

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 43.116, 84.789)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 43.116, 84.789) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 43.116, 84.789)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD8C43
RGB	173, 140, 67
RGB Percent	68%, 55%, 26%
CMY	0.3208, 0.4503, 0.7366
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.61, 0.32
HSL	41°, 44%, 47%
HSV	41°, 61%, 68%
XYZ	27.7005, 28.1233, 9.3057
YIQ	141.5450, 43.1010, -15.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

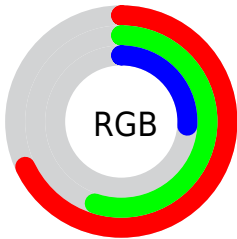
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 173, 67
Decimal	11373635
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 3.92, 42.94
CIE _{LCh}	60, 43.116, 84.789
Yxy	28.1233, 0.4253, 0.4318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289563715 (0xFFAD8C43)
YUV	141.5450, -36.7507, 27.5860
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 0.4328, 26.7181

Details

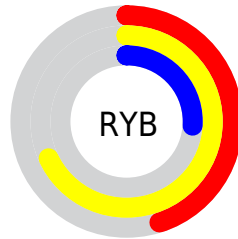
The CIELCh color $60, 43.116, 84.789$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9966`. A complement of this color would be $43, 44.132, 284.760$, and the grayscale version is $59, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $80, 42.824, 84.368$, and $40, 43.319, 84.358$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 49.684, 83.292$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 36.113, 86.214$.

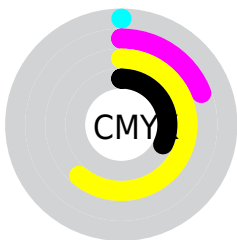
Distribution



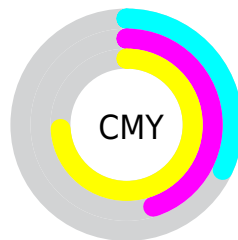
- Red (68%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 43.116, 84.789 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 43.116, 84.789 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 43.116, 84.789

60, 43.116, 84.789

100, 43.116,
84.789

50, 43.116, 84.789

80, 43.116, 84.789

40, 43.116, 84.789

90, 43.116, 84.789

30, 43.116, 84.789

20, 43.116, 84.789

10, 43.116, 84.789

0, 43.116, 84.789

60, 43.116, 84.789

60, 43.116, 84.789

58, 49.684, 83.292

62, 36.113, 86.214

57, 55.359, 81.648

63, 28.949, 87.586

■ 55, 59.498, 79.741

■ 65, 21.777, 88.918

■ 54, 61.895, 77.851

■ 67, 14.676, 90.211

■ 69, 7.685, 91.456

■ 71, 0.818, 92.448

■ 72, 5.921, 273.898

■ 74, 12.536,
274.999

■ 76, 19.035,
276.060

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 43.116, 84.789



43, 44.132, 284.760

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 43.116, 84.789



60, 43.116, 134.789



60, 43.116, 264.789



60, 43.116, 314.789

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 43.116, 84.793



85, 15.330, 90.578



44, 46.517, 3.841



44, 10.667, 90.220



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 43.116, 84.793



74, 62.535, 82.809



67, 55.322, 113.391



36, 3.875, 91.686



47, 55.828, 78.177



5, 7.430, 85.162

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 44.132, 284.760



49, 66.024, 288.852



36, 65.103, 303.655



34, 3.883, 274.053



24, 67.142, 297.205



2, 8.669, 276.966

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 43.116, 84.789 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

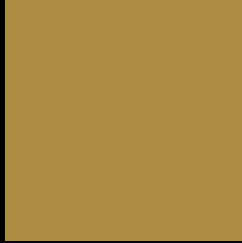
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 60, 43.116, 84.789 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

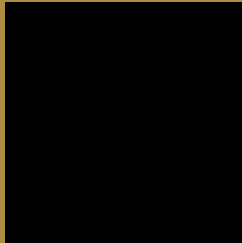
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 43.116, 84.789

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 43.116, 84.789.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 43.116, 84.789.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60, 43.116, 84.789

Protanopia

60, 41.958, 96.016

Deuteranopia

60, 43.439, 79.749



Tritanopia
60, 19.651, 5.069

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 43.116, 84.789

Protanomaly
60, 42.266, 91.608

Deuteranomaly
60, 43.204, 81.615

Tritanomaly
60, 21.519, 51.999

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 43.116, 84.789

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 15.512, 89.433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 43.116, 84.789 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 140, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 140, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 140, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 140, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 43.116, 84.789 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 140, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 140, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 140, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 140, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 140, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 140,  
67) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 43.116, 84.789 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 140, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
140, 67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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