

Converting Colors

CIELCh(60, 47.508, 40.287)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(60, 47.508, 40.287) contains.

CIELCh(60, 47.451, 39.893)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(60, 47.451, 39.893)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8755D
RGB	216, 117, 93
RGB Percent	85%, 46%, 36%
CMY	0.1528, 0.5410, 0.6352
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.57, 0.15
HSL	12°, 61%, 61%
HSV	12°, 57%, 85%
XYZ	36.6696, 28.1233, 13.8575
YIQ	143.8650, 66.7080, 13.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

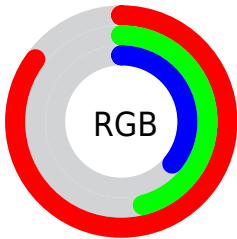
Format	Color
R_{YB}	216, 123, 93
Decimal	14185821
CIE _{Lab}	60.00, 36.41, 30.43
CIE _{LCh}	60, 47.451, 39.893
Yxy	28.1233, 0.4662, 0.3576
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292375901 (0xFFD8755D)
YUV	143.8650, -25.0764, 63.2624
Hunter-Lab	53.0314, 30.6223, 21.6291

Details

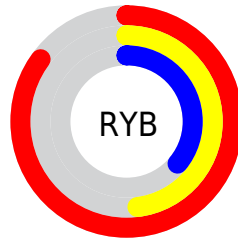
The CIELCh color **60, 47.451, 39.893** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **73, 30.397, 223.207**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 38.410, 43.625**, and **40, 47.750, 39.967** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 57.749, 40.756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 37.627, 39.278**.

Distribution



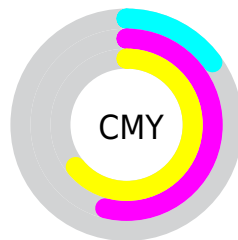
- Red (85%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 60, 47.451, 39.893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 60, 47.451, 39.893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60, 47.451, 39.893

60, 47.451, 39.893

100, 47.451,
39.893

50, 47.451, 39.893

80, 47.451, 39.893

40, 47.451, 39.893

90, 47.451, 39.893

30, 47.451, 39.893

20, 47.451, 39.893

10, 47.451, 39.893

0, 47.451, 39.893

60, 47.451, 39.893

60, 47.451, 39.893

56, 57.749, 40.756

64, 37.627, 39.278

53, 68.205, 41.789

69, 28.423, 38.890

■ 50, 78.089, 42.732

■ 73, 19.879, 38.696

■ 48, 85.930, 42.987

■ 78, 11.988, 38.652

■ 47, 88.032, 43.111

■ 83, 4.712, 38.676

■ 88, 2.001, 219.277

■ 93, 8.208, 219.317

■ 97, 13.082,
198.632

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 47.451, 39.893



73, 30.397, 223.207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 47.451, 39.893



60, 47.451, 89.893



60, 47.451, 219.893



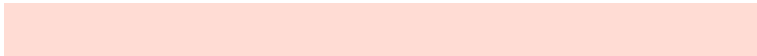
60, 47.451, 269.893

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 47.449, 39.897



90, 13.776, 38.652



58, 67.180, 333.699



47, 9.293, 38.652



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 47.449, 39.897



65, 67.468, 40.924



74, 47.893, 84.855



42, 3.867, 38.675



37, 73.516, 43.495



6, 19.469, 30.437

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 30.397, 223.207



82, 38.550, 225.381



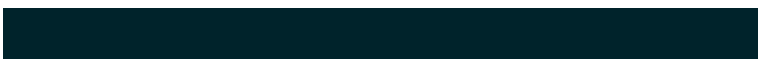
56, 48.573, 283.412



44, 3.646, 219.259



53, 32.458, 234.268



12, 12.649, 226.535

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 47.451, 39.893 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 60, 47.451, 39.893 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 60, 47.451, 39.893

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 47.451, 39.893.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 60, 47.451, 39.893.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
60, 44.191, 19.206

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 47.451, 39.893

Protanomaly
60, 27.823, 64.742

Deuteranomaly
60, 36.428, 59.421

Tritanomaly
60, 44.637, 26.703

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 47.451, 39.893

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 15.967, 39.182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 60, 47.451, 39.893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 117, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 117, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 117, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 117, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 60, 47.451, 39.893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 117, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 117, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 117, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 117, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 117, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 117,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 60, 47.451, 39.893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 117, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
117, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor