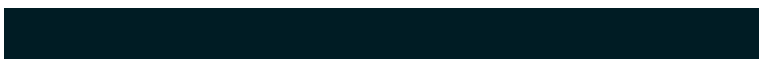
33, 82.804, 297.624



41, 3.400, 221.469



50, 31.669, 238.063



9, 11.137, 228.709

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 80.639, 338.711



58, 97.682, 339.253



62, 67.662, 79.278



39, 6.364, 331.560



37, 70.270, 338.864



4, 22.180, 335.699

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 36.297, 237.567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

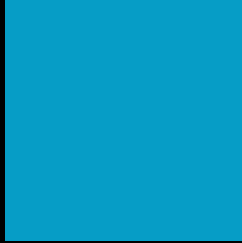
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 36.297, 237.567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

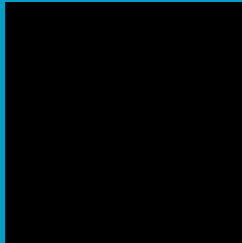
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 36.297, 237.567

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 36.297, 237.567.

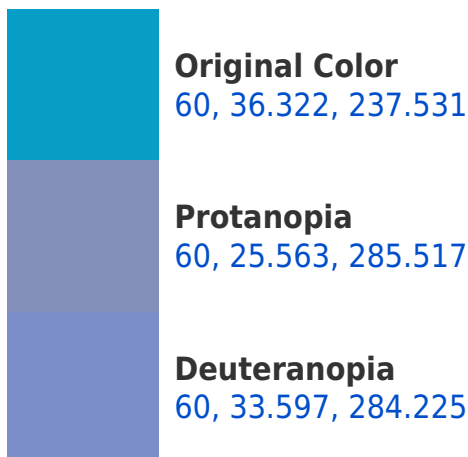


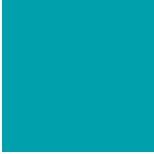
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 36.297, 237.567.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 34.159, 208.238

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 36.322, 237.531



Protanomaly
59, 29.701, 256.382



Deuteranomaly
59, 34.094, 261.262



Tritanomaly
60, 33.969, 218.624

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 36.322, 237.531



Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
52, 19.559, 224.567

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 36.297, 237.567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 157, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 157, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 157, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 157, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 36.297, 237.567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 157, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 157, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 157, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 157, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 157, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 157,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 36.297, 237.567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 157, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 157,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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