

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 4.951, 234.029)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 4.951, 234.029) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 4.951, 234.029)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	879297
RGB	135, 146, 151
RGB Percent	53%, 57%, 59%
CMY	0.4689, 0.4258, 0.4062
CMYK	0.11, 0.03, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	199°, 7%, 56%
HSV	199°, 11%, 59%
XYZ	26.0248, 28.1233, 33.5174
YIQ	143.2810, -8.1610, -0.7770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

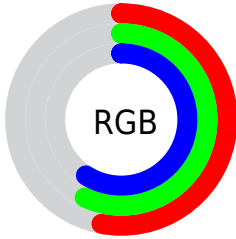
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 142, 151
Decimal	8884887
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, -2.91, -4.01
CIE _{LCh}	60, 4.951, 234.029
Yxy	28.1233, 0.2969, 0.3208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287074967 (0xFF879297)
YUV	143.2810, 3.8055, -7.2624
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, -5.2074, -0.3510

Details

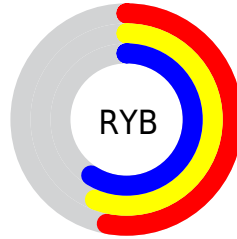
The CIELCh color $60, 4.951, 234.029$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 5.226, 52.295$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 4.996, 231.522$, and $40, 4.976, 228.412$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 9.428, 234.975$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 0.276, 234.604$.

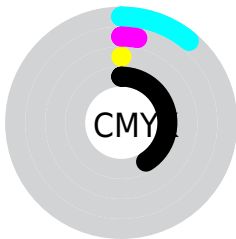
Distribution



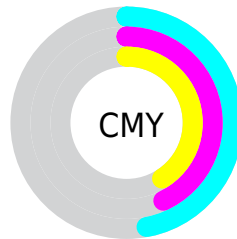
- Red (53%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 4.951, 234.029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 4.951, 234.029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60, 4.951, 234.029

■ 60, 4.951, 234.029

■ 100, 4.951,
234.029

■ 50, 4.951, 234.029

■ 80, 4.951, 234.029

■ 40, 4.951, 234.029

■ 90, 4.951, 234.029

■ 30, 4.951, 234.029

■ 20, 4.951, 234.029

■ 10, 4.951, 234.029

■ 0, 4.951, 234.029

■ 60, 4.951, 234.029

■ 60, 4.951, 234.029

■ 58, 9.428, 234.975

■ 62, 0.276, 234.604

■ 55, 13.658,

■ 65, 4.554, 52.403

236.222

68, 9.499, 51.940

53, 17.588,
237.794

70, 14.528, 51.547

51, 21.171,
239.765

73, 19.615, 51.226

49, 24.369,
242.215

75, 24.736, 50.966

47, 27.167,
245.228

78, 29.876, 50.756

45, 29.587,
248.870

81, 34.446, 51.092

43, 31.701,
253.161

41, 33.599,
257.520

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 4.951, 234.029



59, 5.226, 52.295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 4.951, 234.029



60, 4.951, 284.029



60, 4.951, 54.029



60, 4.951, 104.029

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 4.951, 234.011



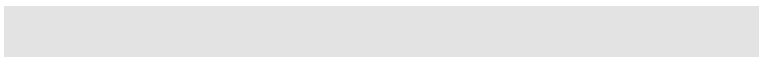
78, 1.763, 233.591



61, 8.889, 153.588



41, 1.345, 233.594



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 4.951, 234.011



75, 7.483, 234.242



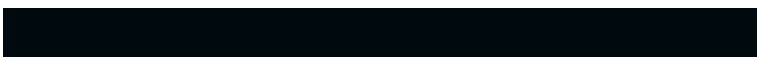
58, 7.363, 281.660



31, 2.676, 233.905



38, 31.664, 257.141



2, 2.944, 234.537

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 8.858, 335.473



73, 13.489, 335.668



61, 7.274, 99.218



30, 4.771, 335.376



31, 58.956, 345.294



1, 5.076, 335.265

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 4.951, 234.029 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 4.951, 234.029 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

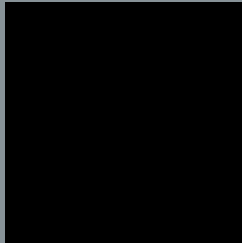
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

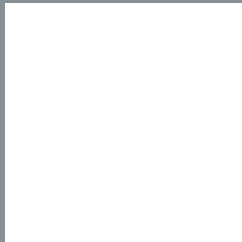
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 4.951, 234.029

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 4.951, 234.029.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 4.951, 234.029.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

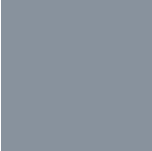
60, 4.951, 234.029

Protanopia

60, 3.421, 296.989

Deuteranopia

60, 9.380, 328.839



Tritanopia
60, 7.150, 259.775

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 4.951, 234.029

Protanomaly
60, 3.558, 271.917

Deuteranomaly
60, 6.134, 312.730

Tritanomaly
60, 6.226, 254.119

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 4.951, 234.029

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 1.891, 236.232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 4.951, 234.029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 146, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 146, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 146, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 146, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 4.951, 234.029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 146, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 146, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 146, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 146, 151); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 146, 151); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 146, 151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 4.951, 234.029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 146, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
146, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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