

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 36.462, 349.565)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 36.462, 349.565)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 36.420, 349.477)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7789D
RGB	199, 120, 157
RGB Percent	78%, 47%, 62%
CMY	0.2185, 0.5283, 0.3832
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.21, 0.22
HSL	332°, 41%, 63%
HSV	332°, 40%, 78%
XYZ	36.4889, 28.1233, 35.5253
YIQ	147.8390, 35.2070, 28.2550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

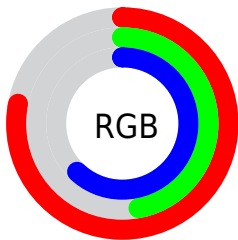
Format	Color
R _Y B	199, 120, 157
Decimal	13072541
CIE Lab	60.00, 35.81, -6.65
CIE LCh	60, 36.420, 349.477
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3644, 0.2808
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291262621 (0xFFC7789D)
YUV	147.8390, 4.5164, 44.8682
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 30.0139, -2.5959

Details

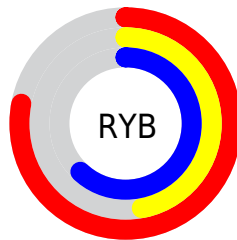
The CIELCh color $60, 36.420, 349.477$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC6699$. A complement of this color would be $75, 34.450, 161.445$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 35.649, 348.487$, and $40, 36.512, 349.059$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 45.250, 350.932$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 27.201, 348.239$.

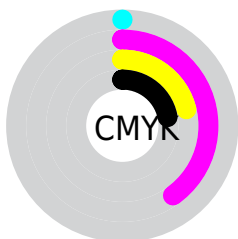
Distribution



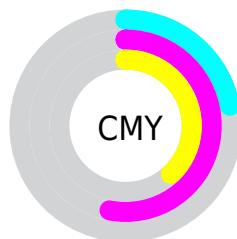
- Red (78%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (22%)





- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 36.420, 349.477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 36.420, 349.477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 36.420,
349.477


 60, 36.420,
349.477

 100, 36.420,
349.477

 50, 36.420,
349.477


 80, 36.420,
349.477

 40, 36.420,
349.477

 90, 36.420,
349.477


 30, 36.420,
349.477

 20, 36.420,
349.477

 10, 36.420,
349.477

 0, 36.420, 349.477

 60, 36.420,

 60, 36.420,

349.477

349.477

56, 45.250,
350.932

65, 27.201,
348.239

52, 53.304,
352.680

70, 17.893,
347.155

48, 60.116,
354.834

75, 8.685, 346.179

46, 65.243,
357.544

81, 0.303, 166.744

86, 9.011, 164.644

44, 68.443, 0.977

92, 17.410,
163.914

43, 70.086, 5.161

96, 22.796,

43, 70.143, 5.310

166.003

96, 20.045,
178.770

96, 18.470,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 36.420, 349.477



75, 34.450, 161.445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 36.420, 349.477



60, 36.420, 39.477



60, 36.420, 169.477



60, 36.420, 219.477

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 36.417, 349.478



92, 13.235, 346.419



57, 47.060, 311.580



48, 8.793, 346.546



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 36.417, 349.478



71, 53.499, 350.783



59, 33.091, 24.369



39, 5.094, 346.153



35, 60.502, 4.571



4, 17.565, 354.904

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 36.417, 349.478



71, 53.499, 350.783



75, 24.947, 199.216



39, 5.094, 346.153



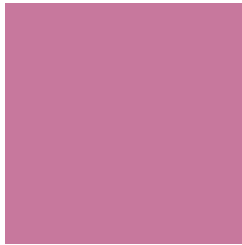
35, 60.502, 4.571



4, 17.565, 354.904

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 36.420, 349.477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

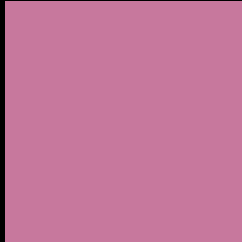
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 36.420, 349.477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

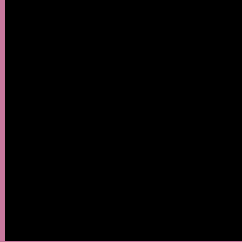
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 36.420, 349.477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 36.420, 349.477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 36.420, 349.477.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 29.917, 13.288

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 36.420, 349.477

Protanomaly
60, 20.603, 320.020

Deuteranomaly
60, 19.218, 341.398

Tritanomaly
60, 31.727, 3.828

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 36.420, 349.477

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 13.489, 348.068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 36.420, 349.477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 120, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 120, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 120, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 120, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 36.420, 349.477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 120, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 120, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 120, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 120, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 120, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 120,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 36.420, 349.477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 120, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
120, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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