

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 47.032, 352.808)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 47.032, 352.808)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(60, 47.014, 353.106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D86E9C
RGB	216, 110, 156
RGB Percent	85%, 43%, 61%
CMY	0.1532, 0.5689, 0.3885
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.28, 0.15
HSL	334°, 58%, 64%
HSV	334°, 49%, 85%
XYZ	39.8611, 28.1233, 34.7507
YIQ	146.9380, 48.4100, 36.7780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

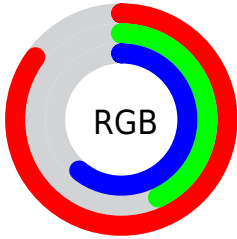
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 110, 156
Decimal	14184092
CIE Lab	60.00, 46.67, -5.64
CIE LCh	60, 47.014, 353.106
Yxy	28.1233, 0.3880, 0.2737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292374172 (0xFFD86E9C)
YUV	146.9380, 4.4676, 60.5674
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 41.3647, -1.7298

Details

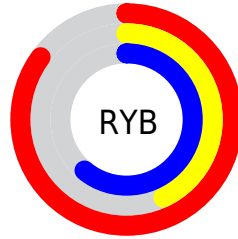
The CIELCh color **60, 47.014, 353.106** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **79, 43.457, 162.084**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 40.906, 346.826**, and **40, 46.977, 352.836** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 55.614, 354.975**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 37.646, 351.567**.

Distribution



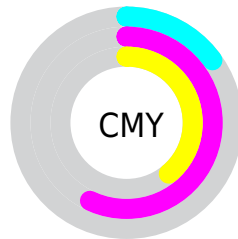
- Red (85%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (15%)





- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 47.014, 353.106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 47.014, 353.106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 60, 47.014,
353.106


 60, 47.014,
353.106


 100, 47.014,
353.106


 50, 47.014,
353.106


 80, 47.014,
353.106

 40, 47.014,
353.106

 90, 47.014,
353.106

 30, 47.014,
353.106

 20, 47.014,
353.106

 10, 47.014,
353.106

 0, 47.014, 353.106

 60, 47.014,

 60, 47.014,

353.106

■ 56, 55.614,
354.975

■ 52, 62.968,
357.294

■ 49, 68.611, 0.225

■ 47, 72.297, 3.946

■ 46, 74.351, 8.505

■ 46, 74.533, 8.934

353.106

■ 65, 37.646,
351.567

■ 70, 27.929,
350.264

■ 75, 18.159,
349.134

■ 81, 8.531, 348.121

■ 87, 0.838, 167.838

■ 93, 9.890, 166.549

■ 97, 15.221,
171.456

■ 97, 13.178,
195.746

■ 97, 13.115,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 47.014, 353.106



79, 43.457, 162.084

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 47.014, 353.106



60, 47.014, 43.106



60, 47.014, 173.106



60, 47.014, 223.106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 47.011, 353.107



90, 16.255, 348.725



57, 62.689, 313.110



47, 11.120, 348.944



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 47.011, 353.107



65, 63.483, 355.073



60, 43.950, 28.180



42, 5.297, 348.153



36, 62.559, 8.053



5, 22.957, 358.575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 47.011, 353.107



65, 63.483, 355.073



79, 30.323, 202.725



42, 5.297, 348.153



36, 62.559, 8.053



5, 22.957, 358.575

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 47.014, 353.106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

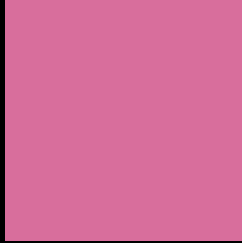
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 47.014, 353.106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

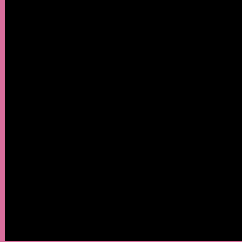
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 47.014, 353.106

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 47.014, 353.106.

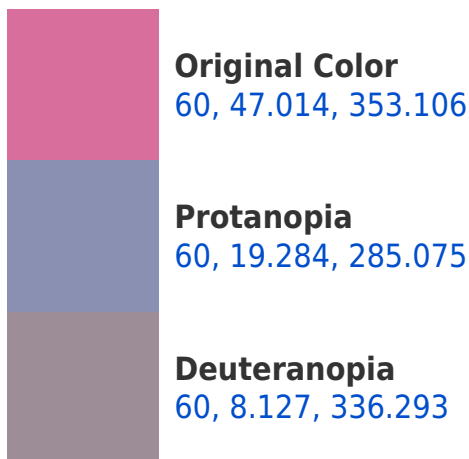


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 47.014, 353.106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 40.713, 18.180

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 47.014, 353.106

Protanomaly
59, 24.966, 322.621

Deuteranomaly
60, 22.675, 347.271

Tritanomaly
60, 41.843, 7.995

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 47.014, 353.106

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 17.392, 350.213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 47.014, 353.106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 110, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 110, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 110, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 110, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 47.014, 353.106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 110, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 110, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 110, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 110, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 110, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 110,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 47.014, 353.106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 110, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
110, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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