

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 37.263, 93.405)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 37.263, 93.405) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 37.299, 93.369)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2904E
RGB	162, 144, 78
RGB Percent	64%, 56%, 31%
CMY	0.3652, 0.4358, 0.6946
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.52, 0.37
HSL	47°, 35%, 47%
HSV	47°, 52%, 63%
XYZ	26.1974, 28.1233, 11.2325
YIQ	141.8580, 31.9140, -16.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

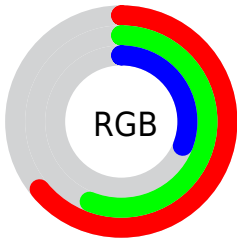
Format	Color
RYB	101, 162, 78
Decimal	10653774
CIELab	60.00, -2.19, 37.23
CIELCh	60, 37.299, 93.369
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3996, 0.4290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288843854 (0xFFA2904E)
YUV	141.8580, -31.4820, 17.6645
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -4.6265, 24.5639

Details

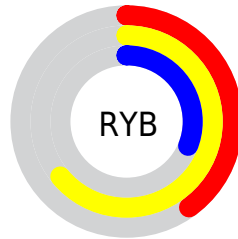
The CIELCh color **60, 37.299, 93.369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **42, 39.900, 288.218**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 37.190, 93.929**, and **40, 37.292, 93.576** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 44.055, 92.114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 30.222, 94.612**.

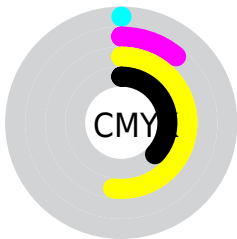
Distribution



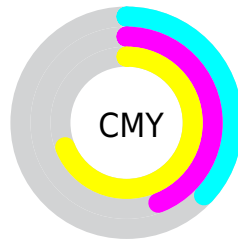
- Red (64%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 37.299, 93.369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 37.299, 93.369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 37.299, 93.369

60, 37.299, 93.369

100, 37.299,
93.369

50, 37.299, 93.369

80, 37.299, 93.369

40, 37.299, 93.369

90, 37.299, 93.369

30, 37.299, 93.369

20, 37.299, 93.369

10, 37.299, 93.369

0, 37.299, 93.369

60, 37.299, 93.369

60, 37.299, 93.369

59, 44.055, 92.114

61, 30.222, 94.612

58, 50.190, 90.830

62, 23.003, 95.831

■ 57, 55.256, 89.494

■ 64, 15.748, 97.025

■ 56, 58.702, 88.054

■ 65, 8.515, 98.183

■ 55, 60.508, 86.818

■ 66, 1.338, 99.225

■ 68, 5.769, 280.444

■ 69, 12.799,
281.476

■ 71, 19.748,
282.471

■ 72, 26.618,
283.420

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 37.299, 93.369



42, 39.900, 288.218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 37.299, 93.369



60, 37.299, 143.369



60, 37.299, 273.369



60, 37.299, 323.369

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 37.300, 93.373



82, 14.290, 97.677



44, 37.106, 9.145



43, 9.733, 97.450



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 37.300, 93.373



75, 54.802, 91.949



63, 46.007, 118.246



34, 4.074, 98.478



50, 55.964, 86.986



4, 6.003, 96.271

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 39.900, 288.218



49, 60.423, 291.112



39, 51.656, 305.205



32, 4.116, 280.655



20, 74.486, 301.428



1, 6.478, 280.762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 37.299, 93.369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

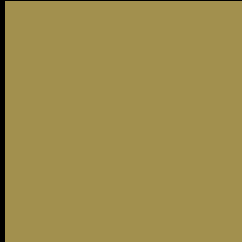
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 37.299, 93.369 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

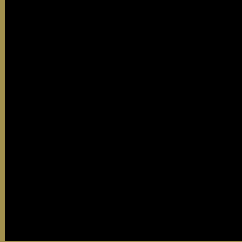
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 37.299, 93.369

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 37.299, 93.369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 37.299, 93.369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 37.299, 93.369

Protanopia

60, 37.381, 96.204

Deuteranopia

60, 37.764, 78.200



Tritanopia
60, 14.055, 354.841

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 37.299, 93.369

Protanomaly
60, 37.469, 95.523

Deuteranomaly
60, 36.920, 83.759

Tritanomaly
60, 14.934, 59.717

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 37.299, 93.369

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 13.725, 98.139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 37.299, 93.369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 144, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 144, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 144, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 144, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 37.299, 93.369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 144, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 144, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 144, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 144, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 144, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 144,  
78) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 37.299, 93.369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 144, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
144, 78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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