

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 39.998, 336.505)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(60, 39.998, 336.505)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(60, 40.240, 336.843)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C378AD
RGB	195, 120, 173
RGB Percent	76%, 47%, 68%
CMY	0.2346, 0.5287, 0.3209
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.11, 0.23
HSL	318°, 39%, 62%
HSV	318°, 38%, 77%
XYZ	36.8486, 28.1233, 43.1093
YIQ	148.4670, 27.6870, 32.3830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

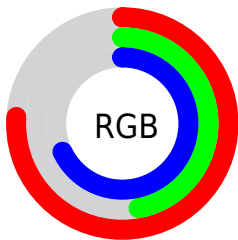
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	195, 120, 173
Decimal	12810413
CIELab	60.00, 37.00, -15.82
CIELCh	60, 40.240, 336.843
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3409, 0.2602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291000493 (0xFFC378AD)
YUV	148.4670, 12.0948, 40.8094
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 31.2249, -11.0749

# Details

The CIELCh color  $60, 40.240, 336.843$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC6699$ . A complement of this color would be  $73, 39.813, 150.737$ , and the grayscale version is  $62, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $80, 39.889, 337.301$ , and  $40, 40.551, 336.639$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $56, 50.023, 337.714$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $65, 29.905, 336.036$ .

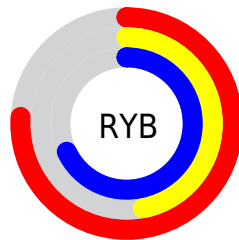
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (47%)

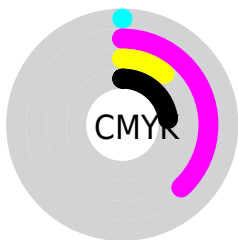
Blue (68%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (68%)

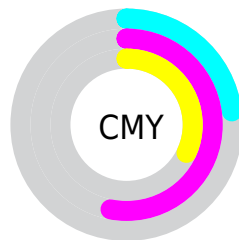


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 40.240, 336.843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 40.240, 336.843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 60, 40.240,  
336.843

 60, 40.240,  
336.843

 100, 40.240,  
336.843


 50, 40.240,  
336.843


 80, 40.240,  
336.843

 40, 40.240,  
336.843

 90, 40.240,  
336.843

 30, 40.240,  
336.843

 20, 40.240,  
336.843

 10, 40.240,  
336.843

 0, 40.240, 336.843

 60, 40.240,

 60, 40.240,

336.843

336.843

56, 50.023,  
337.714

65, 29.905,  
336.036

52, 58.839,  
338.668

69, 19.348,  
335.278

49, 66.189,  
339.740

75, 8.794, 334.550

46, 71.587,  
340.976

80, 1.612, 154.126

45, 74.702,  
342.444

85, 11.781,  
153.321

44, 75.663,  
344.195

90, 21.666,  
152.715

43, 75.753,  
344.481

95, 30.177,  
152.546

95, 28.046,  
156.571

■ 95, 26.051,  
161.206

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 40.240, 336.843



73, 39.813, 150.737

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 40.240, 336.843



60, 40.240, 26.843



60, 40.240, 156.843



60, 40.240, 206.843

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 40.237, 336.844



92, 15.595, 334.823



55, 43.757, 304.002



48, 10.353, 334.919



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 40.237, 336.844



73, 59.210, 337.561



59, 31.598, 6.643



38, 5.883, 334.618



35, 65.751, 344.177



4, 18.365, 339.838



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 40.237, 336.844



73, 59.210, 337.561



74, 27.085, 178.270



38, 5.883, 334.618



35, 65.751, 344.177



4, 18.365, 339.838



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 40.240, 336.843 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

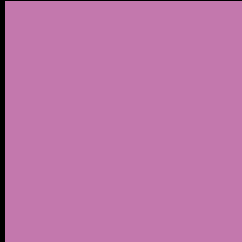
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 40.240, 336.843 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

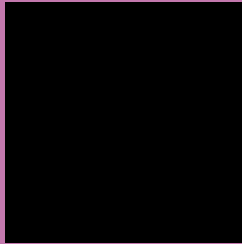
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 60, 40.240, 336.843

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 40.240, 336.843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 40.240, 336.843.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
60, 26.598, 10.405

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 40.240, 336.843



**Protanomaly**  
60, 28.290, 308.211



**Deuteranomaly**  
60, 24.590, 321.053



**Tritanomaly**  
60, 29.995, 355.322

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
60, 40.240, 336.843



**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
61, 14.917, 335.224

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 40.240, 336.843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 120, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 120, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 120, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 120, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 40.240, 336.843 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 120, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 120, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 120, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 120, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 120, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 120,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 40.240, 336.843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 120, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
120, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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